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Item No. 6
Transportation Standing Committee of Council
December 8, 2016

TO: Chair and Members of Transportation Standing Committee

Original Signed

SUBMITTED BY:

Dave Reage, MCIP, LPP, Director, Halifax Transit

Original Signed

SUBMITTED BY:

Bruce Zvaniga, P.Eng. Director, Transportation & Public Works

DATE: October 11, 2016

SUBJECT: Responsibility for Transit Priority Measures

INFORMATION REPORT

ORIGIN

At the June 14, 2016 meeting of the Transportation Standing Committee, the following motion was approved:

That the Transportation Standing Committee request a staff report outlining a) The possible transfer of responsibility for Transit Priority Measures (TPM) funding from Halifax Transit to Transportation & Public Works b) A plan to implement the full list of proposed TPM's listed in the Staff Report dated April 18, 2016 during the 2017/18 fiscal year And that this report shall be returned to the committee in sufficient time that it may be considered as a proposal for possible inclusion in the 2017/18 capital budget.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Section 69(1) of the Halifax Regional Municipality Charter provides the legislative authority for the municipality to provide a public transportation service. Section 79(1)(o) provides the authority for Council to expend money required by the municipality for public transportation services.

BACKGROUND

Transit Priority Measures (TPMs) are interventions that provide transit vehicles with a competitive time advantage over private vehicles. TPMs can be physical, or policy related, obvious, or subtle, but all work to increase the reliability of transit vehicles by reducing the impact of traffic congestion on transit.

Evaluating and recommending Transit Priority Measures that will have the greatest benefit on the regional transportation system and mobility patterns is carried out jointly by Halifax Transit and Planning and Development Services. Implementing measures is then carried out by either Halifax Transit or Transportation and Public Works as discussed below.

There are a number of TPMs currently in place in Halifax. The majority of the existing TPMs were installed as part of the MetroLink service launch in 2005/2006, and are located on Windmill Road or Portland Street. Other examples of TPMs include the bus only lane entering the Bridge Terminal on Wyse Road, and the entrance to the Fairview Overpass at the end of Main Avenue that can only be utilized by buses. In 2015, a *Transit Priority Measures Study* (Attachment A) was completed, and brought forward to the Transportation Standing Committee in a staff report dated April 18, 2016. The purpose of this study was to develop evaluation criteria for assessing TPMs, and evaluate a short roster of 13 TPMs against the criteria to determine the costs and benefits.

DISCUSSION

a) The possible transfer of responsibility for Transit Priority Measures (TPM) funding from Halifax Transit to Transportation & Public Works

TPMs can vary widely, in physical appearance, cost, and benefits to different road users. In addition to increasing the reliability for transit vehicles, some interventions, such as queue jump lanes, can generally improve the flow of traffic and also provide a measurable benefit for private vehicles. As such, TPMs could be funded as Halifax Transit projects, or as part of roadway or signalization improvements under Transportation & Public Works.

In the past, funding for TPM related initiatives in the municipality has come from a number of sources, based on relationships to other initiatives, and available funds. For example, the *Transit Priority Measures Study* (Attachment A) completed in 2015 was funded by the Planning & Development business unit, with cost sharing by the Province of Nova Scotia's Connect2 program. However, the initial funding for implementation of the measures identified in that study was contained in the 2016/17 Halifax Transit budget. The decision to fund TPM implementation from the Halifax Transit budget was largely due to budget availability, to ensure that the implementation could commence in a timely manner. Implementation of the TPMs is a shared responsibility between Halifax Transit and Transportation & Public Works, as expertise in transit, traffic management, engineering, street design, and construction are all critical components.

It is important to maintain flexibility in the funding source for TPMs. This can allow TPMs to be integrated into initiatives throughout municipal business units. In addition, the TPMs scheduled for implementation in 2016/17 are relatively minor, but it is anticipated that more significant measures will be proposed through the Integrated Mobility Plan and other strategic planning initiatives in the future. The flexibility to fund more significant and costly projects through multiple budgets or reserve accounts may be essential to allow the projects to proceed, and/or permit the flexibility to leverage other sources of funding.

For the fiscal year 2017/18, Halifax Transit has been approved for funding under the Federal Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), to cost share both the implementation of TPMs, and to conduct a study related to the development of TPM corridors.

b) A plan to implement the full list of proposed TPM's listed in the Staff Report dated April 18, 2016 during the 2017/18 fiscal year

The *Transit Priority Measures Study* (Attachment A) brought forward to the Transportation Standing Committee in the staff report dated April 18, 2016 included a potential five year implementation plan for the 13 TPMs evaluated.

The 2016/17 Halifax Transit budget included sufficient funding to implement one to three of the TPMs proposed in the study (depending on costs once tendered). However, the municipality also submitted the implementation of TPMs over two years as potential projects for PTIF cost sharing. In August 2016, this funding was approved, as shown in the table below. This additional funding will allow for expedited implementation of the TPMs identified in the report, as all of the necessary funding will be available by fiscal 2017/18.

| Transit Priority Measures Implementation Project Account: CM000009 | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Year | Halifax Transit Funding | PTIF Funding | Total Funding |
| 2016/17 | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$400,000 |
| 2017/18 | \$450,000 | \$450,000 | \$900,000 |

Although it is anticipated that funding will be sufficient to implement all of the TPMs identified in the study by 2017/18 (subject to any unforeseen costs), there are other factors that could impact timelines and project delivery. These include obtaining necessary approvals, and acquiring land. The complete list of TPMs evaluated in the study, along with the implementation status and risk factors are described below.

| Transit Priority Measures Implementation | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Location | Description | Implementation Status | Risks |
| Main Street at Hartlen Avenue | Allow northbound buses to turn left from right turn lane onto Main Street. | This TPM was implemented in December 2015. | None. |
| Robie Street at Almon Street | Install transit only signal to allow southbound buses to proceed straight from right turn lane. | This TPM has approval from all necessary bodies and is scheduled to be implemented in November 2016. | Implementation scheduled for November 2016. There is a very low level of risk that this will not be completed. |
| Cobequid Terminal at Cobequid Road | Install left turn only phase at traffic signals to allow vehicles to exit the Cobequid Terminal. | Tentatively scheduled for implementation in 2017/18. | This is considered low risk. |
| Windmill Road at Seapoint Road (southbound) | Widen road and create southbound queue jump lane | Detailed design work is complete. Completion of land assembling requirements is pending. | Requires completion of land assembly, considered low/medium risk. |
| Windmill Road at Victoria Road (northbound) | Widen road and create northbound queue jump lane | The detailed design work is scheduled to be complete this winter, allowing for construction in 2017/18. | Requires approval from Halifax Harbour Bridges related to overhead signage, considered low/medium risk. |
| Windmill Road at Akerley Boulevard | Create southbound transit only lane at traffic signal | Tentatively scheduled for construction in 2017/18. | This is considered medium risk. |
| Mumford Road at Chebucto Road | Reconfigure lanes and provide transit only signal to allow buses to turn left from right turn lane | Tentatively scheduled for implementation in 2017/18, | This is considered medium risk. |

| | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Chebucto Road at Connaught Avenue | Provide queue jump lane for eastbound buses. | Tentatively scheduled for implementation in 2017/18. | This is considered medium risk. |
| Portland Street at Woodlawn Road | Extend existing transit only lane | Scheduled for implementation in 2017/18, but may be complicated by the need to relocate private driveways. | Implementation may have a negative impact on general vehicle traffic. This has a high risk of not being completed. |
| Barrington Street at Macdonald Bridge ramp | Reconfigure lanes at bridge approach to reduce merging by transit vehicles | Tentatively scheduled for construction in 2017/18. | Implementation may have a negative impact on general vehicle traffic. This initiative would benefit from being integrated with the bikeways connection project to ensure a complete solution. This has a high risk of not being completed. |
| Macdonald Bridge at Wyse Road | Convert far right Halifax bound toll lane to transit only | This TPM requires cooperation and coordination with Halifax Harbour Bridges. Staff are currently conducting modelling exercises required to obtain approval. | Requires approval from Halifax Harbour Bridges. This has a high level of risk of not being completed. Alternative TPMs in this location are being considered. |
| Main Street at Gordon Avenue | Install transit only signal to allow eastbound buses to proceed straight from right turn lane at Gordon Avenue | The benefits of this TPM are marginal without the additional introduction of a receiving lane, which is more challenging. In addition, due to bus stop location changes, this TPM is no longer as beneficial, and will not be pursued at this time. | Deferred |
| Robie Street at Quinpool Road | Convert southbound curb lane to transit only lane | The study recommended this TPM be deferred until the overall intersection is reviewed; it will not be pursued at this time. | Deferred |

Due to the number of risk factors involved, and the timelines required to complete some of the TPMs, it is highly unlikely that all of them will be successfully implemented in 2017/18. However, it is staff's intent to pursue each of the measures (with the exception of the two that are identified as "deferred") and advance any that are approved.

In addition to the 13 TPMs identified in the study, as part of the Integrated Mobility Plan development, staff are compiling an inventory of other possible TPMs. These come from a variety of sources, including the public, staff, Operators, etc. These TPMs will be evaluated based on the cost/benefit formulas developed in the study, and prioritized. Should any of the above measures not receive necessary approvals, and funding is sufficient, it may be possible to pursue alternative TPMs that have been identified through the Integrated Mobility Plan development.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

There are no financial implications associated with this report.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

There was no community engagement undertaken as part of this report.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A: *Transit Priority Measures Study* – Prepared by WSP Canada Inc., March 2016

A copy of this report can be obtained online at <http://www.halifax.ca/commcoun/index.php> then choose the appropriate Transportation Standing Committee meeting date, or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 902.490.4210, or Fax 902.490.4208.

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HALIFAX

Comparison of Selected TPM
Locations



Transit Priority Measures Study

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March 2016

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1.0 Introduction

One of the main project objectives of the Halifax Transit Priority Measures Study is to evaluate a roster of opportunities for transit priority measures (TPM). Included in the RFP were proposed preliminary opportunity sites identified by HRM as providing opportunity for transit priority benefits. In addition to the seven preliminary opportunity locations, the WSP workplan recommended developing a list of five to ten additional TPM opportunity locations for further consideration. In total, a roster of 19 locations was developed including the original 7 locations from the RFP. WSP staff met with staff from HRM Strategic Transportation Planning, HRM Traffic Management, and Halifax Transit, as well as staff from the Halifax Harbour Bridges to review the roster of 19 locations. During the meeting, the 13 locations numbered in Table 1 were selected for further review and evaluation as part of this project. While the six locations listed at the bottom of Table 1 were not selected for evaluation as part of this Study, they may still offer benefits to HRM and Halifax Transit and may be further considered using the same methodology as outlined in *Framework for Transit Priority Measure Evaluation* (WSP, 2015).

Table 1-1 – Selected TPM

| Location | Measure |
|---|---|
| 1 Macdonald Bridge @ Wyse Road | Convert far right Halifax-bound toll lane (Lane 10) to Transit only. |
| 2 Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) | Widen road and provide exemption from regulation to create northbound queue jump lane. |
| 3 Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) | Widen road and provide exemption from regulation to create southbound queue jump lane. |
| 4 Main Street @ Gordon Avenue | Provide exemption from regulation and install transit only phase to permit eastbound buses to proceed from right turn lane at Gordon Avenue. |
| 5 Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | Extend transit only lane to provide additional queue jump opportunity for westbound buses. |
| 6 Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp | Relocate existing bus stop and reconfigure lanes at bridge approach to reduce merging by transit vehicles. |
| 7 Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | Provide free flow (except pedestrian crossings) transit only lane for southbound buses at traffic signal. Remove southbound transit only phase. |
| 8 Robie Street @ Almon Street | Provide exemption from regulation and install transit only phase to permit southbound buses to proceed from right turn lane at Almon Street. |
| 9 Main Street @ Hartlen Street | Provide exemption from regulation to permit northbound buses to turn left from right turn lane at Main Street. |
| 10 Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | Provide exemption from regulation and install receiving lane for queue jump for eastbound through buses on Chebucto Road |
| 11 Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road | Reconfigure lanes on Mumford Road between Chebucto Road and Leppert Street. Provide exemption from regulation and install transit only phase to permit southbound left turn buses to proceed from right turn lane at Chebucto Road. |
| 12 Robie Street @ Quinpool Road | Reconfigure southbound curb lane on Robie Street as transit only lane, except right turns. |
| 13 Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road | Install eastbound protected/permitted phase for left turning vehicles leaving Cobequid Terminal. |
| Alderney Drive @ Wyse Road | Widen to provide queue jump lane for right turning buses on Alderney Drive to Wyse Road. |
| Pleasant Street @ Highway 111 | Widen road to provide Transit only lane for left turns onto Highway 111 from Pleasant Street |
| Highway 111 Exit @ Portland Street | Permit exemption from regulation to permit right turns by buses from the stop bar from Highway 111. |
| Highway 102 @ North West Arm Drive | Provide exemption from regulation to permit through movement by transit vehicles to return to Highway 102. |
| Thistle Street @ Wyse Road | Restrict right turns (except buses) from Thistle Street. |
| Bayers Road @ Desmond Avenue | Install traffic signals required by Transit |

2.0 Net Road User Delay

For each TPM location, WSP obtained the most recent turning movement counts, pedestrian counts, and traffic signal timings from HRM / NSTIR for the AM and PM peak hours as well as the transit ridership and transit vehicle volume data from HRM for the peak hour that was determined to have the most impact. At each TPM location, pedestrian volumes and movements have been considered.

Methodology for determining Net Change in Road User Delay

To provide estimates for delay to Transit and non-transit vehicles, two approaches were used, depending on the TPM and its location:

1. WSP Transportation Engineering staff conducted field measurements on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays in September and October 2015 to observe transit delay under existing conditions. Observations measured delay to transit vehicles and estimated the delay savings to each transit vehicle. This provides an estimate of change in transit delay with the implementation of the proposed TPM.
2. Traffic analysis models were developed using Synchro 9.0 with existing intersection configurations and with modified intersection geometry to simulate a transit only lane/phase conducting an otherwise restricted movement from a particular lane. A 1.5% annual growth rate was applied at all locations to obtain an estimate of projected 2016 traffic volumes.

At four of the locations being reviewed (Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road, Robie Street @ Almon Street, Hartlen Street @ Main Street, and Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue), there are transit vehicles that service a nearside transit stop from a right-turn only lane before changing lanes into a through or left-turn lane and proceeding along their route. It was observed that the right-turning vehicles using the lane experienced a delay while the transit vehicles serviced the transit stop and while the transit vehicles await opportunities to merge out of the right-turn only lane. In each noted TPM, the transit vehicles will be permitted to conduct their movement from the right-turn lane and will experience a reduction in delay due to the TPM and not being required to change into the through lane. This delay change will reduce the time that the transit vehicle blocks the right-turn lane and will likely reduce the average delay to right turning vehicles at these locations.

The analysis of the peak hour data supplied by HRM yielded net delay changes on per-user and net total user basis. Since many TPM locations considered offer benefits beyond the analyzed peak hour, a Daily Delay Factor is used to estimate the overall daily impact of the TPM. The Daily Delay Factor is used to estimate the daily benefit level experienced with consideration of a potential lower level of benefit during non-analyzed periods of the day. For example, a TPM may provide benefit only during an AM peak period. The analysis determines the benefit during the peak hour, however the remainder of the AM period may also experience benefits but at a reduced level per hour. In this example a Daily Delay Factor of 1.5 may be appropriate where the full benefit is experienced for one hour, and a reduced benefit for an additional hour per day.

Table 2-1 summarizes the net change in delay to Transit and Non-Transit vehicles at each of the 13 evaluated TPM locations. Reductions in delay are reported as negative values, while increases in delay as positive values. Intersection Performance Analyses are included in Appendix C.

Further discussion of the delay estimates for each TPM is included in the subsequent sections.

Table 2-1 - Delay Analysis Results

| TPM Location | TPM # | Associated Peak Hour | Daily Delay Factor ¹ | Peak Hour Net Transit Vehicle Delay (s/veh) ^{2, 3} | Peak Hour Net non-Transit Vehicle Delay (s/veh) ² | Daily Net Transit User Delay (user.hr) | Daily Net non-Transit User Delay (user.hr) | Estimated Daily Net Road User Delay (user.hr) |
|---|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|
| Macdonald Bridge @ Wyse Road | 1 | AM | 3 | -6.3 | 0.0 | -4.4 | 0.0 | -4.4 |
| Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) | 2 | PM | 2 | -90.0 | 13.7 | -23.4 | 0.1 | -23.3 |
| Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) | 3 | AM | 2 | -75.0 | 0.0 | -20.0 | 0.0 | -20.0 |
| Main Street @ Gordon Avenue | 4 | PM | 2 | -64.0 | 14.6 | -6.8 | 46.5 | 39.7 |
| Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | 5 | AM | 2 | -17.0 | 0.0 | -3.2 | 0.0 | -3.2 |
| Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp | 6 | PM | 2 | -30.0 | 0.0 | -3.4 | 0.0 | -3.4 |
| Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | 7 | AM | 3 | -7.1 | 0.0 | -2.8 | 0.0 | -2.8 |
| Robie Street @ Almon Street | 8 | AM | 2 | -18.0 | 0.0 | -2.6 | 0.0 | -2.6 |
| Main Street @ Hartlen Street | 9 | AM | 2 | -49.0 | 0.0 | -2.5 | 0.0 | -2.5 |
| | | PM | 2 | -53.7 | 0.0 | -4.7 | 0.0 | -4.7 |
| | | Total | | | | | -7.1 | 0.0 |
| Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | 10 | AM | 2 | -31.7 | 0.0 | -6.0 | 0.0 | -6.0 |
| Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road | 11 | PM | 2 | -21.3 | 4.6 | -5.4 | 5.0 | -0.4 |
| Robie Street @ Quinpool Road | 12 | AM | 2 | -19.0 | 201.5 | -5.9 | 106.9 | 101.0 |
| Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road | 13 | PM | 1.8 | -9.3 | 6.3 | -1.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 |

1. Represents a factor to estimate daily delay results from the peak hour.
2. As outlined in *Framework for Transit Priority Measure Evaluation*, movements with a net change in delay of less than 5 seconds are excluded from the analysis. Net Vehicle delay is the average delay change for the remaining movements.
Transit vehicle delay was estimated with field measurements during the associated peak period and using Synchro 9 traffic models and calculated using delay calculations described in *Framework for Transit Priority Measure Evaluation*.
3. Transit vehicle delay was estimated with field measurements during the associated peak period and using Synchro 9 traffic models and calculated using delay calculations described in *Framework for Transit Priority Measure Evaluation*.
4. Non-Transit vehicle delay was estimated using Synchro 9 traffic models and calculated using delay calculations described in *Framework for Transit Priority Measure Evaluation*.



2.1 Macdonald Bridge @ Wyse Road

This TPM (Figure A-1, Appendix A) involves reallocating the usage of rightmost toll lane (Lane 10) for the westbound (to Halifax) approach to the Macdonald Bridge and reserving its use for Transit vehicles only. This option builds on the success of the transit only northbound left turn lane from Wyse Road to the Macdonald Bridge, and reduces the merging requirements for these transit vehicles.

To estimate the delay changes with this TPM, site visits were conducted during the AM peak period, Macdonald Bridge toll lane volume usage, and video of the toll lanes observed. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2 – TPM #1 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|---|---|
| Non Transit User Delay Without and With TPM | <p>During field investigations, it was observed that the loss of a single toll lane to general traffic will not significantly alter traffic delay at the approach to the Macdonald Bridge. During one of the field investigations, a toll lane was closed during the AM peak period (See Photo 1) and no resulting change in delay to non-transit vehicles would be realized if the closed lane were to be used by transit-vehicles only. It was noted that any observed delay at the tolls results from the requirement to merge into the one or two lanes and spillback of queuing on the bridge itself. Any increase in delay to non-Transit vehicles from this TPM is estimated at less than 5 seconds and would be too low to be noticeable by non-Transit users.</p> <p>Traffic data showing the volume for each Halifax bound toll lane was collected by Halifax Harbour Bridges for the week of November 16 to November 20, 2015 and provided for review. A review of the data finds that there is sufficient residual capacity in the toll lanes to accommodate the closure of one westbound toll lane to non-Transit Vehicles. Video of the toll lanes recorded by HHB supports the analysis that there is sufficient capacity in the remaining toll lanes.</p> <p>To further assess the delay and throughput of traffic without and with a transit only lane, Synchro/SimTraffic models for the AM and PM peak hour conditions without and with the TPM were developed. The results of five one-hour SimTraffic runs for each of the AM and PM peak hours were reviewed.</p> |
| Transit User Delay Without and With TPM | <p>WSP conducted field investigations during the AM peak period to determine the impacts to delay of Transit vehicles. The field investigation involved the collection of transit vehicle travel time through the proposed length of the transit only lane under existing conditions. The free-flow time through the road segment was also recorded to develop transit delay estimations both without and with the proposed TPM. With this field data, the change in delay for transit vehicles with this TPM was estimated.</p> |

Review of HHB Data:

Traffic count data were obtained for the AM and PM peak periods during the week of November 16 to November 20, 2015 that show the hourly traffic volumes through each of the westbound (to Halifax) toll lanes. Analysis of the data indicates the following:

- During a typical weekday there are approximately 5,300 vehicles that cross the Macdonald Bridge to Halifax between 6 AM and 9 AM;
- During the peak one hour period (7 AM to 8 AM) there are approximately 2,100 vehicles crossing to Halifax;
- Traffic volumes per toll lane during the AM peak hour range from 321 to 566 vehicles;
- Although approximately 25% of the AM peak hour traffic chooses to use Lane 10 during typical AM peak periods, the closure of Lane 7 during the AM peak period on November 17, 2015 shows a more balanced use of each toll lane that remained open;
- The closure of Lane 7 in the supplied data set shows that Lane 9 (an exact change lane) can accommodate 26% of the traffic volumes and that the change lane (Lane 8) can accommodate 21% of the traffic volume; and,
- The balanced volume during the data set with a toll lane closure indicate that there is sufficient remaining capacity in Lanes 7, 8, and 9 during a typical AM peak hour to accommodate the closure of Lane 10 to non-Transit Vehicles.

Video of the westbound toll lanes at the Macdonald Bridge was recorded in the peak periods on three weekdays in February 2016. A review of this video finds that although there are heavily used toll lanes, there is very often capacity in adjacent toll lanes during the morning and afternoon peak period. This residual capacity in adjacent toll lanes indicates that traffic can be accommodated by the remaining toll lanes with the closure of toll Lane 10 to non-Transit vehicles. Video review suggests that the constraint to more toll lane throughput is the capacity of the bridge link and resulting merge activity beyond the toll lanes.

SimTraffic Modelling:

SimTraffic microsimulation modelling software was used to model the AM and PM peak hours without and with the proposed TPM. Without the TPM and under existing lane configurations, traffic traveling on the Macdonald Bridge toward Halifax is required to merge from five lanes to two in the AM and from five lanes to one in the PM during typical weekdays. This merging creates delay and conflict points for non-Transit and Transit vehicles alike. The SimTraffic models for the AM and PM peak hours found that with the TPM, there is reduced delay through the tolls to non-transit vehicles due to reduced merging and removal of transit vehicles from the remaining toll lanes. The reduction of one toll lane to non-Transit vehicles reduces the storage at the bridge west of the intersection at Wyse Road by approximately 6 non-Transit vehicles, however the reduction in merging delay offsets this loss. Overall, the SimTraffic modelling results showed no loss of throughput of vehicles on the bridge in the AM or PM peak periods with this proposed TPM. Table 2-3 provides a summary of the SimTraffic Analysis. Modelling indicated no overall significant change to total throughput at the tolls. Modelling also shows potential reductions in overall toll delay possibly resulting from a simplified merge and separation of transit vehicles from the remaining toll lanes, however, overall delay to vehicles crossing the bridge is not expected to change.

Table 2-3 – Summary of SimTraffic Review of Toll Lanes

| | AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|---|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| | Without TPM | With TPM | Without TPM | With TPM |
| Average Delay to Non-Transit Vehicles (s/veh) | 66.7 | 45.5 | 46.0 | 44.4 |
| Average Delay to Transit Vehicles (s/veh) | 66.7 | 34.0 | 46.0 | 33.3 |
| Total Throughput (vehicles per hour) | 3329 | 3443 | 3395 | 3447 |

Field Investigations:

The field investigation found a range of anticipated transit vehicle delay reductions of between 0 seconds and 45 seconds per transit vehicle during the AM peak. The observed average delay reduction was 6.3 seconds. No transit vehicles were expected to be delayed as a result of the TPM. The wide range of measured delay reductions indicates improved travel time predictability through the toll area and improved schedule adherence for these routes with the TPM; however schedule adherence was not directly considered in the analysis.

With sustained merging delay throughout the day on the Macdonald Bridge approach, although reduced from the AM peak hour, the daily benefit is estimated to be about 3 times the AM peak hour benefit. A Daily Delay Factor of 3.0 was used.

Based on field observations and considering the above data analysis and review, the high number of transit vehicles and high transit vehicle occupancy at this location the TPM is estimated to reduce the delay per bus by 6.3 seconds and reduce the daily noticeable net road user delay by 4.4 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-1, Appendix D.



Photo 1 - Looking west on October 6, 2015 toward Macdonald bridge toll lanes from Wyse Road (The centre toll lane is closed)

2.2 Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (Northbound)

This TPM (Figure A-2, Appendix A) involves road widening for the northbound direction on Windmill Road, north of the intersection with Victoria Road. An exemption from regulation is required to permit transit vehicles to use the existing northbound right turn lane on Victoria Road (into the Ford Dealership driveway) and proceed through into the newly created lane. A transit only phase is not required at this location.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the PM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4 – TPM #2 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Windmill Road @ Victoria Road was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-1). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only lane, using a new northeastbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-2). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted field investigation during the PM peak period. The field investigation involved the collection of travel times for transit vehicles through the limits of additional transit lane (shown diagrammatically in Figure A-2). This time was compared to the estimated time for a transit vehicle to cover the distance with the lane as transit only, including modelled signal delay at Victoria Road. From this information, the change in delay for transit vehicles with this TPM was obtained. |

Since the TPM will reduce the delay of transit vehicles not only at the intersection but also between Victoria Road and the limits of widening, the delay to Transit before and after the TPM is the total delay through the segment. Delay to Non-Transit Vehicles is intersection delay only.

The field investigation found a range of anticipated transit vehicle delay reductions of between 71 seconds and 152 seconds per transit vehicle. The observed average delay reduction was 90 seconds. No transit vehicles were expected to be delayed as a result of the TPM.

This TPM results in a very high benefit to transit users and the transit agency, with a low disbenefit to non-transit vehicles. This disbenefit is felt by northbound right-turning vehicles (Victoria Road into Ford dealership). This movement may notice an increase of 13.7 seconds

per vehicle for the 15 vehicles in the PM peak hour however, through traffic may experience a slight improvement in operation as transit vehicles have been removed from these lanes.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the PM peak period when delay and queuing on Victoria Road / Windmill Road northbound is longest. Outside of the PM peak hour, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 23.3 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-2, Appendix D, and will save an estimated 90 seconds per transit vehicle during the PM peak hour.

2.3 Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (Southbound)

This TPM (Figure A-3, Appendix A) involves road widening for the southbound direction on Windmill Road, between the intersections at Seapoint Road and Bancroft Lane. An exemption from regulation is required to permit transit vehicles to use the existing southbound right turn lane on Windmill Road at Seapoint Road and proceed through into the newly created lane. Transit vehicles would continue to be exempt from the requirement to turn right onto Bancroft Lane. There is an existing transit only phase at the intersection of Windmill Road and Bancroft Lane and this phase would continue to be required with the proposed TPM.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the AM peak period were conducted traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-5.

Table 2-5 – TPM #3 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersections of Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road and Windmill Road @ Wright Avenue were modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Pages C-3, C-4). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only lane, using a new southwestbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Pages C-5, C-6). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted field investigations during the AM peak period to determine the impacts to delay of Transit vehicles. The field investigation involved the collection of the time it took for transit vehicles to travel from the start of the existing right turn lane for southbound vehicles at Seapoint Road to the point where they entered the intersection at Bancroft Lane. This time was compared to the estimated time for a transit vehicle to cover the distance with the lane as transit only, including signal delay at Seapoint Road. From this information, the change in delay for transit vehicles with this TPM was obtained. |

Since the TPM will reduce the delay of transit vehicles not only at the intersection but will also reduce the queue delay between Seapoint Road and Bancroft Lane, the delay to Transit before and after the TPM is the total delay through the segment. Delay to Non-Transit Vehicles is intersection delay only.

The field investigation found a range of anticipated transit vehicle delay reductions of between 10 seconds and 173 seconds per transit vehicle. The observed average delay reduction was 75 seconds. No transit vehicles were observed to be expected to be delayed as a result of the TPM. The range of delays is due to the location of the nearside transit stop north of the intersection with Bancroft Lane. Transit vehicles were observed to pass through the intersection at Seapoint Road and reach the transit stop within the same phase but departed the stop with a red signal on Windmill Road. These individual transit vehicles had to wait at the red signal until the following phase and are estimated to have little delay reduction resulting from the TPM. The

wide range in delay indicates improved schedule adherence resulting from this TPM; however schedule adherence was not directly considered in the analysis.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the AM peak period when delay and queuing on Windmill Road is greatest. Outside of the AM peak hour, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 20.0 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-3, Appendix D, and results in an estimated savings of 75 seconds per transit vehicle. This TPM results in a very high noticeable benefit to transit users and the transit agency and no noticeable disbenefit to non-transit users.

2.4 Main Street @ Gordon Avenue

This TPM (Figure A-4, Appendix A) involves an exemption from regulation to permit eastbound transit vehicles to proceed through from the curb lane on Main Street at Gordon Avenue. As there is currently no third receiving lane, a transit only phase is also required to accommodate this permitted movement.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the PM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-6.

Table 2-6 – TPM #4 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Main Street @ Gordon Avenue was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-7). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only lane, using a new southeastbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. An 8-10 second signal phase was added to accommodate the movement. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-8). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted field investigations during the PM peak period to estimate the impacts to delay of Transit vehicles. The field investigation involved the collection of the time it took for transit vehicles to travel the distance of the right turn lane for eastbound vehicles at Gordon Avenue to the point where they entered the intersection. While onsite, the free-flow time through the road segment and intersection delay were also recorded. This time was compared to the estimated time for a transit vehicle to cover the distance with the lane as transit only, including signal delay at Gordon Avenue to develop transit delay estimations both without and with the proposed TPM. From this information, the change in delay for transit vehicles with this TPM was obtained. |

Since the TPM would allow the transit vehicle to bypass much of the queue, the delay reduction to transit considers the queue delays. As the queue delay for non-transit vehicles will remain unchanged, delay to non-transit vehicles only considers modeled intersection delay.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the PM peak period when eastbound traffic queues are longest and most impede transit vehicles. Outside of the PM peak hour, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net disbenefit to the road user of 39.7 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-4, Appendix D. The high delay increase to non-transit users results from the requirement to include a transit phase with the TPM at this location. This increases the cycle length and decreases the capacity of the

intersection. The northbound left turn (Gordon Avenue turning left onto Main Street) and the eastbound through movements are expected to operate at or over capacity during the 2016 PM peak hour without the proposed TPM. The reallocation of even a small amount a green time to accommodate the proposed phase compounds this delay.

The TPM can be expected to save over one minute per bus, however, with the high eastbound right turning volume (522 vehicles in the PM peak), it is possible that the transit vehicles will be queued when the transit phase is active and will miss the phase opportunity.

If a receiving lane could be added on Main Street then this would remove the need for the transit signal phase and would significantly reduce the impact on non-Transit vehicles and would very likely improve the operations of this proposed TPM. It is also likely that providing a receiving lane would provide additional benefit to transit vehicles and transit users.

2.5 Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road

This TPM (Figure A-5, Appendix A) involves an extension of the existing transit lane to enable access to the lane by transit vehicles from further back in the queue. No change to existing signal timings is required. To accommodate the elongated lane without road widening, access changes are proposed at Bruce Street and at Boston Pizza.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the AM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-7.

Table 2-7 – TPM #5 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road / Baker Drive was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-9). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | The tradeoff of this TPM is the reduced access at Bruce Street, however, with increased access at Boston Pizza, no change in non-Transit delay is anticipated. With a low peak period volume of westbound left turning traffic from Portland Street to Baker Drive (14 in AM peak hour, 11 in PM peak hour), the queue of left turning vehicles is not expected to impede access to the transit lane. |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted site visits during the AM peak to determine the impacts to delay of Non-Transit and Transit vehicles. The field investigation involved the review of time it took for transit vehicles to travel from the development of the proposed extension of the transit lane to the point where they entered the existing transit lane at Woodlawn Road. While onsite, the free-flow time through the road segment and intersection delay were also recorded to develop transit delay estimations with and without the proposed TPM. |

The field investigation found a range of anticipated transit vehicle delay reductions of between 0 seconds and 60 seconds per transit vehicle. The observed average delay reduction was 17 seconds. No transit vehicles were expected to be delayed as a result of the TPM.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the AM peak period when westbound queues on Portland Street impede access to the existing transit lane. Outside of the AM peak hour, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the delay results finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 3.2 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-5, Appendix D. Although the TPM indicates an overall benefit, further investigation into the removal of the left turn lane to Bruce Street is required.

2.6 Barrington Street at Macdonald Bridge Ramp

This TPM (Figure A-6A, Appendix A) involves relocating the transit stop and restriping the northbound lanes to restrict the curb lane to right-turning traffic (only traffic proceeding to the bridge). Additional lane configuration changes could be considered at the intersection of Barrington Street and North Street to assist with lane balancing; however these additional lane use changes are not necessary to implement this TPM.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the PM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-8.

Table 2-8 – TPM #6 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The intersection of Barrington Street with the Macdonald Bridge Ramp was modeled in the PM peak hour using Synchro 9.0. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-10). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to analyze the network with the reconfigured lane use on Barrington Street at the approach to the Macdonald Bridge Ramp (Page C-11). The results of the modelling find that the individual lanes on Barrington Street operate under capacity and that the queuing on Barrington Street is due to queuing at the traffic signals at the Bridge approach. Lane configurations in this scenario past the ramp better reflect the defacto lane configurations on Barrington Street during the PM peak. Since the initial TPM scenario will not alter the operations of the signals at North Street, no change to non-Transit user delay is anticipated. This conclusion is confirmed by the field observation conducted by WSP. |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP staff conducted field investigation during the PM peak period to measure the delay to transit vehicles and estimate the delay reduction to transit vehicles that would be experienced with the implementation of the TPM. Transit delay included a measurement of queuing delay in the curb lane relative to the leftmost northbound lane (average of 20 seconds) and the delay to transit vehicles leaving the transit stop and merging in to mixed traffic to proceed north on Barrington Street (average of 10 seconds). The delay estimate only considered transit vehicles that stop at the transit stop that would be relocated. All transit vehicles running routes that do not stop at the transit stop would not be impacted by the proposed relocation. Therefore, a delay reduction of 30 seconds per vehicle to 7 transit vehicles in the PM peak is estimated. |

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the PM peak period when northbound traffic volumes are highest. Outside of these times the delay is expected to be significantly reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 3.4 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-6, Appendix D.

Alternate Lane Configurations north of TPM:

Further analysis of the intersection of Barrington Street at North Street was completed to determine whether modifying the lane configurations could improve lane balance and traffic flow on Barrington Street. The lane configuration alternatives used in the analysis were:

- Existing lane configurations and signal timings;
- Reassigning one of the southbound lanes as left turn only lanes; and,
- Reassigning one of the northbound lanes as left turn only lanes.

A review of the Synchro 9.0 modeling of the intersection of Barrington Street and North Street (Table 2-9) determined:

- Although there is benefit to reallocating a northbound through lane in the AM peak hour, the PM peak hour of the northbound through movement is expected to operate with a volume to capacity (v/c) of 1.01. The reallocation of a northbound lane is not recommended.

- There is overall benefit to reallocating one of the southbound lanes on Barrington Street as a southbound left turn lane north of the intersection and as a northbound left turn lane south of the intersection. Analysis indicates that this would provide overall benefit to traffic operations in the PM peak period, sufficient to offset the slight increase in delay in the AM peak period.

In the AM peak hour with one southbound through lane, the southbound protected / permitted left turn phase was removed. By providing the left turn lane to the high volume southbound left turn movement, the advanced phase was found to no longer be required. To accommodate the high southbound through volume in the single approach lane, the cycle length for the AM peak hour was increased to 100 seconds, coinciding with the cycle length at the intersection with Cornwallis Street.

Modifying these lanes as described above, although not required for the proposed TPM, would increase the benefit of the proposed TPM by providing an additional northbound lane north of the Macdonald Bridge ramp and maintain lane balance through the corridor with the addition of the TPM (Figure A-6B, Appendix A).

Table 2-9 – Barrington Street @ North Street Analysis Results

| LOS Criteria | Control Delay (sec/veh), LOS, v/c Ratio, and 95 th Queue (m) by Intersection Movement | | | | | | | | | Overall Intersection | |
|---|--|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|----------------------|-----|
| | EB-L | EB-T | EB-R | WB-L | WB-TR | NB-L | NB-TR | SB-L | SB-TR | Delay | LOS |
| 2016 AM Peak Hour - Existing Lane Configuration, Signal Timings (Page C-12) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | 25.4 | 0.4 | 22.1 | | 13.1 | | 15.3 | B |
| v/c | 0.19 | 0.66 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.52 | | 0.72 | | | |
| Queue | 13.8 | 52.4 | 0.0 | 19.1 | 0.0 | 40.8 | | 90.9 | | | |
| 2016 AM Peak Hour - Modified to 2 Northbound through lanes, 1 Southbound through lane (Page C-13) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 37.5 | 58.5 | 0.4 | 38.5 | 12.2 | 27.8 | 7.1 | 10.0 | 19.3 | 17.3 | B |
| v/c | 0.23 | 0.8 | 0.27 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.86 | 0.31 | 0.42 | 0.85 | | |
| Queue | 19.2 | 80.3 | 0.0 | 27.0 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 17.5 | 28.6 | 237.1 | | |
| 2016 AM Peak Hour - Modified to 1 Northbound through lane, 2 Southbound through lanes (Page C-14) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | 25.4 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 13.7 | 23.7 | 9.4 | 13.2 | B |
| v/c | 0.19 | 0.66 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.47 | 0.66 | 0.63 | 0.49 | | |
| Queue | 13.8 | 52.4 | 0.0 | 19.1 | 5.5 | 30.3 | 129.3 | 56.3 | 70.2 | | |
| 2016 PM Peak Hour - Existing Lane Configuration, Signal Timings (Page C-15) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | 30.2 | 34.6 | 23.0 | | 8.5 | | 18.5 | B |
| v/c | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.27 | 0.52 | 0.74 | 0.88 | | 0.34 | | | |
| Queue | 15.2 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 42.1 | 55.5 | 163.6 | | 37.3 | | | |
| 2016 PM Peak Hour - Modified to 2 Northbound through lanes, 1 Southbound through lane (Page C-16) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | 30.2 | 34.6 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 10.6 | 12.2 | 14.0 | B |
| v/c | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.27 | 0.52 | 0.74 | 0.38 | 0.61 | 0.12 | 0.55 | | |
| Queue | 15.2 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 42.1 | 55.5 | 27.6 | 93.9 | 5.4 | 91.8 | | |
| 2016 PM Peak Hour - Modified to 1 Northbound through lane, 2 Southbound through lanes (Page C-17) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay | 44.6 | 33.9 | 0.4 | 52.0 | 54.3 | 7.6 | 28.0 | 17.3 | 5.5 | 23.0 | C |
| v/c | 0.39 | 0.05 | 0.27 | 0.70 | 0.87 | 0.28 | 1.01 | 0.28 | 0.25 | | |
| Queue | 22.1 | 8.5 | 0.0 | 60.6 | 81.5 | 6.6 | 86.7 | 7.0 | 27.1 | | |

Beyond the TPM modifications considered in Figure A-6A, Appendix A, HRM should consider lane reconfigurations at the North Street intersection as shown in Figure A-6B and analyzed on pages C-13 and C-16, Appendix C.

2.7 Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard

This TPM (Figure A-7, Appendix A) involves the installation of physical separation to eliminate conflicts between southbound through transit vehicles on Windmill Road and left turning vehicles from Akerley Boulevard onto Windmill Road. This would allow for southbound transit vehicles to experience free flow at the traffic signals except when there is a pedestrian crossing Windmill Road. This TPM was considered for review since there are low pedestrian volumes crossing the intersection (8 pedestrians crossed Windmill Road during the AM peak hour), which would provide nearly free flow for transit vehicles in the lane. The existing southbound transit only phase could be eliminated as it would no longer be required.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, traffic models using Synchro 9.0 were developed. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-10.

Table 2-10 – TPM #7 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersections of Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-18). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network without the existing transit only phase and removing the southbound transit vehicles from the intersection. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-19). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | The Synchro models were used to determine the impacts to transit vehicles that would result from the implementation of the TPM. |

The highest flow of the southbound traffic occurs during the AM peak period; however, this is also when the signals provide the majority of the green time to southbound vehicles. A review of the PM signal timings and traffic volumes indicate potential delay reductions to Transit during the PM peak. Considering the reduced ridership in this direction during the PM peak, a Daily Delay Factor of 3.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit of 2.8 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-7, Appendix D. This TPM results in a small reduction (7.1 seconds) of delay per transit vehicle and no noticeable reduction in delay to non-transit users. The existing signal timings in the AM peak hour provide the majority of the green time to southbound vehicles and with the existing transit signal phase the southbound transit vehicles experience only a small intersection delay under existing conditions.

2.8 Robie Street @ Almon Street

This TPM (Figure A-8, Appendix A) involves an exemption from regulation to permit southbound transit vehicles to proceed through from the curb lane on Robie Street @ Almon Street. As there is currently no receiving lane, a transit only phase is also required to accommodate this transit movement.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the AM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-11.

Table 2-11 – TPM #8 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Robie Street @ Almon Street was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-20). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only movement, using a new southwestbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. An 8-10 second transit signal phase was added to accommodate the movement. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-21). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted transit delay field measurements during the AM peak period to determine the impacts to the delay of Transit vehicles. The field investigation noted that each southbound bus traveled in the curb lane, boarded/alighted passengers at the bus stop immediately north of Almon Street, and had to merge into the through lane. The investigation collected the time it took the transit vehicles to depart the bus stop and proceed through the signals at Robie Street. While onsite, the free-flow time through the road segment and intersection delay were also recorded to develop transit delay estimations both with and without the proposed TPM. |

The field investigation found a range of anticipated transit vehicle delay reductions of between 0 seconds and 30 seconds per transit vehicle. The observed average delay reduction was 18 seconds. No transit vehicles were expected to be delayed as a result of the TPM.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the AM peak period when the southbound volumes on Robie Street are highest. Outside of the AM peak period, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit of 2.6 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-8, Appendix D.

2.9 Main Street @ Hartlen Street

This TPM (Figure A-9, Appendix A) involves an exemption from regulation to permit northbound transit vehicles to turn left onto Main Street from the curb lane on Hartlen Street. As there is already a second receiving lane for the left-turn movement, a transit only phase is not required to accommodate this TPM.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, traffic models for the AM and PM peak periods were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-12.

Table 2-12 – TPM #9 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Main Street @ Hartlen Street was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Pages C-22, C-23). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only lane. This was done by modeling the intersection with a northbound through lane with a volume equal to the number of transit vehicles provided by HRM. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Pages C-24, C-25). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | The Synchro models were used to determine the impacts to transit vehicles that would result from the implementation of the TPM. |

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the PM peak period however, there are significant improvements to transit that can be expected in the AM peak period as

well. A Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was applied to the results from each peak hour and the results summed to determine the benefits associated with this TPM.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will reduce delay to transit vehicles by 49 and 54 seconds per vehicle in the AM and PM peak hours, respectively, and will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 7.1 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-9, Appendix D. Additionally, the model does not consider bus blockages under current conditions where right turning traffic can be clocked by transit vehicles departing the transit stop in the curb lane and trying to merge to the left turn lane under existing conditions. It is possible that with this TPM, the overall net benefits to road users may be higher than shown in the model.

2.10 Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue

This TPM (Figure A-10, Appendix A) involves an exemption from regulation to permit eastbound transit vehicles to proceed through from the curb lane on Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue. As part of this TPM, the size of the existing channelized island will be reduced and an additional receiving lane will be created to accommodate this movement. With the additional receiving lane, a transit only phase is not required. The net user delay for this location was also assessed without the installation of the receiving lane and with a transit only phase.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, field measurements of delay during the AM peak period were conducted and traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-13.

Table 2-13 – TPM #10 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (PageC-26). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only movement, using a new southeastbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Pages C-27, C-28). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | WSP conducted site visits during the AM peak period to determine the impacts to the delay of Transit vehicles. The field investigation noted that many of the eastbound transit vehicles traveled in the curb lane, boarded or alighted passengers at the bus stop immediately west of Connaught Avenue, and had to merge into the through lane. The investigation therefore collected the time it took a transit vehicle in the through lane to reach and enter the intersection, as well as the time it took a through transit vehicle from the curb lane to depart the bus stop merge into the through lane and enter the intersection. While onsite, the free-flow time through the road segment and intersection delay were also recorded to develop transit delay estimations both with and without the proposed TPM. |

This TPM was assessed for the net user delay both without and with the installation of the additional transit only receiving lane. In the scenario without a receiving lane, the TPM requires the installation of a transit signal phase.

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the AM peak period due to the significant eastbound through volume on Chebucto Road. Outside of the AM peak period, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

Without a receiving lane:

A review of the results of the delay model, confirmed by the field investigation, shows a small reduction in the delay to transit vehicles. Under existing conditions, transit vehicles departing the nearside transit stop merge into mixed traffic before entering the intersection. This TPM without a receiving lane at this location would move the merge point into the intersection or farside the

intersection for some transit vehicles, however, the TPM would not affect any transit vehicle that did not arrive at the intersection on a red signal, or missed the transit only phase as they were blocked by right turning vehicles not able to turn on the preceding red phase.

With a receiving lane:

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 6.0 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-10, Appendix D. Further review finds that the model shows no noticeable increase in delay to non-transit vehicles (maximum of 3.5 seconds per vehicle) but will save approximately 32 seconds per transit vehicle in the AM peak hour.

Since the scenario without a receiving lane has a low net benefit to transit and increased non-transit vehicle delay, the TPM cost estimate and evaluation was only continued with the installation of the receiving lane.

2.11 Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road

This TPM (Figure A-11, Appendix A) involves restriping the lanes on Mumford Road at the intersection with Chebucto Road to provide a third (transit only) left turn lane from Mumford Road onto Chebucto Road with the reduction to a single northbound lane on Mumford Road. A transit only phase is required to accommodate this TPM.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-14.

Table 2-14 – TPM #11 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-29). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only movement, using a new southwestbound movement to model a transit only left turn movement from the curb lane. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-30). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | The above mentioned Synchro models were used to determine the impacts to transit vehicles that would result from the implementation of the TPM. |

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the PM peak period. Outside of the PM peak period, delay benefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net benefit to the road user of 0.4 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-11, Appendix D.

2.12 Robie Street @ Quinpool Road

This TPM (Figure A-12, Appendix A) involves restriping the southbound lanes on Robie Street at Quinpool Road to restrict the curb lane to transit vehicles and right turning vehicles only. Since there is a southbound receiving lane, a transit only phase is not required.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-15.

Table 2-15 – TPM #12 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Robie Street @ Quinpool Road / Cogswell Street / Bell Road (Willow Tree) was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-31). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the transit only through lane, using a new southwestbound movement to model a transit only through movement from the curb lane. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-32). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | The Synchro models were used to determine the impacts to transit vehicles that would result from the implementation of the TPM. |

The majority of the change to delay would be experienced during the AM peak period when stopping is not permitted in the curb lane on Robie Street in existing conditions. Outside of the AM peak period, delay benefits and disbenefits are reduced and a Daily Delay Factor of 2.0 was used in the analysis.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net disbenefit to road users of 101 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-12, Appendix D. Further analysis finds that the restriping of an existing southbound through lane as transit only will decrease the capacity of Robie Street southbound at the intersection for non-transit vehicles to an extent where through volume exceeds capacity. Average delay to southbound through vehicles will increase from 63 seconds to an estimated 278 seconds. The TPM saves an estimated 20 seconds per transit vehicle.

2.13 Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road

This TPM (Figure A-13, Appendix A) involves installing a protected / permitted phase for westbound left turning vehicles (vehicles leaving the Cobequid Terminal and turning left onto Cobequid Road). No lane modifications are required and no exclusive transit phase is required.

To determine the delay changes with this TPM, traffic models were developed using Synchro 9.0. Data acquisition and delay analysis methods for this TPM are summarized in Table 2-16.

Table 2-16 – TPM #12 Analysis Methods

| Delay Measurement | Delay Acquisition/Analysis Method |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Non Transit Delay Without TPM | The signalized intersection of Cobequid Road @ Legacy Court / Fultz House Lane was modelled using Synchro 9.0 with 2016 forecasted traffic volumes and existing signal timings. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-33). |
| Non Transit Delay With TPM | A separate model was created to model the network with the addition of the protected/permissive movement. The results of the modelling are included in Appendix C (Page C-34). |
| Transit delay Without and With TPM | The Synchro models were used to determine the impacts to transit vehicles that would result from the implementation of the TPM. |

The implementation of this TPM is expected to be in effect only during the PM peak. Recognizing that the non-peak hour experiences reduced volumes to the peak hour, a Daily Delay Factor of 1.8 was used.

A review of the results of the delay model finds that the TPM will have a daily noticeable net disbenefit to the road user of 4.5 user hours per day as outlined in Table D-13, Appendix D. Further review finds that the reallocation of green time from traffic on Cobequid Road and vehicles coming from the Bedford By-pass will result in an increase in delay for those movements. The highest delay increase being 21 seconds per vehicle for left turning vehicles from Fultz House Lane to Cobequid Road, with the movement approaching capacity ($v/c=0.93$).

3.0 TPM Financial Costs, Benefits, and Payback Period

For each of the 13 TPM being evaluated, functional layout plans have been prepared and included in Appendix A. Functional layouts were used to determine order of magnitude cost estimates for each proposed TPM. The Estimated Capital Costs, Estimated Annual cost change, Payback Period to the Transit Agency, and Overall Payback Period, are summarized in Table 3-1 with details shown in Appendix B.

Determination of Capital Costs:

Each of the cost estimates presented in this analysis and evaluation are order of magnitude costs only. The requirement for property acquisition was noted where required (TPM # 7), but the cost of the acquisition was not considered. The cost of upgrading signal poles, signal controllers, and vehicle detection was not included and costs of relocating underground infrastructure were not considered. Where signs were required, costs include the installation of posts. Costs do not include HST.

Where TPM projects indicated the potential for Integration with Capital Works Projects, the TPM cost estimate was reduced to account for Integration as follows:

- The cost estimate for TPM # 3 (Windmill Road at Seapoint Road) does not include the installation of sidewalk, but does include road widening, curb relocation, and utility pole relocation; and,
- The cost estimate for TPM # 11 (Mumford Road at Chebucto Road) does not include removal of existing pavement markings as the integration opportunity includes a resurfacing of Mumford Road.

In Table 3-1, negative payback periods (TPM # 4, 12, 13) indicate annual benefits are negative and that the capital costs will never be recovered by overall savings to transit, road users, and change in maintenance costs.

Table 3-1 - Cost Summary Table

| TPM Location | TPM # | Estimated Capital Cost ¹ | Annual Change in Cost to Transit Agency ² | Annual Change in Cost to road users (including Transit Riders) | Estimated Annual Maintenance Costs | Payback Period to the Transit Agency (years) ³ | Overall Payback Period (years) |
|--|-------|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Macdonald Bridge @ Wyse Road | 1 | \$12,000 | -\$2,800 | -\$25,100 | \$0 | 4.3 | 0.4 |
| Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) | 2 | \$299,000 | -\$15,200 | -\$132,700 | \$800 | 18.7 | 2.0 |
| Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) | 3 | \$276,000 | -\$14,100 | -\$114,000 | \$800 | 18.5 | 2.2 |
| Main Street @ Gordon Avenue | 4 | \$4,000 | -\$7,200 | \$260,900 | \$0 | 0.6 | (0.02) |
| Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | 5 | \$68,000 | -\$3,200 | -\$18,200 | \$0 | 21.3 | 3.2 |
| Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp | 6 | \$83,000 | -\$2,000 | -\$19,400 | \$0 | 41.5 | 3.9 |
| Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | 7 | \$332,000 | -\$1,500 | -\$16,000 | \$300 | 184.4 | 19.3 |
| Robie Street @ Almon Street | 8 | \$6,000 | -\$2,000 | -\$14,800 | \$0 | 3.0 | 0.4 |
| Main Street @ Hartlen Street | 9 | \$4,000 | -\$10,700 | -\$40,500 | \$0 | 0.4 | 0.08 |
| Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | 10 | \$99,000 | -\$3,600 | -\$34,200 | \$300 | 25.4 | 2.6 |
| Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road | 11 | \$10,000 | -\$3,800 | \$1,400 | \$0 | 2.6 | 4.2 |
| Robie Street @ Quinpool Road | 12 | \$20,000 | -\$3,200 | \$655,400 | \$0 | 6.3 | (0.03) |
| Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road | 13 | \$4,000 | -\$1,400 | \$29,900 | \$0 | 2.9 | (0.1) |
| <p>1. This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Actual cost may vary significantly from this estimate due to market conditions. Details for each shown in Appendix B.</p> <p>2. Annual Change in Cost to the Transit Agency does not include Change in Cost of ridership delay.</p> <p>3. The Payback Period to the Transit Agency is the Capital Cost divided by the Annual Savings to Transit minus the Annual Maintenance. This does not include time savings to transit riders.</p> | | | | | | | |



4.0 Comparison Between TPM Locations

The results of the delay and financial analyses for each TPM were compared to determine the Priority ranking and create a five year implementation plan for the TPM.

4.1 TPM Summary Matrix and Overall Evaluation

The results of the evaluations of the individual TPM locations have been compiled and are summarized in the Evaluation Matrix (Table 4-1). The Evaluation Matrix indicates that many of the TPM locations provide delay reductions to overall users while providing strong financial benefits to transit and overall road users.

Table 4-2 ranks the 13 TPM by Overall Evaluation Score and can be used a comparison tool assist with determining an implementation schedule of the TPM's.

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Table 4-1 - TPM Summary Evaluation Matrix

| | 1- Macdonald Bridge @Wyse Road | 2- Windmill Road @ Victoria Road | 3- Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road | 4- Main Street @ Gordon Avenue | 5- Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | 6- Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp | 7- Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | 8- Robie Street @ Almon Street | 9- Main Street @ Hartlen Street | 10- Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | 11- Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road | 12- Robie Street @ Quinpool Road | 13- Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Net Transit User Delay | -4.4 pass.hr | -23.4 pass.hr | -20.0 pass.hr | -6.8 pass.hr | -3.2 pass hr | -3.4 pass.hr | -2.8 pass.hr | -2.6 pass.hr | -7.0 pass.hr | -6.0 pass.hr | -5.4 pass.hr | -5.9 pass.hr | -1.1 pass.hr | |
| Payback Period to Transit | 4.3 years | 18.7 years | 18.5 years | 0.6 years | 21.3 years | 41.5 years | 184.4 years | 3.0 years | 0.4 years | 25.4 years | 2.6 years | 6.3 years | 2.9 years | |
| Net Change in Road User Delay ¹ | -4.4 pass.hr 2 | -23.3 pass.hr 5 | -20.0 pass.hr 5 | +39.7 pass.hr 0 | -3.2 pass hr 2 | -3.4 pass.hr 2 | -2.8 pass.hr 1 | -2.6 pass.hr 1 | -7.0 pass.hr 2 | -6.0 pass.hr 2 | -0.4 pass.hr 1 | +101.0 pass.hr 0 | +4.5 pass.hr 0 | |
| Payback Period ² | 0.4 years 5 | 2.0 years 4 | 2.2 years 4 | -0.02 years 0 | 3.2 years 3 | 3.9 years 3 | 19.3 years 1 | 0.4 years 5 | 0.08 years 5 | 2.6 years 4 | 4.2 years 3 | -0.03 years 0 | -0.1 years 0 | |
| Other Key Factors ³ | Score for Other Factors | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | |
| | Safety Considerations | +Reduced merging by Transit Vehicles | None | None | None | None | +Reduced merging by Transit Vehicles | +Better separation of transit vehicles | None | None | None | -Transit vehicles merging beyond intersection | +Currently Transit vehicles have to merge around parked vehicles | None |
| | Impact to Other Users | +Slight improvement for emergency vehicles | +Improvement for emergency vehicles | +Improvement for Emergency Vehicles | None | Impacts to adjacent properties with reduced access at Bruce Street, increased access at Boston Pizza | +Locates bus stops closer to crosswalks | +Improved pedestrian crossing -Property acquisition | None | -Additional conflict to pedestrians crossing during a permitted dual left | None | Reduced length of left turn availability to Leppert Street | -Removal of parking +Improvement for Emergency Vehicles | None |
| | Project Integration | No HRM Projects, Bridge Redecking, possible toll changes | None | ++Potential New Sidewalk Seapoint to Bancroft, 2016/2017 | None | None | None | None | None | None | None | ++Potential overlay on Chebucto Road and Mumford Road, 2016/2017 | None | None |
| | TPM Enforcement Requirements | -Enforcement of Exclusive Lane | -Enforcement of Transit only movement | -Enforcement of Transit phase/Transit only movement | -Enforcement of Transit only movement | None | None | -Enforcement of Exclusive Lane | -Enforcement of Transit phase/Transit only movement | None | -Enforcement of Transit only movement | -Enforcement of Transit only lane | --Significant enforcement of parking restrictions, Transit only movement | None |
| | Issues to Implementation | -Requires endorsement by HHB | -Removal of existing sign structure is required | N/A | N/A | Requires further investigation of left turns to Bruce Street | N/A | -Property Acquisition Required | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | -Intersection is under NSTIR Jurisdiction |
| | Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | Continues on existing promotion of Transit | None | ++Great Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | +Good Promotion of Transit | ++Great Promotion of Transit | None |
| Schedule Adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | None | None | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | +Improved schedule adherence | None | |
| Overall Evaluation | 9 | 10 | 13 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 | |

NOTES: 1. Scored on a scale of 0 to 5. Max score assigned for overall delay savings greater than 15 net Road user hours.
2. Scored on a scale of 0 to 5. Max score assigned for payback period less than 1 year.
3. Scored by combining each of the scores for the subcategories.

Table 4-2 - TPM Overall Evaluation

| Rank | TPM # | TPM Location | Overall Evaluation |
|------|-------|---|--------------------|
| 1 | 3 | Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) | 13 |
| 2 | 2 | Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) | 10 |
| 3 | 1 | Macdonald Bridge @ Wyse Road | 9 |
| 4 | 9 | Main Street @ Hartlen Street | 8 |
| 5 | 8 | Robie Street @ Almon Street | 7 |
| 6 | 10 | Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | 7 |
| 7 | 6 | Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp | 7 |
| 8 | 5 | Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | 6 |
| 9 | 11 | Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road | 5 |
| 10 | 7 | Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | 3 |
| 11 | 12 | Robie Street @ Quinpool Road | 2 |
| 12 | 4 | Main Street @ Gordon Avenue | 1 |
| 13 | 13 | Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road | 0 |

5.0 Summary & Recommended Five-Year Implementation Plan

5.1 Summary

One of the main project objectives of the Halifax Transit Priority Measures Study is to evaluate a roster of intersection opportunities for transit priority measures (TPM). In total, a roster of 19 locations was developed for initial screening (*Selection of TPM Locations*, WSP July 2015) and the 13 locations detailed in this report were selected for further review and evaluation.

Each of the 13 TPM locations has been individually assessed to determine the expected impacts to delay for transit and non-transit vehicles, as well as to consider any other site specific key factors associated with the proposed TPM. Order of magnitude cost estimates have been prepared for each TPM and compared to the expected cost savings to Halifax Transit resulting from reduced transit vehicle running time as well as cost savings to the public resulting from changes in delay. Payback Periods were determined for each TPM based on the project costs and savings. The results found that all 13 TPMs are expected to yield delay reductions for transit vehicles during the associated peak hour but that there are varying delay results expected for non-transit vehicles. The implementation cost estimates for installation of the 13 proposed TPM ranged from \$4,000 to over \$300,000.

Each TPM was given an overall evaluation score to facilitate direct comparisons between differing opportunities. Overall, there were high rankings for a mix of large and small scale TPM opportunities. This indicates that a small project can compare favourably to a large scale project in the right scenario and may be easier to budget for and implement in the near term versus larger scale opportunities that require more detailed design and budgeting for higher capital costs.

The Summary Comparison Matrix provides a tool for comparative analysis of the candidate TPM sites by combining multiple variables into a single measure to assist decision making. The Matrix has allowed a ranking of the locations to be considered for implementation by Halifax Transit. It is important to keep in mind that multiple criteria analysis is a tool that aids in decision making, and that rankings alone should not be used to deem locations suitable or unsuitable or to provide an absolute order of which locations should be considered for implementation.

Using the results of the comparative analysis and the estimated capital costs, a recommended five-year implementation plan was developed for the TPMs.

5.2 Recommended Five-Year Implementation Plan

Using the TPM Summary Evaluation Matrix (Table 4-1) and Estimated Capital Costs (Table 3-1) from this report, a recommended five-year implementation plan was developed. The implementation of TPM #4 will cost more than estimated if the installation of a receiving lane on Main Street is included. Staff from Halifax Transit have indicated that they intend to implement TPM #8 (Robie Street @ Almon Street) and TPM #9 (Main Street @ Hartlen Street) within the short term. Table 5-1 shows the recommended Five-Year Implementation Plan for the TPM evaluated in this report with the implementation of TPM at locations 8 and 9 shown in the current year for reference. If TPMs 8 and 9 cannot be implemented in 2016 they should both be completed in 2017 with preference to TPM #9 with its improved delay reduction and lower cost when compared to TPM #8. Included in the schedule is accommodation for detailed design.

The Summary Comparison Matrix provides a tool for comparative analysis of the candidate TPM sites by combining multiple variables into a single measure to assist decision making. The Matrix has allowed a ranking of the locations to be considered for implementation by Halifax Transit. It is important to keep in mind that multiple criteria analysis is a tool that aids in decision making, and that rankings alone should not be used to deem locations suitable or unsuitable or to provide an absolute order of which locations should be considered for implementation.

Table 5-1 – Proposed Five-year TPM Implementation Plan

| TPM Location ¹ | TPM # | Estimated Capital Cost ² | Implementation Year | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| MacDonald Bridge @ Wyse Road ³ | 1 | \$12,000 | | Design | Construct | | | |
| Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) | 2 | \$299,000 | | | Design | Construct | | |
| Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) ⁴ | 3 | \$276,000 | Design | Construct | | | | |
| Main Street @ Gordon Avenue ⁵ | 4 | \$4,000 | | | Design | Design | Construct | |
| Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road | 5 | \$68,000 | | | | Design | Construct | |
| Barrington Street @ MacDonald Bridge Ramp ³ | 6 | \$83,000 | | Design | Construct | | | |
| Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard | 7 | \$332,000 | | | | Design | Design | Construct |
| Robie Street @ Almon Street | 8 | \$6,000 | Construct | | | | | |
| Main Street @ Hartlen Street | 9 | \$4,000 | Construct | | | | | |
| Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue | 10 | \$99,000 | | Design | Construct | | | |
| Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road ⁴ | 11 | \$10,000 | Design | Construct | | | | |
| Robie Street @ Quinpool Road ⁶ | 12 | \$20,000 | | | | Planning | | |
| Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road ⁷ | 13 | \$4,000 | | | | Design | Construct | |
| Total Cost⁸ | | \$1,217,000 | \$ 10,000 | \$ 286,000 | \$ 194,000 | \$ 299,000 | \$ 96,000 | \$ 332,000 |

- In addition to the TPM locations assessed in this report, there may be additional TPM opportunities that are developed during the five-year implementation plan that warrant implementation before some of the 13 locations.
- This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Includes 35% contingency, excludes HST and property acquisition, details shown in Appendix B.
- The completion of TPM #1 and TPM #6 in 2017 would coincide with the anticipated completion of The Big Lift.
- TPM #3 and TPM #11 should be integrated with upcoming Capital Works Projects, with both projects anticipated for the 2016/17 Budget Year. Any delay in these Capital Works Projects should also delay the installation of the TPM.
- TPM #4 should be designed with consideration to adding a receiving lane on Main Street east of Gordon Avenue. The installation of a receiving lane would increase the capital cost.
- Defer TPM at this location until the overall intersection is further reviewed.
- Consider for actuation of the left turn phase by Transit vehicles only.
- Total project cost for each budget year assumes that the full capital cost is realized in the Construction year.

Table 5-1 considers the integration opportunities of TPM #3 and TPM #11 with scheduled Capital Works Projects at these locations. With the redecking of the Macdonald Bridge currently underway and its anticipated completion in Fall 2017, it is recommended that TPM #1 and TPM #6 be completed in 2017. Although this is not truly an integration opportunity, it is expected that there would be reduced impact to drivers and cost savings if the projects could be completed together, possibly during a scheduled bridge closure, and would mean that Macdonald Bridge users would become familiar with the new lane use restrictions of each TPM upon completion of the combined projects.

Halifax Transit staff should review the recommended five-year implementation plan and if necessary, seek additional capital funding for planning and implementation of the most beneficial locations over the next five years. The following are specific items to individual TPM locations that should be considered when planning for their implementation:

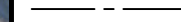
1. TPM at the intersection of Chebucto Road and Connaught Avenue in the eastbound direction should be accompanied by the installation of an eastbound receiving lane.
2. TPM on northbound Barrington Street at the approach to the Macdonald Bridge ramp should:
 - a. Reassign a southbound through lane as left turn lanes at the intersection with North Street, as shown in Figure A-6B; and,
 - b. Consider the additional relocation of the nearside bus stop south of North Street to the new stop location.
3. Before considering implementation of the TPM on Main Street at Gordon Avenue HRM should seek opportunities to install a short receiving lane on Main Street east of Gordon Avenue.
4. The modifications to the Toll lane at the Macdonald Bridge TPM could be implemented as a pilot project and further reviewed to provide information on how the lane usage change would impact actual operations in the merge area past the toll lanes to the bridge.
5. TPM at the intersection of Robie Street at Quinpool Road should be deferred until the overall intersection is further reviewed.
6. TPM at the intersection of the Cobequid Terminal at Cobequid Road should include a left turn phase that is activated by transit vehicles only.

Appendix A

Conceptual Layouts



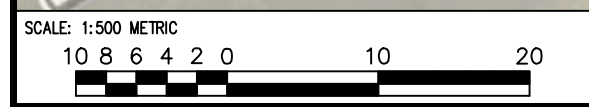
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-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

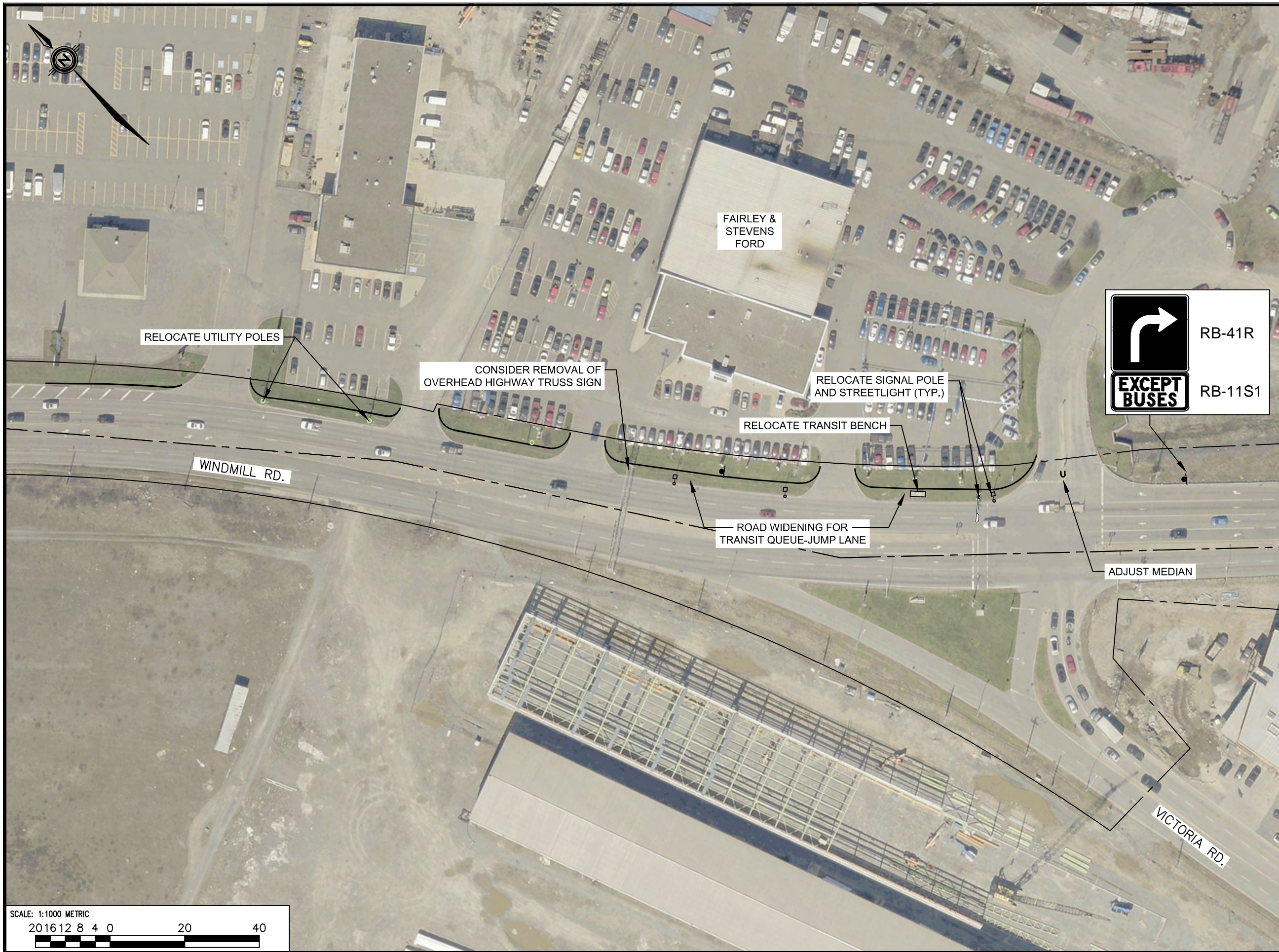
- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

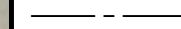



TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
MACDONALD BRIDGE AT WYSE ROAD
FIGURE A-1



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LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
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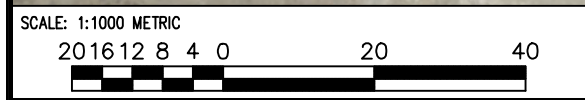
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

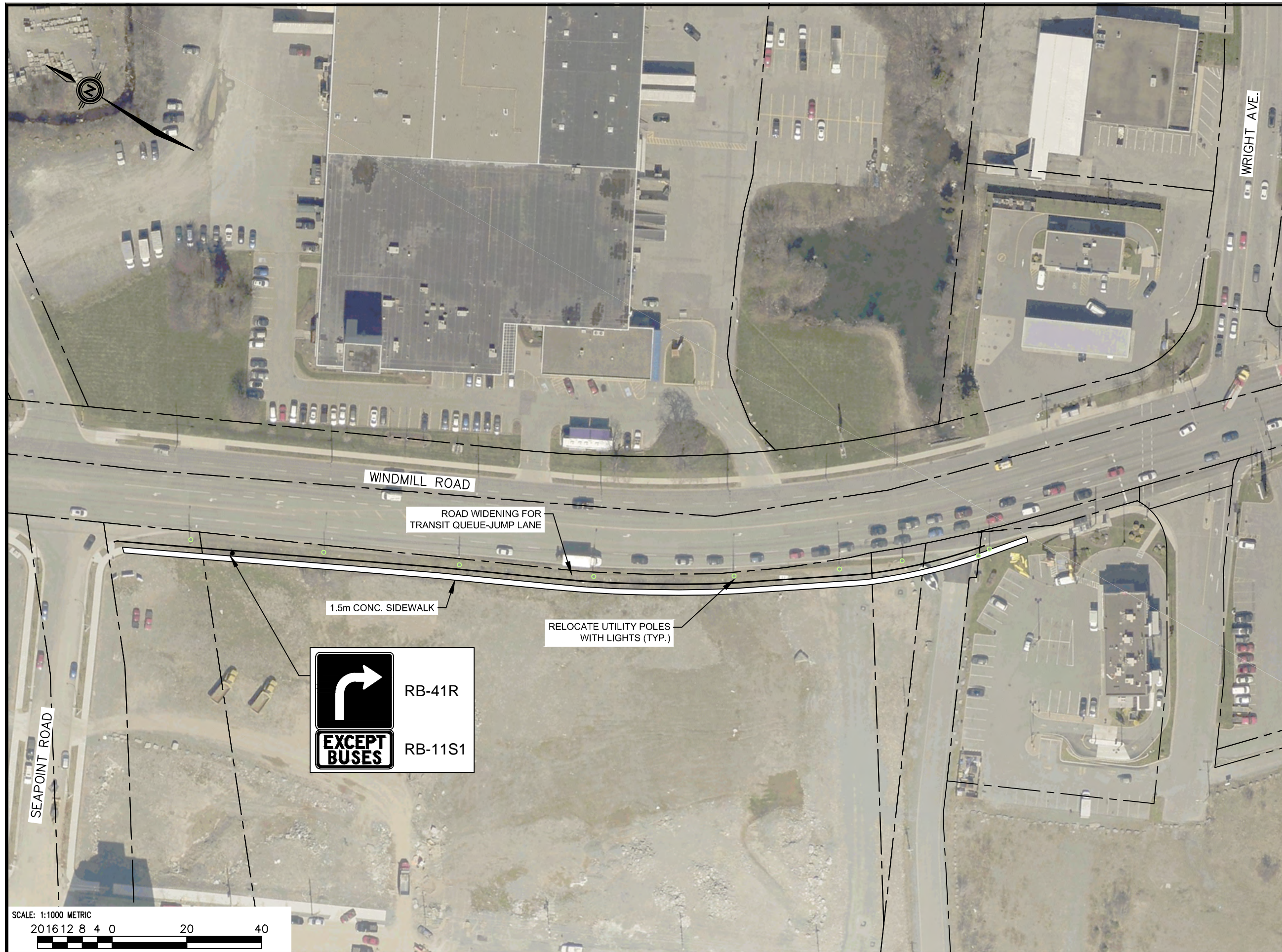
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
WINDMILL ROAD AT VICTORIA ROAD
FIGURE A-2

HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016

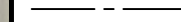


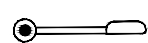


1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM





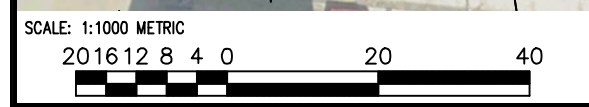
LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

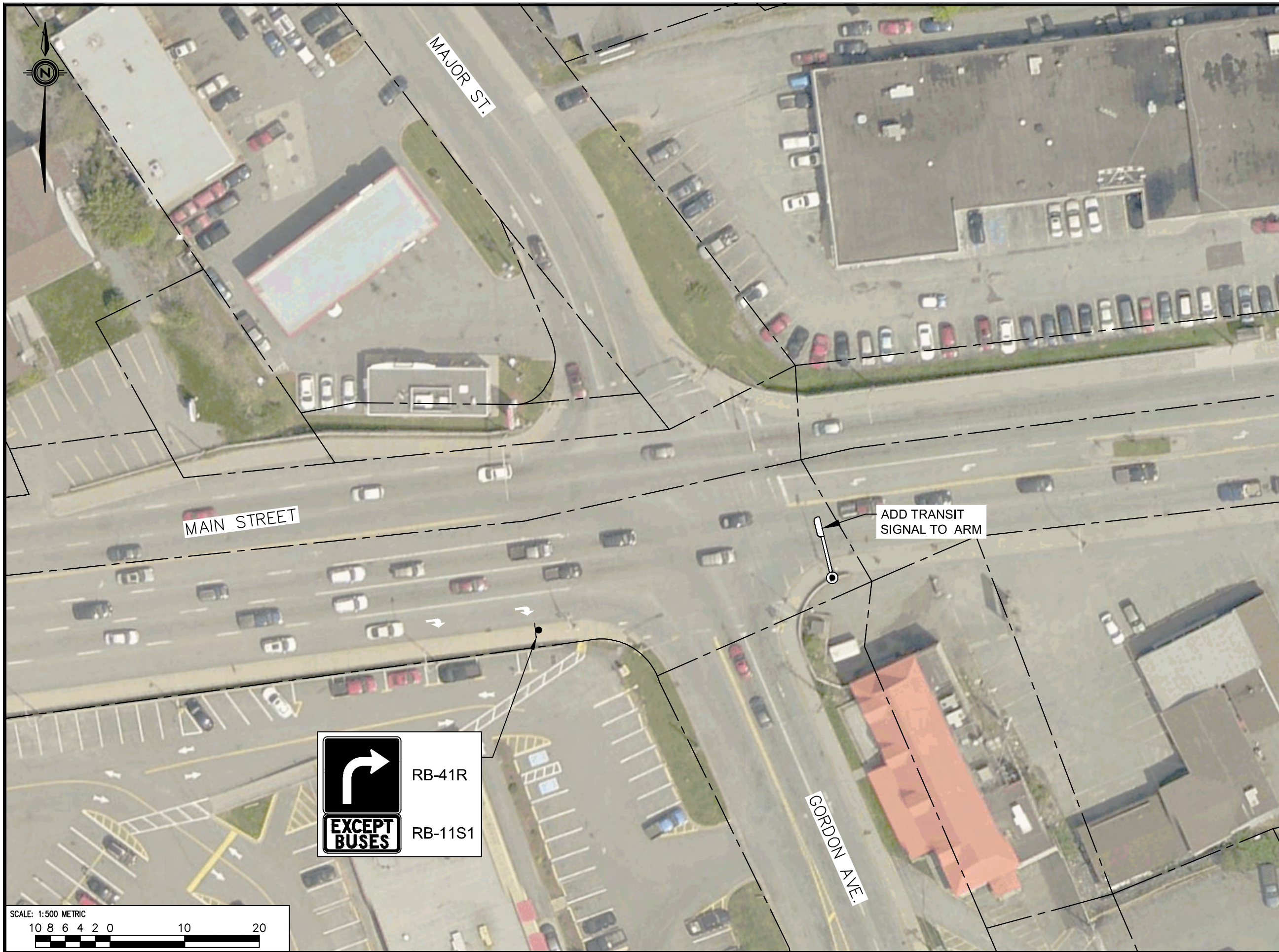
- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
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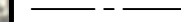


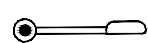
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
WINDMILL ROAD AT SEAPOINT ROAD
FIGURE A-3



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LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

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 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

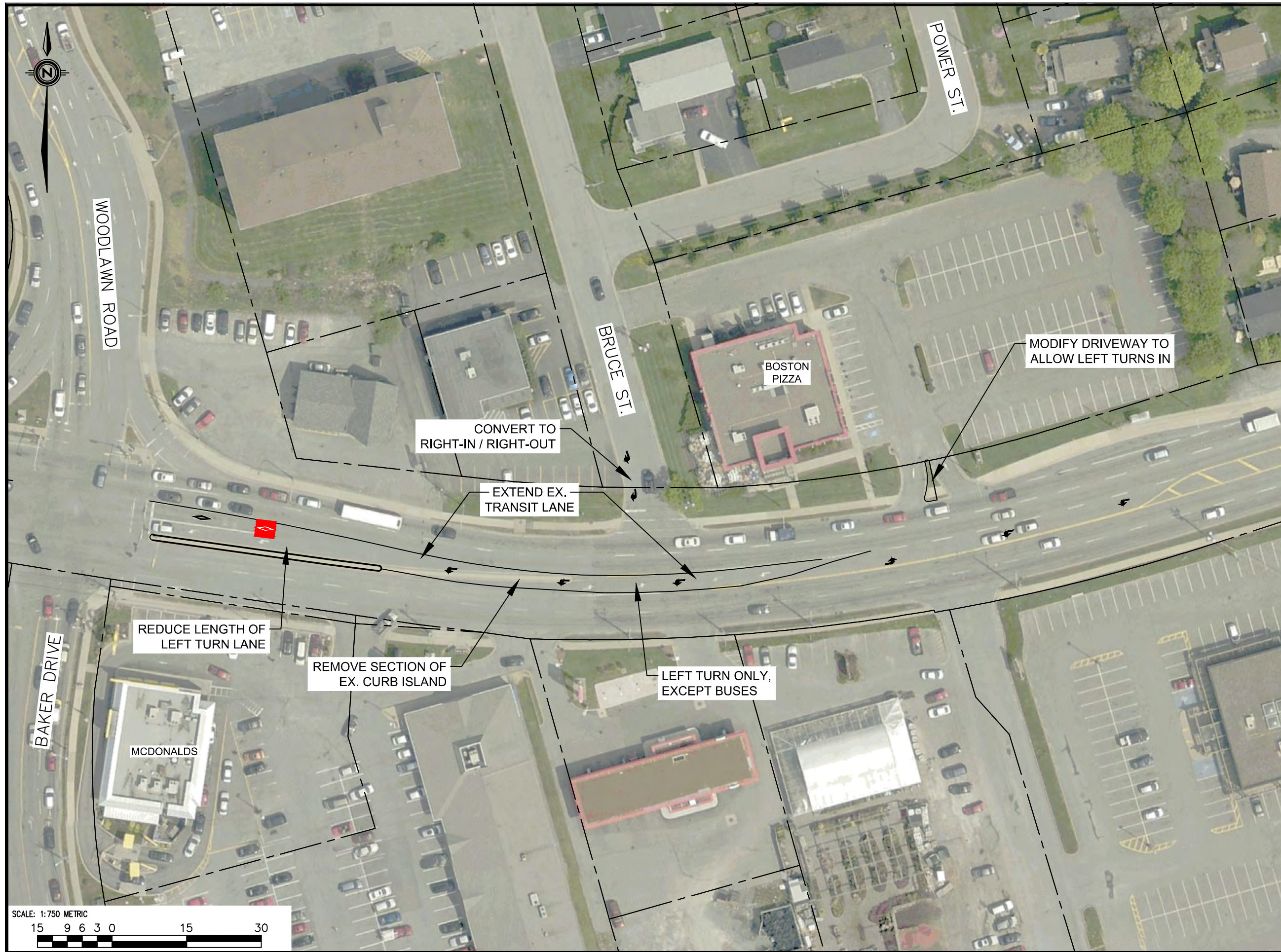
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
MAIN STREET AT GORDON AVENUE
FIGURE A-4

HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016

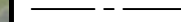


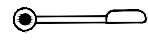
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 1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
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SCALE: 1:500 METRIC
 10 8 6 4 2 0 10 20

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LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

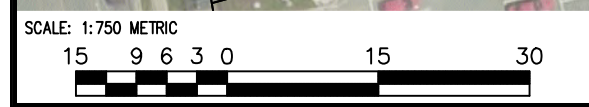
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
PORTLAND STREET AT WOODLAWN ROAD
FIGURE A-5

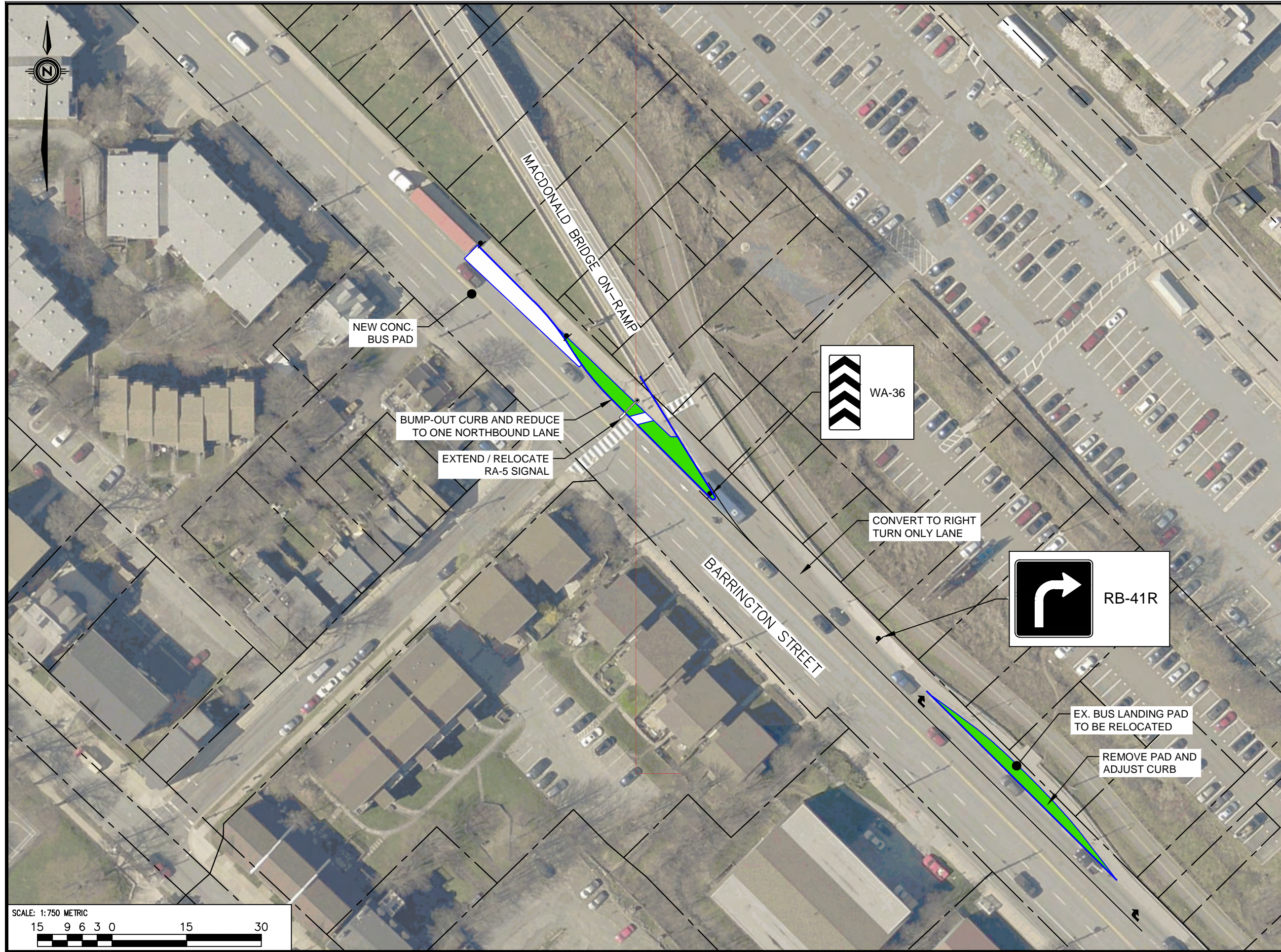
HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016



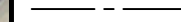

1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM



FILE: K:\DARTMOUTH\2015\15-0704 HALIFAX_TRANSPORT PRIORITIES MEASURES\15_0704_HALIFAX_TRANSPORT PRIORITIES MEASURES\15_0704_FUNCTIONAL DESIGNS\2.DWG Sheet:5



LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

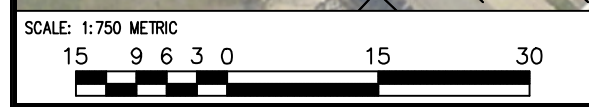
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
BARRINGTON ST. AT
MACDONALD BRIDGE RAMP
FIGURE A-6A

HALIFAX

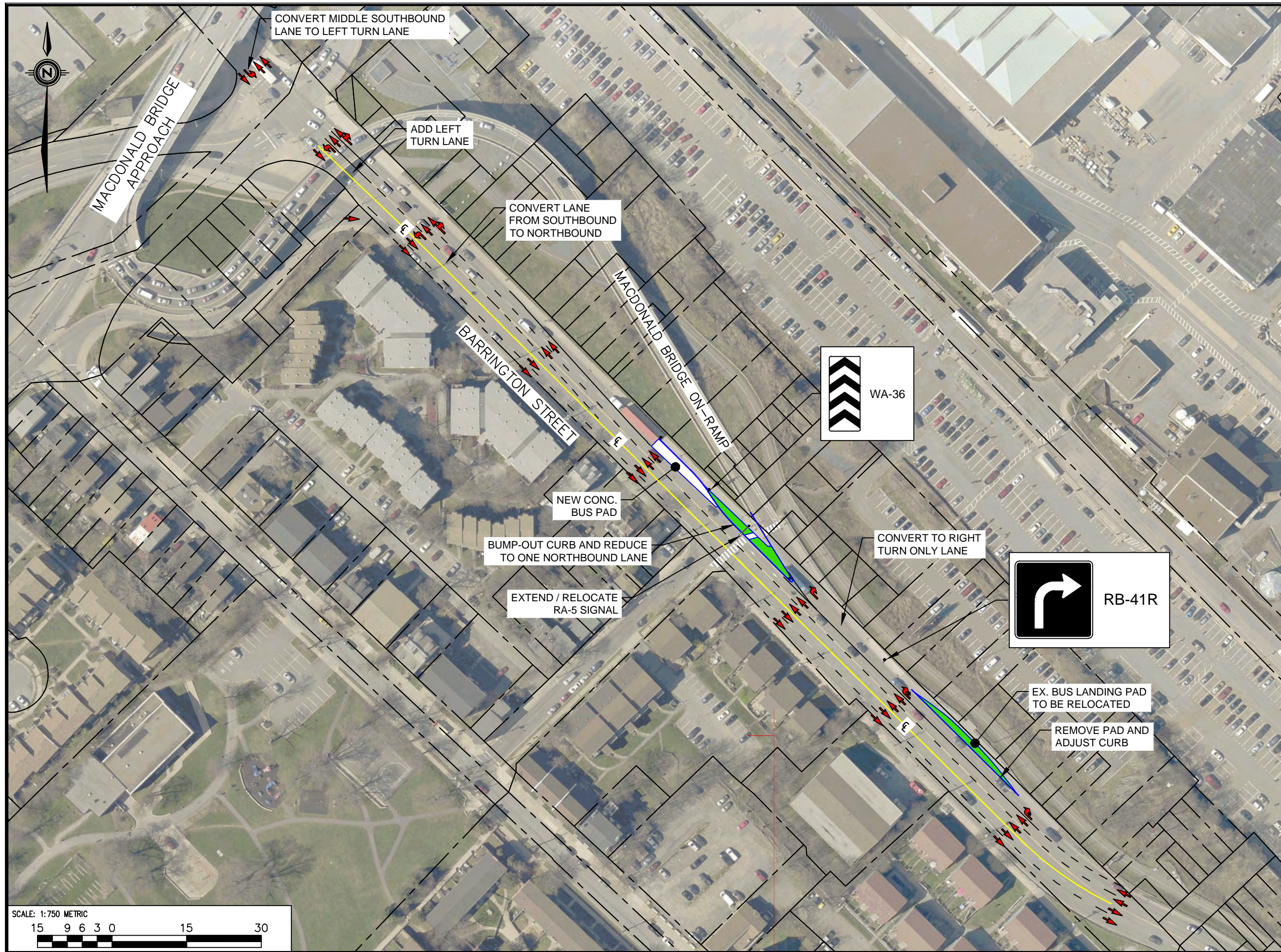
MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:750



1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM



FILE: K:\DARTMOUTH\2016151-0704 HALIFAX_TRANSIT PRIORITIES MEASURES\17_DWG\117_Traffic\15-0704 - FUNCTIONAL DESIGN\2.DWG Sheet6A



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED SIGN
- PAVEMENT ARROW
- TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

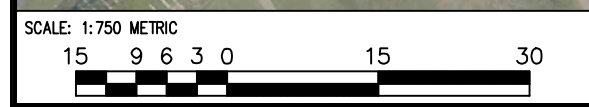
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
BARRINGTON ST. AT MACDONALD BRIDGE RAMP
FIGURE A-6B

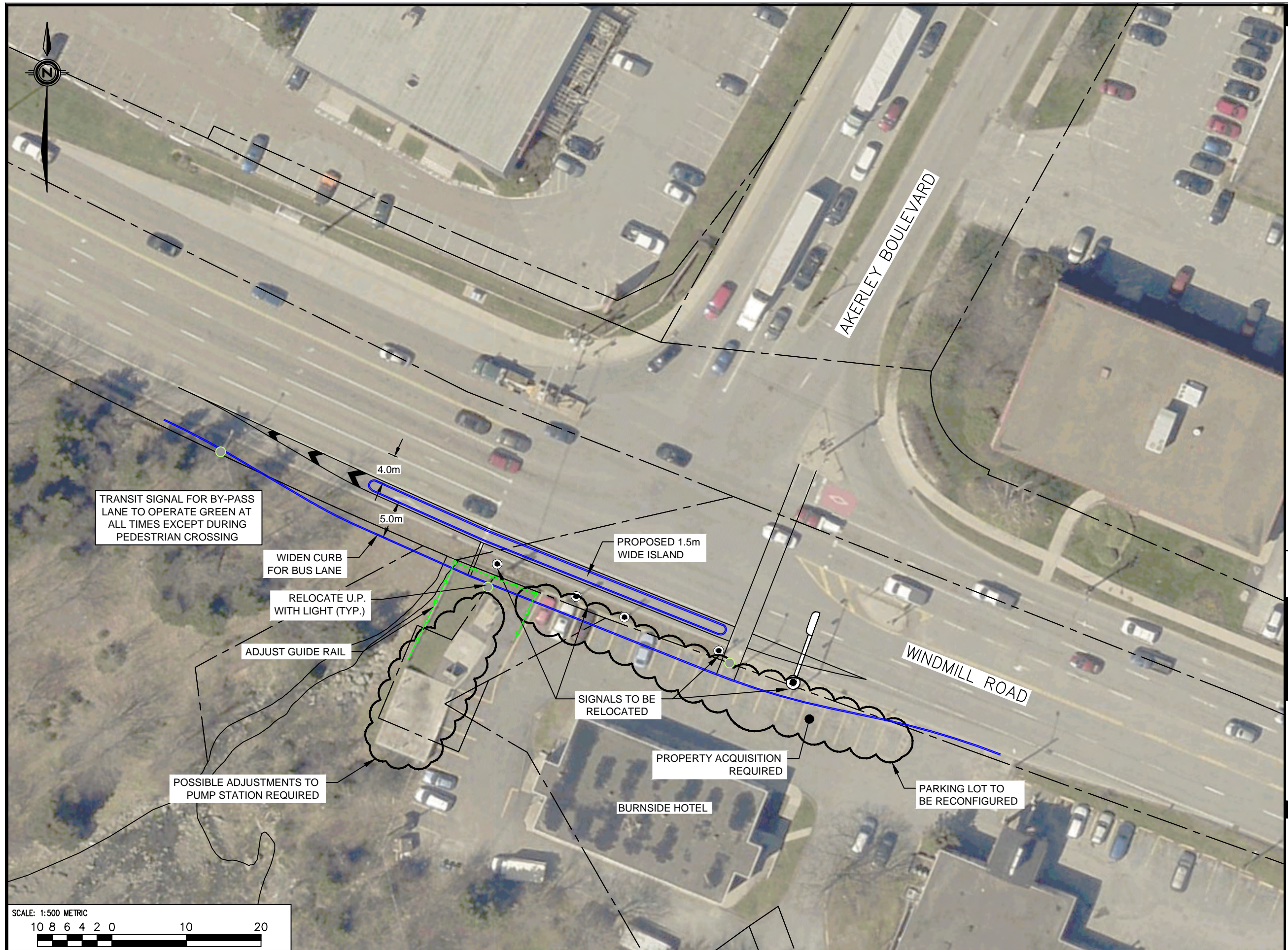
HALIFAX

MARCH 2016
 SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
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FILE: K:\DARTMOUTH\2016\151-01704-HALIFAX-TRANSIT PRIORITIES MEASURES\11_DWG\117_FUNCTIONAL DESIGN\2.DWG Sheet 6B



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED SIGN
- PAVEMENT ARROW
- TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

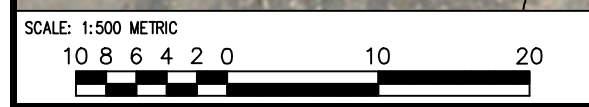
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

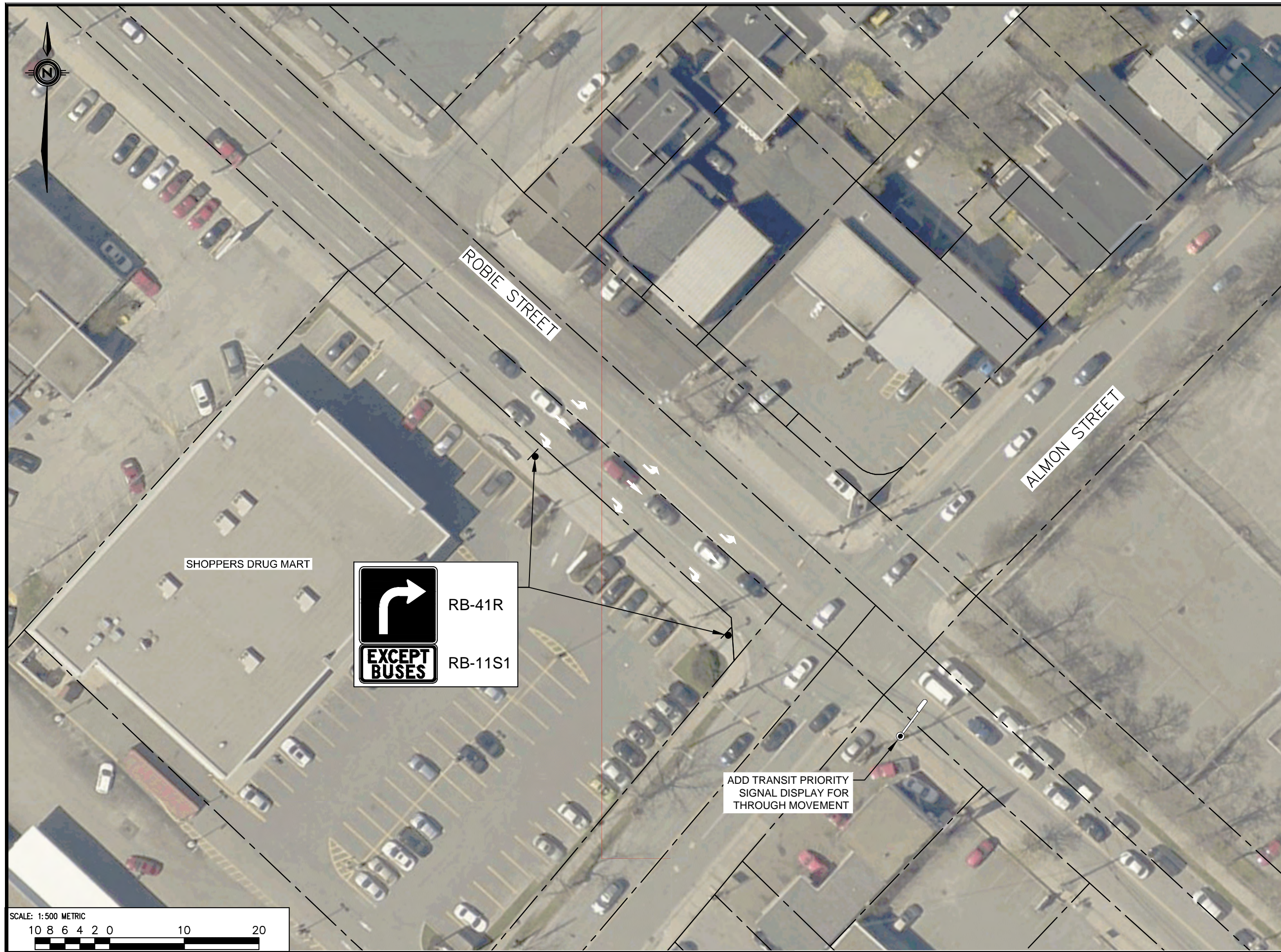
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
WINDMILL ROAD AT
AKERLEY BOULEVARD
FIGURE A-7

HALIFAX

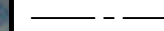


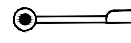
MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500

1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM





LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
ROBIE STREET BETWEEN
ALMON ST. AND YOUNG ST.

FIGURE A-8

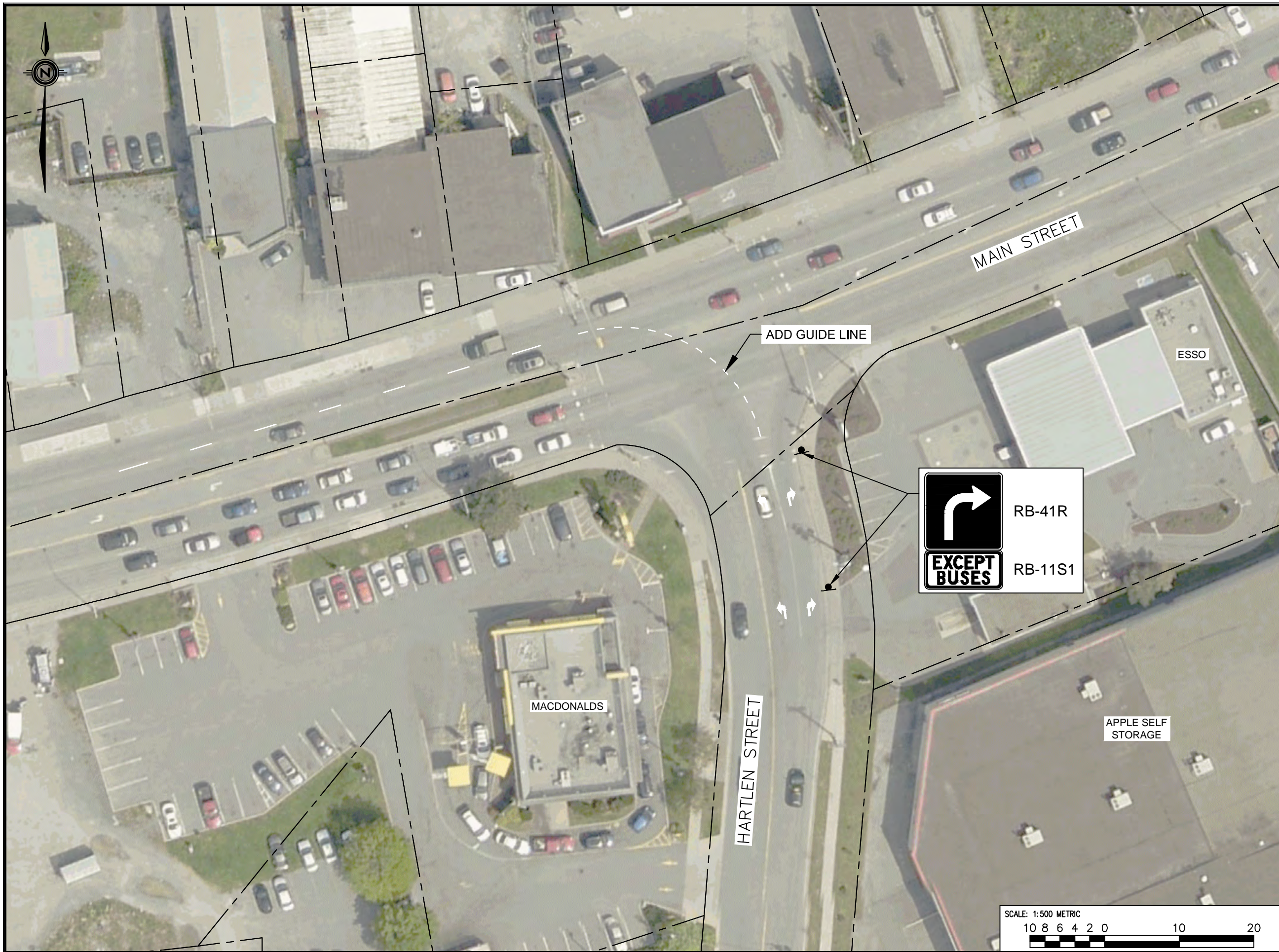


MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500

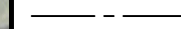





1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
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LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

Notes:

1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON

Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY

HARTLEN ST. AT MAIN ST.

FIGURE A-9

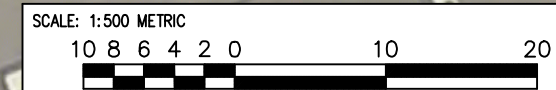
HALIFAX

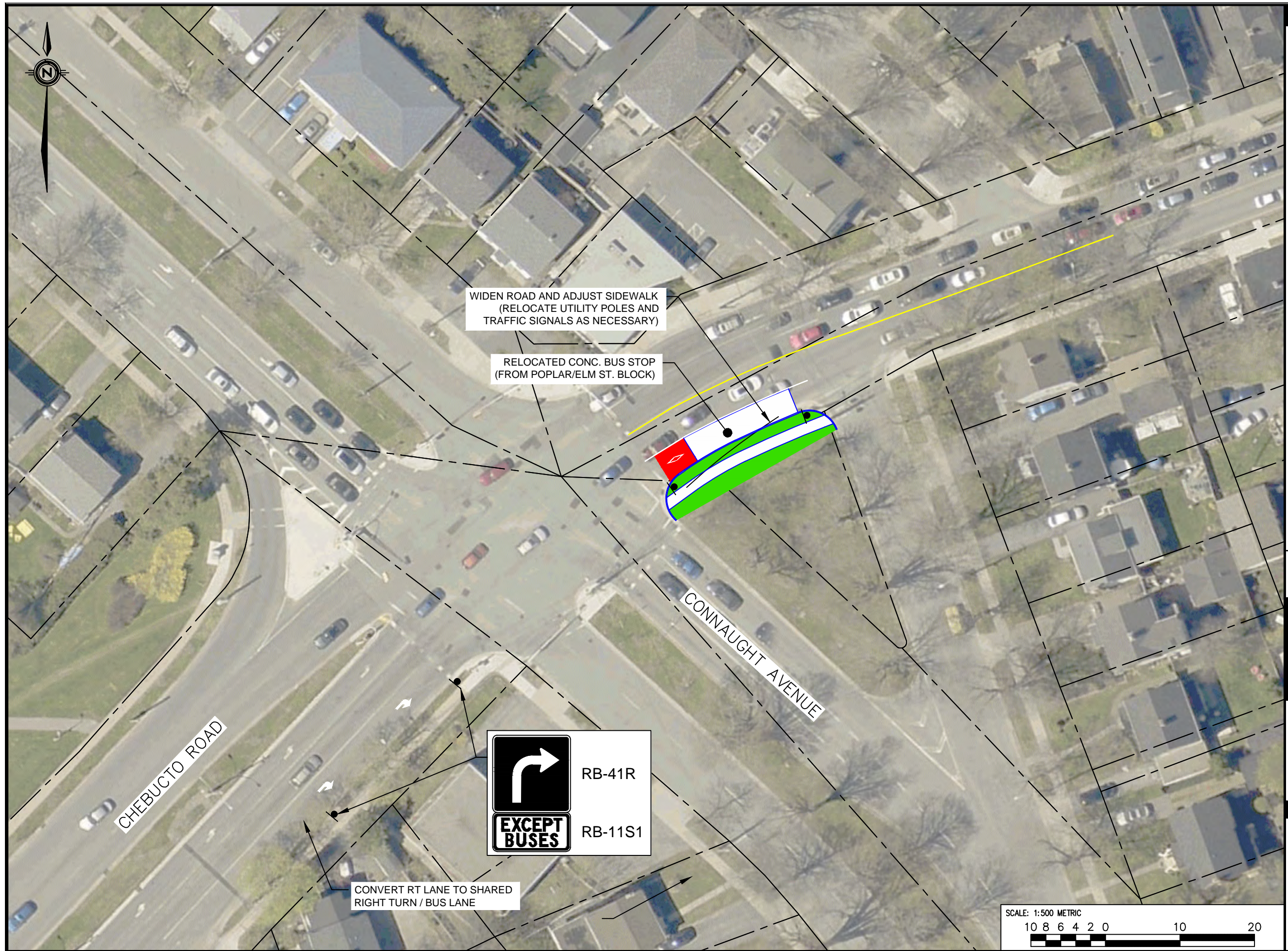
MARCH 2016

SCALE: 1:500



1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
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LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED SIGN
- PAVEMENT ARROW
- TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

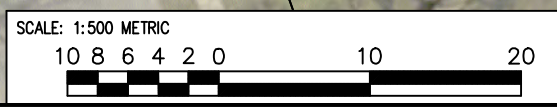
- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
CHEBUCTO ROAD AT CONNAUGHT AVENUE
FIGURE A-10

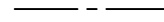

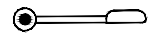
HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500

1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM





LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

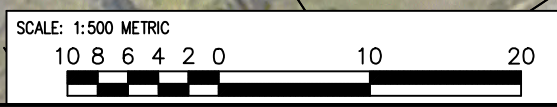
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
MUMFORD ROAD AT CHEBUCTO ROAD
FIGURE A-11

HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500



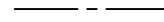


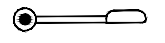
1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM



FILE: K:\DARTMOUTH\2016\151-0704-HALIFAX-TRANSIT PRIORITIES MEASURES\11_DWG\11.7_TRAFFIC\151-0704 - FUNCTIONAL DESIGNS\2.DWG Sheet 11



LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

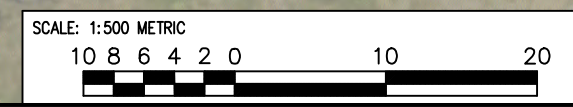
Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
ROBIE STREET AT QUINPOOL ROAD
FIGURE A-12

HALIFAX
 MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500

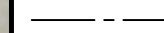





1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM





LEGEND

-  PROPERTY BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED SIGN
-  PAVEMENT ARROW
-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS

- Notes:**
1. All property boundaries shown are approximate only.
 2. Proposed changes are conceptual and representative only.
 3. Background aerial photography is for information purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the current existing condition.

Drawn: P. NICKERSON
 Engineer: G. O'BRIEN

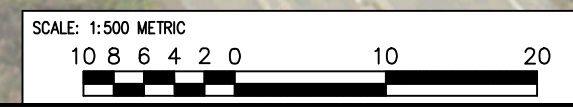
TRANSIT PRIORITY STUDY
COBEQUID ROAD AT COBEQUID TERMINAL
FIGURE A-13



MARCH 2016
 SCALE: 1:500



1 SPECTACLE LAKE DRIVE
 DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA CANADA, B3B 1X7
 PHONE: 902 835-9955 - FAX: 902 835-1645 - WWW.WSPGROUP.COM



FILE: K:\DARTMOUTH\2016\151-07704-HALIFAX-TRANSIT PRIORITIES MEASUREMENTS\17-DWG\117-TRAFFIC\151-07704 - FUNCTIONAL DESIGNS\2.DWG Sheet 13

Appendix B

Estimated TPM Costs

HRM TRANSIT PRIORITIES

HIGH LEVEL ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE COSTS



PROJECT NO. 151-01704
 DATE: Oct. 16, 2015
 CLIENT: HRM
 CONSULTANT: WSP
 UNIT PRICE SOURCE: WSP
 NOTE: HST NOT INCLUDED IN INDICATED UNIT PRICES AND TOTALS.

This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Actual cost may vary significantly from this estimate due to market conditions such as material and labour costs, time of year, industry workload, competition, etc. This estimate has been prepared based on our experience with similar projects. This estimate has not been prepared by obtaining any estimates or quotes from contractors. Due to the uncertainties of what contractors bid, WSP cannot make any assurances that this estimate will be within a reasonable range of the tendered low bid. When assessing this project for business feasibility purposes this estimate should not be relied upon without considering these factors.

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | UNITS | UNIT PRICE | SITE LOCATION (See Description Below) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-----------------|----------|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| | | | | #1 | | #2 | | #3 ³ | | #4 | | #5 | | #6 | |
| | | | | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST |
| 1 | Land Acquisition Anticipated? | - | - | No | | No | | No | | No | | No | | No | |
| 2 | Street Widening | m2 | \$100 | | | 600 | \$60,000 | 900 | \$90,000 | | | 60 | \$6,000 | | |
| 3 | Street Removal | m2 | \$10 | | | | | | | | | | | 280 | \$2,800 |
| 4 | Curbs | m | \$100 | | | 250 | \$25,000 | 235 | \$23,500 | | | 125 | \$12,500 | 150 | \$15,000 |
| 5 | Curb Removal | m | \$25 | | | 250 | \$6,250 | 235 | \$5,875 | | | 210 | \$5,250 | 150 | \$3,750 |
| 6 | Sidewalks | m2 | \$100 | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | \$500 |
| 7 | Sidewalk Removal | m2 | \$20 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Bus Pad | m2 | \$150 | | | | | | | | | | | 90 | \$13,500 |
| 9 | Signs (Landscape) | each | \$600 | | | 3 | \$1,800 | | | | | 2 | \$1,200 | 1 | \$600 |
| 10 | Signs (Concrete) | each | \$1,000 | 1 | \$1,000 | | | | | 1 | \$1,000 | 1 | \$1,000 | 3 | \$3,000 |
| 11 | Landscaping | m2 | \$12 | | | 300 | \$3,600 | 365 | \$4,380 | | | 300 | \$3,600 | 180 | \$2,160 |
| 12 | Pavement Markings | LS | | 1 | \$250 | 1 | \$2,000 | 1 | \$1,500 | 1 | \$250 | 1 | \$7,500 | 1 | \$2,500 |
| 13 | In-Lay Reserved Lane Symbol | each | \$5,000 | 1 | \$5,000 | | | | | | | 1 | \$5,000 | | |
| 14 | Add Transit Priority Signal | each | \$2,000 | | | | | | | 1 | \$2,000 | | | | |
| 15 | Signal/Light Relocation | each | \$10,000 | | | 4 | \$40,000 | | | | | | | 1 | \$10,000 |
| 16 | Power Pole Relocation | each | \$7,500 | | | 2 | \$15,000 | 9 | \$67,500 | | | | | | |
| 17 | Catchbasin Relocation | each | \$8,000 | | | 2 | \$16,000 | 1 | \$8,000 | | | 1 | \$8,000 | 1 | \$8,000 |
| 19 | Transit Bench/Pad Relocation | each | \$1,500 | | | 1 | \$1,500 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Guard Rail Replacement | m | \$120 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Removable Delineators | each | \$750 | 4 | \$3,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Fencing | m | \$100 | | | | | 35 | \$3,500 | | | | | | |
| 24 | Add Left Turn Signal Phase | LS | \$3,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Misc Costs ^{1,2} | LS | | | | 1 | \$50,000 | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Sub-Total | \$9,250 | \$221,150 | \$204,255 | \$3,250 | \$50,050 | \$61,810 |
| Contingency (35%) | \$3,238 | \$77,403 | \$71,489 | \$1,138 | \$17,518 | \$21,634 |
| ESTIMATED COST (excl. HST) | \$12,000 | \$299,000 | \$276,000 | \$4,000 | \$68,000 | \$83,000 |

SITE LOCATIONS

| | |
|----|------------------------------------|
| #1 | MacDonald Bridge @ Wyse Road |
| #2 | Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) |
| #3 | Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) |

| | |
|----|---|
| #4 | Main Street @ Gordon Avenue |
| #5 | Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road |
| #6 | Barrington Street @ MacDonald Bridge Ramp |

- Allowance for removal/relocation of truss sign structure, TPM #2
- Allowance for parking lot adjustments, Burnside Hotel, TPM #7
- TPM #3 (Windmill @ Seapoint) can be integrated with sidewalk installation on Windmill Road. Cost of sidewalk was not included in the estimate.
- TPM #11 (Mumford @ Chebucto) can be integrated with resurfacing of Mumford Road. Costs for slight modifications to pavement markings was not included in the estimate.

HRM TRANSIT PRIORITIES

HIGH LEVEL ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE COSTS



PROJECT NO. 151-01704
 DATE: Oct. 16, 2015
 CLIENT: HRM
 CONSULTANT: WSP
 UNIT PRICE SOURCE: WSP
 NOTE: HST NOT INCLUDED IN INDICATED UNIT PRICES AND TOTALS.

This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Actual cost may vary significantly from this estimate due to market conditions such as material and labour costs, time of year, industry workload, competition, etc. This estimate has been prepared based on our experience with similar projects. This estimate has not been prepared by obtaining any estimates or quotes from contractors. Due to the uncertainties of what contractors bid, WSP cannot make any assurances that this estimate will be within a reasonable range of the tendered low bid. When assessing this project for business feasibility purposes this estimate should not be relied upon without considering these factors.

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | UNITS | UNIT PRICE | SITE LOCATION (See Description Below) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| | | | | #7 | | #8 | | #9 | | #10 | | #11 | | #12 | | #13 | |
| | | | | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST | QNTY. | COST |
| 1 | Land Acquisition Anticipated? | - | - | Yes | | No | | No | | No | | No | | No | | No | |
| 2 | Street Widening | m2 | \$100 | 400 | \$40,000 | | | | | 40 | \$4,000 | | | | | | |
| 3 | Street Removal | m2 | \$10 | 150 | \$1,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Curbs | m | \$100 | 250 | \$25,000 | | | | | 35 | \$3,500 | | | | | | |
| 5 | Curb Removal | m | \$25 | 150 | \$3,750 | | | | | 35 | \$875 | | | | | | |
| 6 | Sidewalks | m2 | \$100 | 50 | \$5,000 | | | | | 40 | \$4,000 | | | | | | |
| 7 | Sidewalk Removal | m2 | \$20 | 50 | \$1,000 | | | | | 40 | \$800 | | | | | | |
| 8 | Bus Pad | m2 | \$150 | | | | | | | 55 | \$8,250 | | | | | | |
| 9 | Signs (Landscape) | each | \$600 | | | | | | | 4 | \$2,400 | 1 | \$600 | | | | |
| 10 | Signs (Concrete) | each | \$1,000 | 1 | \$1,000 | 2 | \$2,000 | 2 | \$2,000 | | | | | 2 | \$2,000 | | |
| 11 | Landscaping | m2 | \$12 | 300 | \$3,600 | | | | | 80 | \$960 | | | | | | |
| 12 | Pavement Markings | LS | | 1 | \$7,500 | 1 | \$500 | 1 | \$1,000 | 1 | \$500 | | | 1 | \$7,500 | | |
| 13 | In-Lay Reserved Lane Symbol | each | \$5,000 | 1 | \$5,000 | | | | | 1 | \$5,000 | 1 | \$5,000 | 1 | \$5,000 | | |
| 14 | Add Transit Priority Signal | each | \$2,000 | | | 1 | \$2,000 | | | | | 1 | \$2,000 | | | | |
| 15 | Signal/Light Relocation | each | \$10,000 | 5 | \$50,000 | | | | | 2 | \$20,000 | | | | | | |
| 16 | Power Pole Relocation | each | \$7,500 | 3 | \$22,500 | | | | | 2 | \$15,000 | | | | | | |
| 17 | Catchbasin Relocation | each | \$8,000 | 2 | \$16,000 | | | | | 1 | \$8,000 | | | | | | |
| 19 | Transit Bench/Pad Relocation | each | \$1,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Guard Rail Replacement | m | \$120 | 35 | \$4,200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Removable Delineators | each | \$750 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Fencing | m | \$100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | Add Left Turn Signal Phase | LS | \$3,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | \$3,000 |
| 25 | Misc Costs ^{1,2} | LS | | 1 | \$60,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Sub-Total | \$246,050 | \$4,500 | \$3,000 | \$73,285 | \$7,600 | \$14,500 | \$3,000 |
| Contingency (35%) | \$86,118 | \$1,575 | \$1,050 | \$25,650 | \$2,660 | \$5,075 | \$1,050 |
| ESTIMATED COST (excl. HST) | \$332,000 | \$6,000 | \$4,000 | \$99,000 | \$10,000 | \$20,000 | \$4,000 |

SITE LOCATIONS

| | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|
| #7 | Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard |
| #8 | Robie Street @ Almon Street |
| #9 | Main Street @ Hartlen Street |
| #10 | Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue |

| | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|
| #11 | Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road |
| #12 | Robie Street @ Quinpool Road |
| #13 | Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road |

1. Allowance for removal/relocation of truss sign structure, TPM #2
2. Allowance for parking lot adjustments, Burnside Hotel, TPM #7
3. TPM #3 (Windmill @ Seapoint) can be integrated with sidewalk installation on Windmill Road. Cost of sidewalk was not included in the estimate.
4. TPM #11 (Mumford @ Chebucto) can be integrated with resurfacing of Mumford Road. Costs for slight modifications to pavement markings was not included in the estimate.

Appendix C

Intersection Performance Analyses

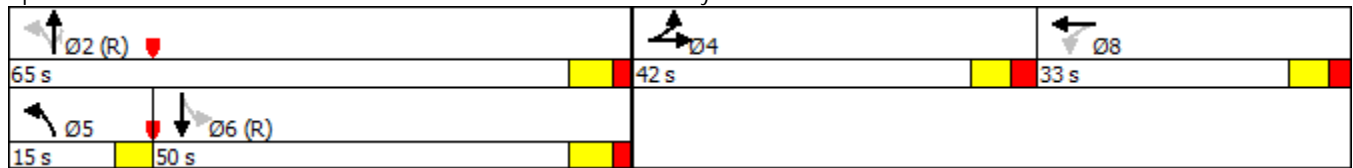
HRM Transit Priority - Windmill Road @ Victoria Road
 1: Victoria Road & Windmill Road & Ford Driveway

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 420 | 1 | 70 | 13 | 3 | 7 | 50 | 1378 | 15 | 4 | 986 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 420 | 1 | 70 | 13 | 3 | 7 | 50 | 1378 | 15 | 4 | 986 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1700 | 1654 | 0 | 0 | 1754 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 1789 | 3579 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.950 | 0.966 | | | 0.680 | | 0.180 | | | 0.119 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1700 | 1654 | 0 | 0 | 1226 | 0 | 339 | 3579 | 1601 | 224 | 3579 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 14 | | | 8 | | | | 81 | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 270 | 264 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 54 | 1498 | 16 | 4 | 1072 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | | Perm | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | 4 | 4 | | | 8 | | 5 | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | | 8 | | | 2 | | 2 | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 42.0 | 42.0 | | 33.0 | 33.0 | | 15.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.7 | 6.7 | | | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 27.6 | 27.6 | | | 8.0 | | 92.5 | 89.9 | 89.9 | 80.4 | 80.4 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.20 | 0.20 | | | 0.06 | | 0.66 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.57 | 0.57 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.81 | 0.78 | | | 0.32 | | 0.18 | 0.65 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.52 | |
| Control Delay | 71.3 | 66.2 | | | 58.8 | | 13.0 | 19.7 | 0.0 | 22.8 | 16.9 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 71.3 | 66.2 | | | 58.8 | | 13.0 | 19.7 | 0.0 | 22.8 | 16.9 | |
| LOS | E | E | | | E | | B | B | A | C | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 68.8 | | | 58.8 | | | 19.3 | | | 16.9 | |
| Approach LOS | | E | | | E | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 75.3 | 69.6 | | | 4.6 | | 5.5 | 141.4 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 38.4 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 102.3 | 96.7 | | | 14.2 | | 13.3 | 200.7 | 0.0 | m1.3 | 120.8 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 24.9 | | | 43.8 | | | 305.5 | | | 102.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | 40.0 | | 40.0 | 30.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 428 | 427 | | | 236 | | 338 | 2297 | 1056 | 128 | 2055 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.63 | 0.62 | | | 0.11 | | 0.16 | 0.65 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.52 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green, Master Intersection
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.81
 Intersection Signal Delay: 27.0
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 72.8%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 1: Victoria Road & Windmill Road & Ford Driveway



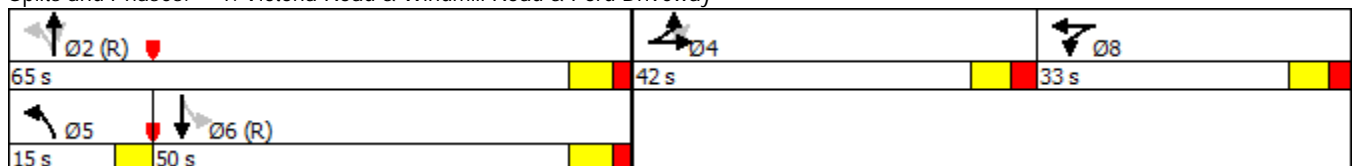
HRM Transit Priority - Windmill Road @ Victoria Road
 1: Victoria Road & Windmill Road & Ford Driveway

| Lane Group | EBL2 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | NBR2 | SBL | SBT |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 420 | 1 | 70 | 13 | 3 | 7 | 50 | 1360 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 986 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 420 | 1 | 70 | 13 | 3 | 7 | 50 | 1360 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 986 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1700 | 1654 | 0 | 0 | 1754 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1054 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.950 | 0.966 | | | 0.972 | | 0.169 | | | | 0.112 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1700 | 1654 | 0 | 0 | 1754 | 0 | 318 | 3579 | 1054 | 0 | 211 | 3579 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 14 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 277 | 272 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 56 | 1523 | 37 | 0 | 4 | 1104 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | | Split | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Perm | | Perm | NA |
| Protected Phases | 4 | 4 | | 8 | 8 | | 5 | 2 | | | | 6 |
| Permitted Phases | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 6 | |
| Total Split (s) | 42.0 | 42.0 | | 33.0 | 33.0 | | 15.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.7 | 6.7 | | | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.6 | 6.6 | | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 28.1 | 28.1 | | | 8.0 | | 92.0 | 89.4 | 89.4 | | 79.9 | 79.9 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.20 | 0.20 | | | 0.06 | | 0.66 | 0.64 | 0.64 | | 0.57 | 0.57 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.81 | 0.80 | | | 0.26 | | 0.19 | 0.67 | 0.06 | | 0.03 | 0.54 |
| Control Delay | 71.7 | 66.8 | | | 69.1 | | 13.3 | 20.3 | 13.7 | | 23.2 | 17.2 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 71.7 | 66.8 | | | 69.1 | | 13.3 | 20.3 | 13.7 | | 23.2 | 17.2 |
| LOS | E | E | | | E | | B | C | B | | C | B |
| Approach Delay | | 69.3 | | | 69.1 | | | 19.9 | | | | 17.2 |
| Approach LOS | | E | | | E | | | B | | | | B |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 77.2 | 71.8 | | | 7.1 | | 5.8 | 148.4 | 4.1 | | 0.2 | 58.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 105.1 | 100.0 | | | 16.8 | | 13.5 | 205.5 | 10.7 | | m1.4 | 124.7 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 24.9 | | | 43.8 | | | 305.5 | | | | 102.9 |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | 40.0 | | 40.0 | | 30.0 | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 428 | 427 | | | 329 | | 324 | 2285 | 672 | | 120 | 2041 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.65 | 0.64 | | | 0.08 | | 0.17 | 0.67 | 0.06 | | 0.03 | 0.54 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green, Master Intersection
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.81
 Intersection Signal Delay: 27.6
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 74.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 1: Victoria Road & Windmill Road & Ford Driveway



HRM Transit Priority - Windmill @ Seapoint
 1: Windmill Road & Seapoint Road/Ralston Avenue

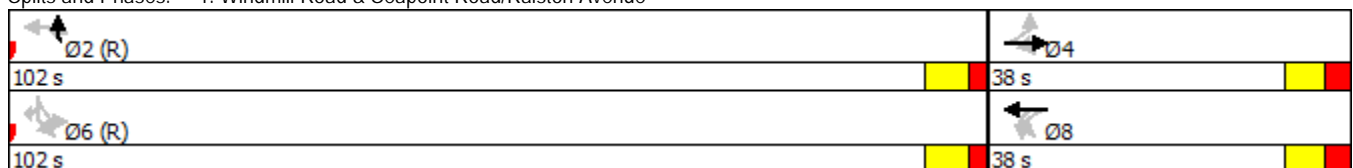
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL2 | WBT | WBR | SBL2 | SBL | SBR | NWL | NWR | NWR2 |
|------------------------|------|-------|------|------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 17 | 12 | 30 | 11 | 2 | 26 | 42 | 2012 | 24 | 20 | 1073 | 10 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 17 | 12 | 30 | 11 | 2 | 26 | 42 | 2012 | 24 | 20 | 1073 | 10 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 1831 | 1601 | 0 | 1690 | 0 | 1789 | 3471 | 1601 | 1789 | 2818 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | | 0.797 | | | 0.892 | | 0.211 | 0.955 | | 0.068 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 1501 | 1601 | 0 | 1529 | 0 | 397 | 3489 | 1601 | 128 | 2818 | 1601 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | | | 28 | | | | 31 | | | 31 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 31 | 33 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 46 | 2187 | 26 | 22 | 1166 | 11 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | Perm | Perm | Perm | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 8 | | | | | | 2 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | 4 | 8 | | | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2 | | 2 |
| Total Split (s) | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 7.0 | 7.0 | | 7.0 | | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 8.7 | 8.7 | | 8.7 | | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.06 | 0.06 | | 0.06 | | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.33 | 0.33 | | 0.35 | | 0.13 | 0.72 | 0.02 | 0.20 | 0.48 | 0.01 |
| Control Delay | | 72.0 | 71.3 | | 37.4 | | 3.2 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 0.1 |
| Queue Delay | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | | 72.0 | 71.3 | | 37.4 | | 3.2 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 0.1 |
| LOS | | E | E | | D | | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| Approach Delay | | 71.6 | | | 37.4 | | | | | 8.7 | | |
| Approach LOS | | E | | | D | | | | | A | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 8.4 | 9.0 | | 3.8 | | 1.7 | 101.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 57.6 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | 18.7 | 19.8 | | 15.6 | | 4.9 | 144.2 | 1.3 | m0.4 | 71.1 | m0.0 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 139.1 | | | 195.9 | | | | | 324.4 | | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 30.0 | | | | 23.0 | 23.0 | 25.0 | 23.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 332 | 354 | | 360 | | 345 | 3036 | 1397 | 111 | 2452 | 1397 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.09 | 0.09 | | 0.12 | | 0.13 | 0.72 | 0.02 | 0.20 | 0.48 | 0.01 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 109 (78%), Referenced to phase 2:NWL and 6:SBL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.72
 Intersection Signal Delay: 8.5
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 93.5%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Intersection LOS: A
 ICU Level of Service F

Splits and Phases: 1: Windmill Road & Seapoint Road/Ralston Avenue



HRM Transit Priority - Windmill @ Seapoint
 2: Windmill Road & Bancroft Lane/Wright Avenue

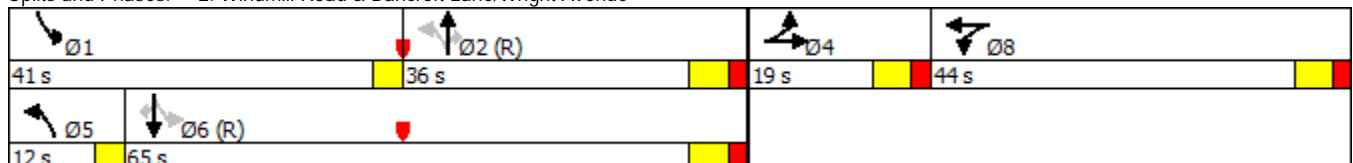
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|--------|------|-------|--------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 44 | 47 | 54 | 263 | 12 | 146 | 50 | 1036 | 340 | 290 | 1620 | 72 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 44 | 47 | 54 | 263 | 12 | 146 | 50 | 1036 | 340 | 290 | 1620 | 72 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1733 | 0 | 1700 | 1578 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.950 | | | 0.950 | 0.989 | | 0.066 | | | 0.109 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1789 | 1733 | 0 | 1700 | 1578 | 0 | 124 | 3579 | 1601 | 205 | 3579 | 1601 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 33 | | | 90 | | | | 224 | | | 95 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 48 | 110 | 0 | 237 | 221 | 0 | 54 | 1126 | 370 | 315 | 1761 | 78 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | | Split | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Perm | pm+pt | NA | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 4 | 4 | | 8 | 8 | | 5 | 2 | | 1 | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | 6 | | 6 |
| Total Split (s) | 19.0 | 19.0 | | 44.0 | 44.0 | | 12.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 41.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | 6.1 | 6.1 | | 3.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 10.6 | 10.6 | | 25.3 | 25.3 | | 70.7 | 60.4 | 60.4 | 88.9 | 77.3 | 77.3 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.08 | 0.08 | | 0.18 | 0.18 | | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.64 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.36 | 0.68 | | 0.77 | 0.62 | | 0.36 | 0.73 | 0.45 | 0.82 | 0.89 | 0.08 |
| Control Delay | 67.8 | 64.4 | | 70.7 | 37.4 | | 25.2 | 38.3 | 18.6 | 47.2 | 34.5 | 5.7 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 67.8 | 64.4 | | 70.7 | 37.4 | | 25.2 | 38.3 | 18.6 | 47.2 | 34.5 | 5.7 |
| LOS | E | E | | E | D | | C | D | B | D | C | A |
| Approach Delay | | 65.4 | | | 54.6 | | | 33.1 | | | 35.3 | |
| Approach LOS | | E | | | D | | | C | | | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 12.7 | 20.8 | | 66.7 | 35.5 | | 4.4 | 99.5 | 15.8 | 68.2 | 181.3 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 25.7 | 40.5 | | 90.3 | 59.4 | | m18.9 | #239.3 | 89.5 | 103.3 | #332.3 | m6.1 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 86.9 | | | 194.0 | | | 241.5 | | | 324.4 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | 35.0 | | | 70.0 | | 35.0 |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 164 | 189 | | 460 | 492 | | 171 | 1544 | 818 | 560 | 1975 | 926 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.29 | 0.58 | | 0.52 | 0.45 | | 0.32 | 0.73 | 0.45 | 0.56 | 0.89 | 0.08 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green, Master Intersection
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.89
 Intersection Signal Delay: 37.7
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 85.4%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: D
 ICU Level of Service E

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 2: Windmill Road & Bancroft Lane/Wright Avenue



HRM Transit Priority - Windmill @ Seapoint

1: Windmill Road & Seapoint Road/Ralston Avenue

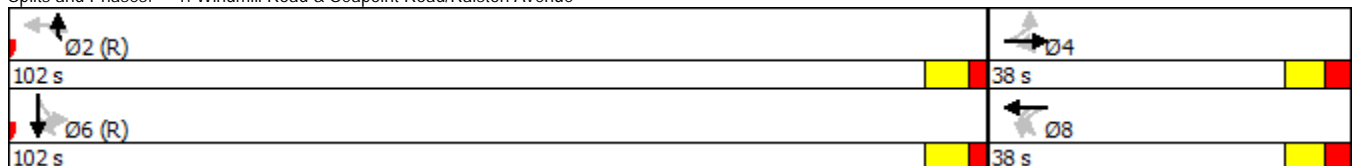
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL2 | WBT | SBL2 | SBL | SBT | NWL | NWR | NWR2 |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 17 | 12 | 30 | 11 | 2 | 42 | 1992 | 20 | 20 | 1073 | 10 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 17 | 12 | 30 | 11 | 2 | 42 | 1992 | 20 | 20 | 1073 | 10 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 31 | 33 | 0 | 42 | 46 | 2165 | 48 | 22 | 1166 | 11 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | Perm | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 8 | | | 6 | | 2 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | 4 | 8 | | 6 | 6 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Detector Phase | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Switch Phase | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 37.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 |
| Total Split (s) | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 27.1% | 27.1% | 27.1% | 27.1% | 27.1% | 72.9% | 72.9% | 72.9% | 72.9% | 72.9% | 72.9% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 7.0 | 7.0 | | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Lead/Lag | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None | C-Min | C-Min | C-Min | C-Min | C-Min | C-Min |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 8.7 | 8.7 | | 8.7 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.06 | 0.06 | | 0.06 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.33 | 0.33 | | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.71 | 0.03 | 0.19 | 0.48 | 0.01 |
| Control Delay | | 72.0 | 71.3 | | 37.4 | 3.2 | 6.0 | 1.2 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 0.0 |
| Queue Delay | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | | 72.0 | 71.3 | | 37.4 | 3.2 | 6.0 | 1.2 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 0.0 |
| LOS | | E | E | | D | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| Approach Delay | | 71.6 | | | 37.4 | | | 5.8 | 6.1 | | |
| Approach LOS | | E | | | D | | | A | A | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 8.4 | 9.0 | | 3.8 | 1.7 | 99.0 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 13.7 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | 18.7 | 19.8 | | 15.6 | 4.9 | 140.1 | 2.9 | m0.4 | 71.1 | m0.0 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 139.1 | | | 195.9 | | | 495.7 | 324.4 | | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 30.0 | | | 23.0 | 23.0 | | 23.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 332 | 354 | | 360 | 345 | 3036 | 1510 | 115 | 2452 | 1397 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.09 | 0.09 | | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.71 | 0.03 | 0.19 | 0.48 | 0.01 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 109 (78%), Referenced to phase 2:NWL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green
 Natural Cycle: 110
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.71
 Intersection Signal Delay: 7.5
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 95.1%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Intersection LOS: A
 ICU Level of Service F

Splits and Phases: 1: Windmill Road & Seapoint Road/Ralston Avenue



HRM Transit Priority - Windmill @ Seapoint

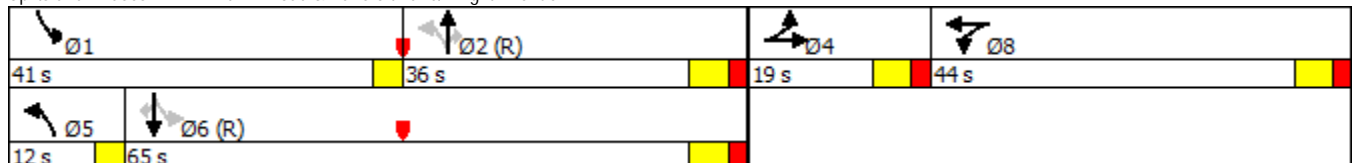
2: Windmill Road & Bancroft Lane/Wright Avenue

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 44 | 47 | 263 | 12 | 50 | 1036 | 340 | 290 | 1620 | 72 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 44 | 47 | 263 | 12 | 50 | 1036 | 340 | 290 | 1620 | 72 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 48 | 108 | 237 | 221 | 54 | 1126 | 370 | 315 | 1761 | 78 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | Split | NA | pm+pt | NA | Perm | pm+pt | NA | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 2 | | 1 | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | | | 2 | | 2 | 6 | | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| Switch Phase | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 5.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 19.0 | 19.0 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 8.0 | 31.1 | 31.1 | 13.1 | 38.1 | 38.1 |
| Total Split (s) | 19.0 | 19.0 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 12.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 41.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 13.6% | 13.6% | 31.4% | 31.4% | 8.6% | 25.7% | 25.7% | 29.3% | 46.4% | 46.4% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Lead/Lag | | | | | Lead | Lag | Lag | Lead | Lag | Lag |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | | | | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None | C-Min | C-Min | None | C-Min | C-Min |
| Act Effect Green (s) | 10.6 | 10.6 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 70.8 | 60.5 | 60.5 | 88.9 | 77.3 | 77.3 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.51 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.64 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.36 | 0.68 | 0.77 | 0.62 | 0.36 | 0.73 | 0.45 | 0.82 | 0.89 | 0.08 |
| Control Delay | 68.0 | 64.3 | 70.7 | 37.4 | 25.3 | 37.8 | 18.1 | 41.3 | 39.0 | 6.7 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 68.0 | 64.3 | 70.7 | 37.4 | 25.3 | 37.8 | 18.1 | 41.3 | 39.0 | 6.7 |
| LOS | E | E | E | D | C | D | B | D | D | A |
| Approach Delay | | 65.4 | | 54.6 | | 32.6 | | | 38.2 | |
| Approach LOS | | E | | D | | C | | | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 12.8 | 20.5 | 66.7 | 35.5 | 4.3 | 98.0 | 14.7 | 60.1 | 209.2 | 0.6 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 25.7 | 40.5 | 90.3 | 59.4 | m18.7 | #238.6 | 88.1 | 103.1 | #331.8 | m6.2 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 86.9 | | 194.0 | | 241.5 | | | 324.4 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | 35.0 | | | 70.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 164 | 188 | 460 | 492 | 171 | 1545 | 818 | 560 | 1977 | 926 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.29 | 0.57 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.32 | 0.73 | 0.45 | 0.56 | 0.89 | 0.08 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 140
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBTL, Start of Green, Master Intersection
 Natural Cycle: 140
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.89
 Intersection Signal Delay: 38.9
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 85.3%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 2: Windmill Road & Bancroft Lane/Wright Avenue



1: Gordon Avenue/Major Street & Main Street

2016 PM Peak Hour Without TPM

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|-----|--------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 214 | 2023 | 522 | 29 | 945 | 37 | 336 | 143 | 134 | 104 | 69 | 155 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 214 | 2023 | 522 | 29 | 945 | 37 | 336 | 143 | 134 | 104 | 69 | 155 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 1789 | 3552 | 0 | 1789 | 1715 | 0 | 1789 | 1671 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.146 | | | 0.067 | | | 0.226 | | | 0.577 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 275 | 3579 | 1509 | 126 | 3552 | 0 | 425 | 1715 | 0 | 1069 | 1671 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 311 | | 3 | | | 3 | | | 82 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 233 | 2199 | 567 | 32 | 1067 | 0 | 365 | 301 | 0 | 113 | 243 | 0 |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | pm+pt | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | | | 6 | | 3 | 8 | | | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | 2 | 6 | | | 8 | | | 4 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 19.0 | 74.0 | 74.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | | 18.0 | 56.0 | | 38.0 | 38.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 4.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | | 4.0 | 6.7 | | 6.7 | 6.7 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 82.1 | 79.6 | 79.6 | 60.1 | 60.1 | | 39.9 | 37.2 | | 19.2 | 19.2 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.63 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.46 | 0.46 | | 0.31 | 0.29 | | 0.15 | 0.15 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.66 | 1.00 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.65 | | 1.32 | 0.61 | | 0.72 | 0.77 | |
| Control Delay | 22.8 | 45.9 | 8.9 | 66.0 | 26.5 | | 199.0 | 44.5 | | 75.9 | 50.2 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 22.8 | 57.7 | 8.9 | 66.0 | 26.5 | | 199.0 | 44.5 | | 75.9 | 50.2 | |
| LOS | C | E | A | E | C | | F | D | | E | D | |
| Approach Delay | | 45.7 | | | 27.6 | | | 129.2 | | | 58.4 | |
| Approach LOS | | D | | | C | | | F | | | E | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 23.6 | ~282.6 | 32.0 | 5.0 | 90.4 | | ~97.4 | 66.2 | | 28.0 | 40.6 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 51.3 | #385.4 | 73.6 | #26.3 | 158.8 | | #142.0 | 86.5 | | 45.2 | 64.1 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 377.2 | | | 274.1 | | | 160.3 | | | 189.3 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 57.0 | | | 35.0 | | | 50.0 | | | 23.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 370 | 2192 | 1044 | 58 | 1643 | | 277 | 652 | | 257 | 464 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.63 | 1.04 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.65 | | 1.32 | 0.46 | | 0.44 | 0.52 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130

Actuated Cycle Length: 130

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:EBTL and 6:WBTL, Start of Green, Master Intersection

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.32

Intersection Signal Delay: 53.6

Intersection LOS: D

Intersection Capacity Utilization 114.2%

ICU Level of Service H

Analysis Period (min) 15

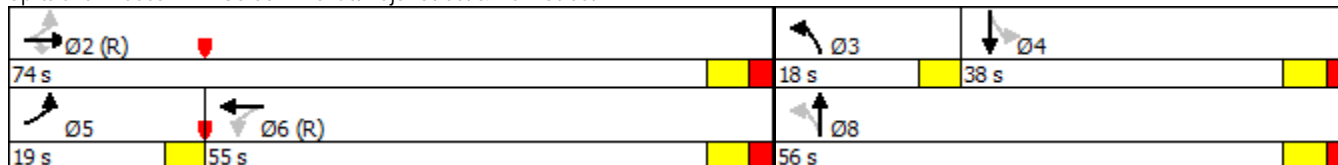
~ Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Gordon Avenue/Major Street & Main Street



HRM Transit Priority - Main Street @ Gordon Avenue

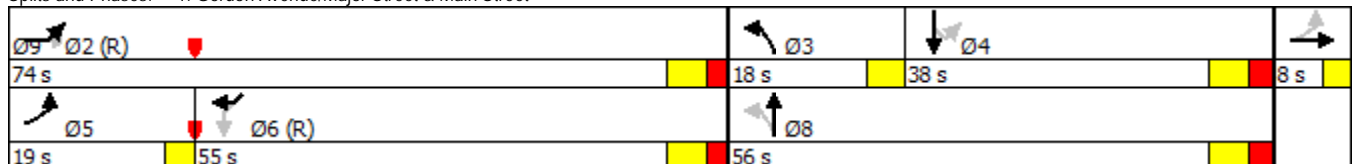
1: Gordon Avenue/Major Street & Main Street

| Lane Group | EBL2 | EBL | EBT | NBL | NBT | SBL2 | SBT | SWL | SWR |
|------------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 214 | 2011 | 12 | 336 | 143 | 104 | 69 | 29 | 945 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 214 | 2011 | 12 | 336 | 143 | 104 | 69 | 29 | 945 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 233 | 2186 | 580 | 365 | 301 | 113 | 243 | 32 | 1067 |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | Prot | NA | pm+pt | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | Prot |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | | 4 | | 6 |
| Permitted Phases | 9 | | 2 | 8 | | 4 | | 6 | |
| Detector Phase | 5 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| Switch Phase | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 13.1 | 30.5 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 30.5 | 30.5 |
| Total Split (s) | 19.0 | 74.0 | 8.0 | 18.0 | 56.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 13.8% | 53.6% | 5.8% | 13.0% | 40.6% | 27.5% | 27.5% | 39.9% | 39.9% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 3.0 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead | | | Lead | | Lag | Lag | Lag | Lag |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes | | | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Recall Mode | None | C-Min | None | None | None | None | None | C-Min | C-Min |
| Act Effect Green (s) | 23.3 | 76.4 | 90.3 | 40.7 | 38.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 57.5 | 57.5 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.17 | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.42 | 0.42 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.89 | 1.14 | 0.49 | 1.41 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.59 | 0.86 |
| Control Delay | 89.1 | 99.3 | 2.6 | 241.4 | 49.6 | 80.9 | 56.3 | 81.3 | 42.4 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 89.1 | 99.3 | 2.6 | 241.4 | 49.6 | 80.9 | 56.3 | 81.3 | 42.4 |
| LOS | F | F | A | F | D | F | E | F | D |
| Approach Delay | | | 79.8 | | 154.7 | | 64.1 | 43.5 | |
| Approach LOS | | | E | | F | | E | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 58.8 | ~355.9 | 1.2 | -111.4 | 72.5 | 29.9 | 45.2 | 6.8 | 139.6 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #110.4 | #429.4 | 16.3 | #158.4 | 93.7 | 47.5 | 69.6 | #27.6 | #206.7 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | | 377.2 | | 160.3 | | 189.3 | 274.1 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 57.0 | 57.0 | | 50.0 | | 23.0 | | 35.0 | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 273 | 1920 | 1185 | 258 | 612 | 242 | 437 | 54 | 1236 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.85 | 1.14 | 0.49 | 1.41 | 0.49 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.59 | 0.86 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 138
 Actuated Cycle Length: 138
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:EBTL and 6:SWL, Start of Green, Master Intersection
 Natural Cycle: 145
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.41
 Intersection Signal Delay: 80.7
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 127.8%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 ~ Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Gordon Avenue/Major Street & Main Street



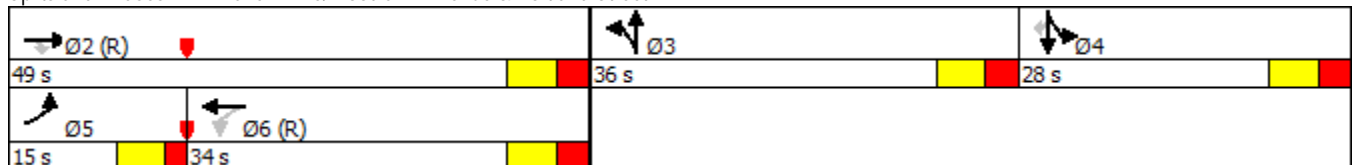
HRM Transit Priority - Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road
 1: Baker Drive/Woodlawn Avenue & Portland Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|--------|--------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 129 | 585 | 292 | 14 | 1454 | 8 | 462 | 53 | 5 | 43 | 90 | 641 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 129 | 585 | 292 | 14 | 1454 | 8 | 462 | 53 | 5 | 43 | 90 | 641 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 3471 | 3579 | 1601 | 1789 | 3575 | 0 | 1700 | 1718 | 0 | 1789 | 1585 | 1521 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.950 | | | 0.410 | | | 0.950 | 0.963 | | 0.950 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 3471 | 3579 | 1601 | 772 | 3575 | 0 | 1700 | 1718 | 0 | 1789 | 1585 | 1521 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 317 | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 140 | 636 | 317 | 15 | 1589 | 0 | 281 | 284 | 0 | 47 | 405 | 390 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Split | NA | | Split | NA | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | | | 6 | | 3 | 3 | | 4 | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | 2 | 6 | | | | | | | | 4 |
| Total Split (s) | 15.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 34.0 | 34.0 | | 36.0 | 36.0 | | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.0 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | | 7.0 | 7.0 | | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 8.6 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 27.3 | 27.3 | | 23.7 | 23.7 | | 26.3 | 26.3 | 26.3 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.08 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.24 | 0.24 | | 0.21 | 0.21 | | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.53 | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.08 | 1.84 | | 0.79 | 0.79 | | 0.11 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Control Delay | 57.8 | 28.7 | 4.3 | 35.0 | 410.2 | | 57.7 | 57.2 | | 38.0 | 118.8 | 121.1 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 57.8 | 28.7 | 4.3 | 35.0 | 410.2 | | 57.7 | 57.2 | | 38.0 | 118.8 | 121.1 |
| LOS | E | C | A | C | F | | E | E | | D | F | F |
| Approach Delay | | 25.4 | | | 406.7 | | | 57.4 | | | 115.4 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | F | | | E | | | F | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 15.5 | 55.9 | 0.0 | 2.6 | -281.9 | | 61.6 | 62.1 | | 8.3 | -110.0 | -106.2 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 25.6 | 72.5 | 17.4 | 8.3 | #324.1 | | 88.6 | 88.9 | | 19.3 | #186.9 | #181.5 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 268.6 | | | 94.7 | | | 154.7 | | | 75.8 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 45.0 | | | | | | | | | 40.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 276 | 1327 | 793 | 186 | 863 | | 436 | 441 | | 415 | 368 | 353 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.51 | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.08 | 1.84 | | 0.64 | 0.64 | | 0.11 | 1.10 | 1.10 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 113
 Actuated Cycle Length: 113
 Offset: 13.1 (12%), Referenced to phase 2:EBT and 6:WBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.84
 Intersection Signal Delay: 197.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 100.2%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 ~ Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Baker Drive/Woodlawn Avenue & Portland Street



HRM Transit Priority - Barrington @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp
 1: Barrington Street & Macdonald Bridge Ramp

| | ↑ | ↗ | ↖ | ↓ | ↙ | ↘ |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|-------|------|----------------------|------|
| Movement | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SWL | SWR |
| Lane Configurations | ↑↑ | | | ↑↑ | | |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 1301 | 825 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 0 |
| Future Volume (Veh/h) | 1301 | 825 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | | | Free | Stop | |
| Grade | 0% | | | 0% | 0% | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 |
| Hourly flow rate (vph) | 1457 | 924 | 0 | 603 | 0 | 0 |
| Pedestrians | | | | | | |
| Lane Width (m) | | | | | | |
| Walking Speed (m/s) | | | | | | |
| Percent Blockage | | | | | | |
| Right turn flare (veh) | | | | | | |
| Median type | None | | | None | | |
| Median storage (veh) | | | | | | |
| Upstream signal (m) | | | | 269 | | |
| pX, platoon unblocked | | | | | | |
| vC, conflicting volume | | | 2381 | | 2220 | 1190 |
| vC1, stage 1 conf vol | | | | | | |
| vC2, stage 2 conf vol | | | | | | |
| vCu, unblocked vol | | | 2381 | | 2220 | 1190 |
| tC, single (s) | | | 4.1 | | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| tC, 2 stage (s) | | | | | | |
| tF (s) | | | 2.2 | | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| p0 queue free % | | | 100 | | 100 | 100 |
| cM capacity (veh/h) | | | 200 | | 37 | 180 |
| Direction, Lane # | NB 1 | NB 2 | SB 1 | SB 2 | | |
| Volume Total | 971 | 1410 | 302 | 302 | | |
| Volume Left | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Volume Right | 0 | 924 | 0 | 0 | | |
| cSH | 1700 | 1700 | 1700 | 1700 | | |
| Volume to Capacity | 0.57 | 0.83 | 0.18 | 0.18 | | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Control Delay (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Lane LOS | | | | | | |
| Approach Delay (s) | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | |
| Approach LOS | | | | | | |
| Intersection Summary | | | | | | |
| Average Delay | | | 0.0 | | | |
| Intersection Capacity Utilization | | | 67.6% | | ICU Level of Service | C |
| Analysis Period (min) | | | 15 | | | |

HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 1: Barrington Street & Macdonald Bridge Ramp

| | ↑ | ↗ | ↖ | ↓ | ↙ | ↘ |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|-------|------|----------------------|------|
| Movement | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SWL | SWR |
| Lane Configurations | ↑ | ↗ | | ↑↑ | | |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 1301 | 825 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 0 |
| Future Volume (Veh/h) | 1301 | 825 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | | | Free | Stop | |
| Grade | 0% | | | 0% | 0% | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 |
| Hourly flow rate (vph) | 1457 | 924 | 0 | 603 | 0 | 0 |
| Pedestrians | | | | | | |
| Lane Width (m) | | | | | | |
| Walking Speed (m/s) | | | | | | |
| Percent Blockage | | | | | | |
| Right turn flare (veh) | | | | | | |
| Median type | None | | | None | | |
| Median storage veh | | | | | | |
| Upstream signal (m) | | | | 269 | | |
| pX, platoon unblocked | | | | | | |
| vC, conflicting volume | | | 2381 | | 1758 | 1457 |
| vC1, stage 1 conf vol | | | | | | |
| vC2, stage 2 conf vol | | | | | | |
| vCu, unblocked vol | | | 2381 | | 1758 | 1457 |
| tC, single (s) | | | 4.1 | | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| tC, 2 stage (s) | | | | | | |
| tF (s) | | | 2.2 | | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| p0 queue free % | | | 100 | | 100 | 100 |
| cM capacity (veh/h) | | | 200 | | 76 | 119 |
| Direction, Lane # | NB 1 | NB 2 | SB 1 | SB 2 | | |
| Volume Total | 1457 | 924 | 302 | 302 | | |
| Volume Left | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Volume Right | 0 | 924 | 0 | 0 | | |
| cSH | 1700 | 1700 | 1700 | 1700 | | |
| Volume to Capacity | 0.86 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.18 | | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Control Delay (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Lane LOS | | | | | | |
| Approach Delay (s) | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | |
| Approach LOS | | | | | | |
| Intersection Summary | | | | | | |
| Average Delay | | | 0.0 | | | |
| Intersection Capacity Utilization | | | 73.9% | | ICU Level of Service | D |
| Analysis Period (min) | | | 15 | | | |

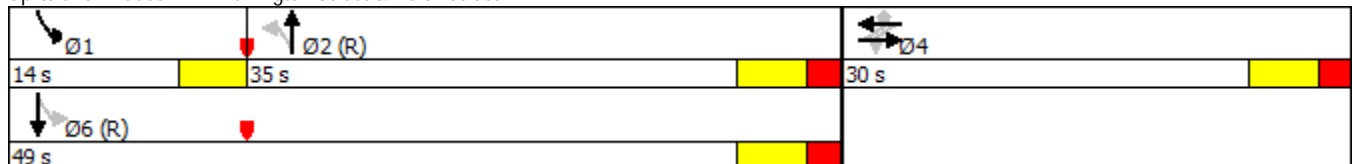
HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1874 | 1601 | 0 | 3529 | 0 | 0 | 3539 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.704 | | | | 0.948 | | | 0.666 | | | 0.725 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1326 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1786 | 1601 | 0 | 2367 | 0 | 0 | 2584 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 435 | | | 99 | | 7 | | | 5 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 52 | 259 | 435 | 0 | 82 | 37 | 0 | 454 | 0 | 0 | 1309 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | pm+pt | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | 1 | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | | 14.0 | 49.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | | 6.2 | | | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 16.5 | 16.5 | 79.0 | | 16.5 | 16.5 | | 28.8 | | | 50.2 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.21 | 0.21 | 1.00 | | 0.21 | 0.21 | | 0.36 | | | 0.64 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.19 | 0.66 | 0.27 | | 0.22 | 0.09 | | 0.52 | | | 0.72 | |
| Control Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | | 25.4 | 0.4 | | 22.1 | | | 13.1 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | | 25.4 | 0.4 | | 22.1 | | | 13.1 | |
| LOS | C | D | A | | C | A | | C | | | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 14.5 | | | 17.6 | | | 22.1 | | | 13.1 | |
| Approach LOS | | B | | | B | | | C | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 6.5 | 36.1 | 0.0 | | 10.3 | 0.0 | | 27.1 | | | 51.5 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 13.8 | 52.4 | 0.0 | | 19.1 | 0.0 | | 40.8 | | | #90.9 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 192.7 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 401 | 569 | 1601 | | 540 | 553 | | 867 | | | 1825 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.13 | 0.46 | 0.27 | | 0.15 | 0.07 | | 0.52 | | | 0.72 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 79
 Actuated Cycle Length: 79
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.72
 Intersection Signal Delay: 15.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 73.3%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



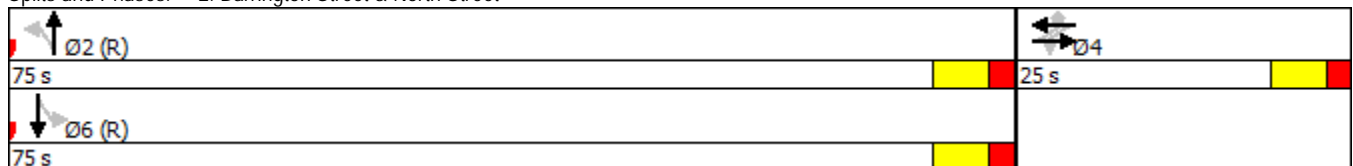
HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|--------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1874 | 1601 | 1789 | 3550 | 0 | 1789 | 1876 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.704 | | | | 0.845 | | 0.107 | | | 0.342 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1326 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1592 | 1601 | 202 | 3550 | 0 | 644 | 1876 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 328 | | | 37 | | 13 | | | 4 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 52 | 259 | 435 | 0 | 82 | 37 | 122 | 784 | 0 | 189 | 1120 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 25.0 | 25.0 | | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | | 75.0 | 75.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 17.2 | 17.2 | 100.0 | | 17.2 | 17.2 | 70.5 | 70.5 | | 70.5 | 70.5 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.17 | 0.17 | 1.00 | | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.70 | 0.70 | | 0.70 | 0.70 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.23 | 0.80 | 0.27 | | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.86 | 0.31 | | 0.42 | 0.85 | |
| Control Delay | 37.5 | 58.5 | 0.4 | | 38.5 | 12.2 | 27.8 | 7.1 | | 10.0 | 19.3 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 37.5 | 58.5 | 0.4 | | 38.5 | 12.2 | 27.8 | 7.1 | | 10.0 | 19.3 | |
| LOS | D | E | A | | D | B | C | A | | A | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 23.2 | | | 30.3 | | | 9.9 | | | 18.0 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | C | | | A | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 8.6 | 47.7 | 0.0 | | 13.7 | 0.0 | 18.5 | 33.7 | | 14.3 | 147.4 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 19.2 | #80.3 | 0.0 | | 27.0 | 8.2 | m7.8 | m17.5 | | 28.6 | #237.1 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 192.7 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 250 | 355 | 1601 | | 300 | 332 | 142 | 2505 | | 454 | 1323 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.21 | 0.73 | 0.27 | | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.86 | 0.31 | | 0.42 | 0.85 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 100
 Actuated Cycle Length: 100
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.86
 Intersection Signal Delay: 17.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 88.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



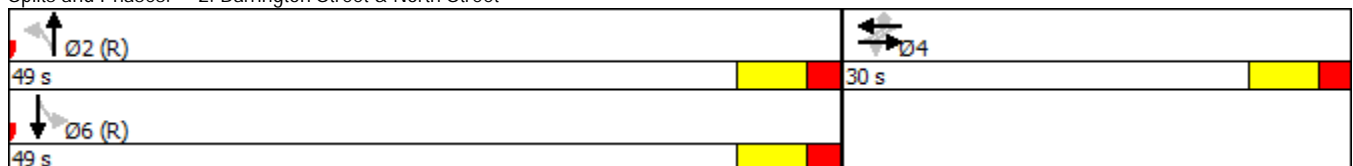
HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 48 | 238 | 400 | 8 | 67 | 34 | 56 | 341 | 20 | 174 | 1000 | 30 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1874 | 1601 | 1789 | 1868 | 0 | 1789 | 3564 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.704 | | | | 0.948 | | 0.215 | | | 0.251 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1326 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1786 | 1601 | 405 | 1868 | 0 | 473 | 3564 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 425 | | | 44 | | 6 | | | 6 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 52 | 259 | 435 | 0 | 82 | 37 | 122 | 784 | 0 | 189 | 1120 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | | 49.0 | 49.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 16.5 | 16.5 | 79.0 | | 16.5 | 16.5 | 50.2 | 50.2 | | 50.2 | 50.2 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.21 | 0.21 | 1.00 | | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.64 | 0.64 | | 0.64 | 0.64 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.19 | 0.66 | 0.27 | | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.47 | 0.66 | | 0.63 | 0.49 | |
| Control Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | | 25.4 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 13.7 | | 23.7 | 9.4 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 25.2 | 36.1 | 0.4 | | 25.4 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 13.7 | | 23.7 | 9.4 | |
| LOS | C | D | A | | C | A | B | B | | C | A | |
| Approach Delay | | 14.5 | | | 19.7 | | | 14.2 | | | 11.4 | |
| Approach LOS | | B | | | B | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 6.5 | 36.1 | 0.0 | | 10.3 | 0.0 | 8.3 | 63.3 | | 14.9 | 40.4 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 13.8 | 52.4 | 0.0 | | 19.1 | 5.5 | 30.3 | 129.3 | | #56.3 | 70.2 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 192.7 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 401 | 569 | 1601 | | 540 | 515 | 257 | 1188 | | 300 | 2265 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.13 | 0.46 | 0.27 | | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.47 | 0.66 | | 0.63 | 0.49 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 79
 Actuated Cycle Length: 79
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.66
 Intersection Signal Delay: 13.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 75.9%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



HRM Transit Priority - Barrington @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

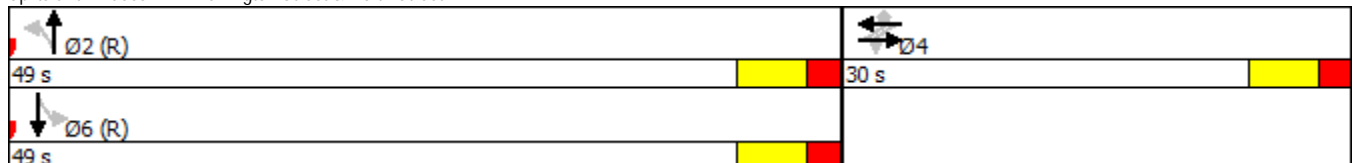
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|--------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Ideal Flow (vphpl) | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 |
| Storage Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| Storage Lanes | 1 | | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| Taper Length (m) | 15.0 | | | 15.0 | | | 15.0 | | | 15.0 | | |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1863 | 1601 | 0 | 3561 | 0 | 0 | 3511 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.567 | | | | 0.925 | | | 0.766 | | | 0.874 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1068 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1742 | 1601 | 0 | 2741 | 0 | 0 | 3074 | 0 |
| Right Turn on Red | | | Yes | | | Yes | | | Yes | | | Yes |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 435 | | | 44 | | | | | | 27 |
| Link Speed (k/h) | | 50 | | | 50 | | | 50 | | | | 50 |
| Link Distance (m) | | 127.7 | | | 43.5 | | | 165.8 | | | | 188.9 |
| Travel Time (s) | | 9.2 | | | 3.1 | | | 11.9 | | | | 13.6 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 58 | 17 | 435 | 0 | 206 | 296 | 0 | 1488 | 0 | 0 | 651 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | | 6 |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | | 49.0 | 49.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | | 6.2 | | | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 18.1 | 18.1 | 79.0 | | 18.1 | 18.1 | | 48.6 | | | 48.6 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.00 | | 0.23 | 0.23 | | 0.62 | | | 0.62 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.27 | | 0.52 | 0.74 | | 0.88 | | | 0.34 | |
| Control Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | | 30.2 | 34.6 | | 23.0 | | | 8.5 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | | 30.2 | 34.6 | | 23.0 | | | 8.5 | |
| LOS | C | C | A | | C | C | | C | | | A | |
| Approach Delay | | 3.9 | | | 32.8 | | | 23.0 | | | 8.5 | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | C | | | C | | | A | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 7.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | | 26.7 | 34.8 | | 90.8 | | | 21.8 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 15.2 | 6.1 | 0.0 | | 42.1 | 55.5 | | #163.6 | | | 37.3 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 141.8 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 323 | 569 | 1601 | | 527 | 515 | | 1684 | | | 1899 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.18 | 0.03 | 0.27 | | 0.39 | 0.57 | | 0.88 | | | 0.34 | |

Intersection Summary

Area Type: Other
 Cycle Length: 79
 Actuated Cycle Length: 79
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.88
 Intersection Signal Delay: 18.5
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 91.3%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Intersection LOS: B
 ICU Level of Service F

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

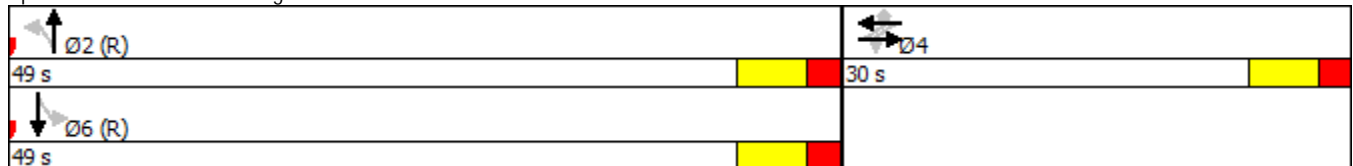
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1863 | 1601 | 1789 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 1851 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.567 | | | | 0.925 | | 0.337 | | | 0.148 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1068 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1742 | 1601 | 635 | 3579 | 0 | 279 | 1851 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 435 | | | 44 | | | | | 13 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 58 | 17 | 435 | 0 | 206 | 296 | 150 | 1338 | 0 | 21 | 630 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | | 49.0 | 49.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 18.1 | 18.1 | 79.0 | | 18.1 | 18.1 | 48.6 | 48.6 | | 48.6 | 48.6 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.00 | | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.62 | 0.62 | | 0.62 | 0.62 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.27 | | 0.52 | 0.74 | 0.38 | 0.61 | | 0.12 | 0.55 | |
| Control Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | | 30.2 | 34.6 | 13.0 | 11.9 | | 10.6 | 12.2 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 25.1 | 20.9 | 0.4 | | 30.2 | 34.6 | 13.0 | 11.9 | | 10.6 | 12.2 | |
| LOS | C | C | A | | C | C | B | B | | B | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 3.9 | | | 32.8 | | | 12.0 | | | 12.1 | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | C | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 7.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | | 26.7 | 34.8 | 10.4 | 59.6 | | 1.2 | 49.4 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 15.2 | 6.1 | 0.0 | | 42.1 | 55.5 | 27.6 | 93.9 | | 5.4 | 91.8 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 192.7 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 323 | 569 | 1601 | | 527 | 515 | 390 | 2200 | | 171 | 1142 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.18 | 0.03 | 0.27 | | 0.39 | 0.57 | 0.38 | 0.61 | | 0.12 | 0.55 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 79
 Actuated Cycle Length: 79
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.74
 Intersection Signal Delay: 14.0
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 76.3%
 Analysis Period (min) 15

Intersection LOS: B
 ICU Level of Service D

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



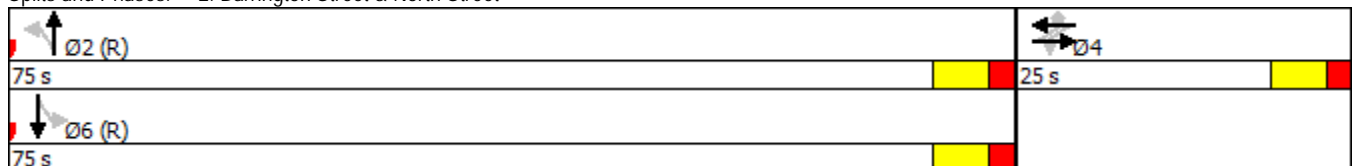
HRM Transit Priority Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge
 2: Barrington Street & North Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 53 | 16 | 400 | 42 | 147 | 272 | 138 | 1230 | 1 | 19 | 512 | 67 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1863 | 1601 | 1789 | 1883 | 0 | 1789 | 3518 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.458 | | | | 0.919 | | 0.410 | | | 0.057 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 863 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 1731 | 1601 | 772 | 1883 | 0 | 107 | 3518 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 435 | | | 82 | | | | | 33 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 58 | 17 | 435 | 0 | 206 | 296 | 150 | 1338 | 0 | 21 | 630 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Free | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | Free | 4 | | 4 | 2 | | | 6 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 25.0 | 25.0 | | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | | 75.0 | 75.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.1 | 6.1 | | | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 17.0 | 17.0 | 100.0 | | 17.0 | 17.0 | 70.7 | 70.7 | | 70.7 | 70.7 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.17 | 0.17 | 1.00 | | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.71 | 0.71 | | 0.71 | 0.71 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.39 | 0.05 | 0.27 | | 0.70 | 0.87 | 0.28 | 1.01 | | 0.28 | 0.25 | |
| Control Delay | 44.6 | 33.9 | 0.4 | | 52.0 | 54.3 | 7.6 | 28.0 | | 17.3 | 5.5 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 44.6 | 33.9 | 0.4 | | 52.0 | 54.3 | 7.6 | 28.0 | | 17.3 | 5.5 | |
| LOS | D | C | A | | D | D | A | C | | B | A | |
| Approach Delay | | 6.6 | | | 53.4 | | | 26.0 | | | 5.8 | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | D | | | C | | | A | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 9.9 | 2.7 | 0.0 | | 37.1 | 40.4 | 11.9 | -278.7 | | 1.4 | 20.1 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 22.1 | 8.5 | 0.0 | | 60.6 | #81.5 | m6.6 | m86.7 | | 7.0 | 27.1 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 103.7 | | | 19.5 | | | 192.7 | | | 164.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | 50.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 163 | 355 | 1601 | | 327 | 369 | 545 | 1330 | | 75 | 2496 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.36 | 0.05 | 0.27 | | 0.63 | 0.80 | 0.28 | 1.01 | | 0.28 | 0.25 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 100
 Actuated Cycle Length: 100
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.01
 Intersection Signal Delay: 23.0
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 107.0%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 ~ Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 2: Barrington Street & North Street



1: Windmill Road & Akerley Boulevard

2016 AM Peak Hour Without TPM

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|------|--------|--------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 0 | 0 | 15 | 161 | 0 | 464 | 15 | 705 | 331 | 1197 | 1898 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 0 | 0 | 15 | 161 | 0 | 464 | 15 | 705 | 331 | 1197 | 1898 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 0 | 831 | 1789 | 0 | 2818 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 3471 | 3579 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | | | 0.950 | | | 0.128 | | | 0.950 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 0 | 831 | 1789 | 0 | 2818 | 241 | 3579 | 1601 | 3471 | 3579 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | | | | 504 | | | 298 | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 175 | 0 | 504 | 16 | 766 | 360 | 1301 | 2063 | 0 |
| Turn Type | | | custom | Prot | | Perm | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Prot | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | | 9 | 4 | | | 3 | 2 | | 1 | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | 6 | | | 4 | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Total Split (s) | | | 10.0 | 38.0 | | 38.0 | 10.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 54.0 | 92.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | | 3.0 | 7.3 | | 7.3 | 3.0 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 5.0 | 6.9 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | | 93.1 | 30.8 | | 30.8 | 40.7 | 31.2 | 31.2 | 49.2 | 85.5 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | | 0.68 | 0.22 | | 0.22 | 0.30 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.36 | 0.62 | |
| v/c Ratio | | | 0.03 | 0.44 | | 0.49 | 0.12 | 0.94 | 0.61 | 1.05 | 0.93 | |
| Control Delay | | | 8.2 | 51.5 | | 5.6 | 42.3 | 72.5 | 14.8 | 81.3 | 32.8 | |
| Queue Delay | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | | | 8.2 | 51.5 | | 5.6 | 42.3 | 72.5 | 14.8 | 81.3 | 32.8 | |
| LOS | | | A | D | | A | D | E | B | F | C | |
| Approach Delay | | 8.2 | | | 17.4 | | | 53.9 | | | 51.6 | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | B | | | D | | | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | | 1.2 | 38.2 | | 0.0 | 2.8 | 100.6 | 12.7 | 169.8 | 211.0 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | | 4.2 | 69.9 | | 15.7 | 9.2 | #165.8 | 49.4 | #270.9 | #373.4 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 75.2 | | | 202.7 | | | 495.7 | | | 182.1 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | | | | 100.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | | 562 | 401 | | 1023 | 153 | 813 | 593 | 1243 | 2225 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | | 0.03 | 0.44 | | 0.49 | 0.10 | 0.94 | 0.61 | 1.05 | 0.93 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 150
 Actuated Cycle Length: 137.4
 Control Type: Semi Act-Uncoord
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.05
 Intersection Signal Delay: 47.5
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 78.0%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: D
 ICU Level of Service D
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Windmill Road & Akerley Boulevard

| | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| | | | | | |
| Ø1 | Ø2 | Ø3 | Ø4 | Ø5 | Ø6 |
| 54 s | 38 s | 10 s | 38 s | 10 s | |
| | | | | | |
| Ø6 | | | | | |
| 92 s | | | | | |

HRM Transit Priority - Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard
 1: Windmill Road & Akerley Boulevard

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|------|--------|--------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 464 | 15 | 705 | 331 | 1197 | 1898 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 464 | 15 | 705 | 331 | 1197 | 1898 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 0 | 961 | 1789 | 0 | 2818 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 3471 | 3579 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | | | 0.950 | | | 0.128 | | | 0.950 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 0 | 961 | 1789 | 0 | 2818 | 241 | 3579 | 1601 | 3471 | 3579 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | | | | 509 | | | 324 | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 177 | 0 | 509 | 16 | 774 | 363 | 1314 | 2084 | 0 |
| Turn Type | | | Perm | Prot | | Perm | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Prot | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | | | 4 | | | 3 | 2 | | 1 | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | 6 | | | 4 | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Total Split (s) | | | 92.0 | 38.0 | | 38.0 | 10.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 54.0 | 92.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | | 6.9 | 7.3 | | 7.3 | 3.0 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 5.0 | 6.9 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | | | 30.7 | | 30.7 | 40.5 | 31.1 | 31.1 | 49.0 | 85.2 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | | | 0.23 | | 0.23 | 0.30 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.37 | 0.64 | |
| v/c Ratio | | | | 0.43 | | 0.49 | 0.12 | 0.93 | 0.58 | 1.03 | 0.91 | |
| Control Delay | | | | 48.4 | | 5.3 | 38.3 | 68.1 | 11.4 | 74.5 | 28.9 | |
| Queue Delay | | | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | | | | 48.4 | | 5.3 | 38.3 | 68.1 | 11.4 | 74.5 | 28.9 | |
| LOS | | | | D | | A | D | E | B | E | C | |
| Approach Delay | | | | | 16.4 | | | 49.8 | | | 46.5 | |
| Approach LOS | | | | | B | | | D | | | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | | | 38.7 | | 0.0 | 2.8 | 101.9 | 7.9 | ~173.8 | 215.6 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | | | 65.4 | | 15.1 | 8.7 | #150.7 | 38.8 | #246.5 | #316.1 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 75.2 | | | 202.7 | | | 495.7 | | | 182.1 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | | | | 100.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | | | 412 | | 1040 | 157 | 835 | 621 | 1276 | 2285 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | | | 0.43 | | 0.49 | 0.10 | 0.93 | 0.58 | 1.03 | 0.91 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 140
 Actuated Cycle Length: 133.4
 Control Type: Semi Act-Uncoord
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.03
 Intersection Signal Delay: 43.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 78.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15

Intersection LOS: D
 ICU Level of Service D

~ Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Windmill Road & Akerley Boulevard

| | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 54 s | 38 s | 10 s | 38 s |
| | | | |
| 92 s | | | |

1: Robie Street & Almon Street

2016 AM Peak Hour Without TPM

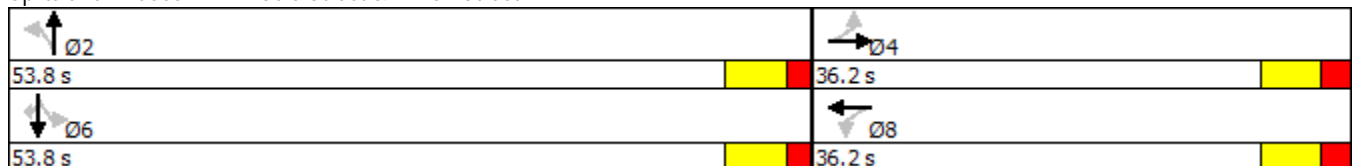
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|-------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 157 | 300 | 52 | 19 | 203 | 47 | 32 | 479 | 18 | 43 | 597 | 209 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 157 | 300 | 52 | 19 | 203 | 47 | 32 | 479 | 18 | 43 | 597 | 209 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1828 | 0 | 0 | 3439 | 0 | 0 | 3545 | 0 | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.573 | | | | 0.910 | | | 0.869 | | 0.411 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 1049 | 1828 | 0 | 0 | 3139 | 0 | 0 | 3088 | 0 | 767 | 1883 | 1534 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 10 | | | 30 | | | 6 | | | | 227 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 171 | 383 | 0 | 0 | 293 | 0 | 0 | 576 | 0 | 47 | 649 | 227 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | Perm |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 8 | | | 2 | | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | | 8 | | | 2 | | | 6 | | 6 |
| Total Split (s) | 36.2 | 36.2 | | 36.2 | 36.2 | | 53.8 | 53.8 | | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.8 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.2 | 6.2 | | | 6.2 | | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | | 30.0 | | | 48.0 | | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.33 | 0.33 | | | 0.33 | | | 0.53 | | 0.53 | 0.53 | 0.53 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.49 | 0.62 | | | 0.27 | | | 0.35 | | 0.11 | 0.65 | 0.25 |
| Control Delay | 29.7 | 29.8 | | | 20.5 | | | 12.7 | | 11.4 | 18.7 | 2.2 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 29.7 | 29.8 | | | 20.5 | | | 12.7 | | 11.4 | 18.7 | 2.2 |
| LOS | C | C | | | C | | | B | | B | B | A |
| Approach Delay | | 29.8 | | | 20.5 | | | 12.7 | | | 14.3 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | C | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 23.3 | 53.6 | | | 17.2 | | | 28.0 | | 3.8 | 75.3 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 42.7 | 83.0 | | | 27.1 | | | 38.7 | | 9.4 | 111.3 | 9.8 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 61.8 | | | 24.3 | | | 159.5 | | | 371.1 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | | | | 45.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 349 | 616 | | | 1066 | | | 1649 | | 409 | 1004 | 924 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.49 | 0.62 | | | 0.27 | | | 0.35 | | 0.11 | 0.65 | 0.25 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 90
 Actuated Cycle Length: 90
 Control Type: Semi Act-Uncoord
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.65
 Intersection Signal Delay: 18.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 119.8%
 Analysis Period (min) 15

Intersection LOS: B
 ICU Level of Service H

Splits and Phases: 1: Robie Street & Almon Street



HRM Transit Priority - Robie Street @ Almon Street
 1: Robie Street & Almon Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBL2 | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 157 | 300 | 19 | 203 | 32 | 479 | 43 | 585 | 12 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 157 | 300 | 19 | 203 | 32 | 479 | 43 | 585 | 12 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 171 | 383 | 0 | 294 | 0 | 576 | 47 | 636 | 240 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | NA | custom |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | 8 | | 2 | | 6 | 9 |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | 8 | | 2 | | 6 | | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 9 |
| Switch Phase | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 36.2 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 8.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 36.2 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 10.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 36.2% | 36.2% | 36.2% | 36.2% | 53.8% | 53.8% | 53.8% | 53.8% | 10.0% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 3.0 |
| Lead/Lag | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | | | | | | | | | |
| Recall Mode | Max | Max | Max | Max | Max | Max | Max | Max | None |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 30.0 | 30.0 | | 30.0 | | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 57.0 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.30 | 0.30 | | 0.30 | | 0.48 | 0.48 | 0.48 | 0.57 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.54 | 0.70 | | 0.32 | | 0.41 | 0.13 | 0.70 | 0.25 |
| Control Delay | 36.4 | 38.6 | | 25.4 | | 17.5 | 15.7 | 25.1 | 2.0 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 36.4 | 38.6 | | 25.4 | | 17.5 | 15.7 | 25.1 | 2.0 |
| LOS | D | D | | C | | B | B | C | A |
| Approach Delay | | 38.0 | | 25.4 | | 17.5 | | 18.7 | |
| Approach LOS | | D | | C | | B | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 27.1 | 64.4 | | 20.5 | | 35.4 | 4.8 | 91.0 | 0.9 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 49.1 | 97.9 | | 32.0 | | 49.6 | 11.8 | 134.2 | 9.7 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 61.8 | | 24.3 | | 159.5 | | 371.1 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | 45.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 318 | 549 | | 933 | | 1411 | 355 | 911 | 991 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.54 | 0.70 | | 0.32 | | 0.41 | 0.13 | 0.70 | 0.24 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 100
 Actuated Cycle Length: 99.2
 Natural Cycle: 100
 Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.70
 Intersection Signal Delay: 23.8
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 122.2%
 Analysis Period (min) 15

Intersection LOS: C
 ICU Level of Service H

Splits and Phases: 1: Robie Street & Almon Street

| | | |
|--------|--------|------|
| | | |
| 53.8 s | 36.2 s | 10 s |
| | | |
| 53.8 s | 36.2 s | |

HRM Transit Priority - Main Street @ Hartlen Street
 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street

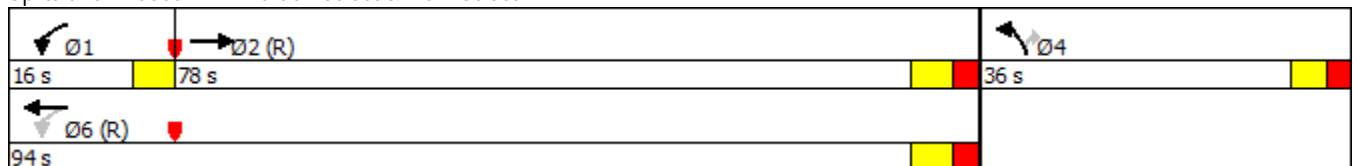
| Lane Group | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
|------------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 984 | 58 | 97 | 1542 | 118 | 48 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 984 | 58 | 97 | 1542 | 118 | 48 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 3550 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1789 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | | | 0.198 | | 0.950 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 3550 | 0 | 373 | 3579 | 1789 | 1601 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | 7 | | | | | 54 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 1167 | 0 | 109 | 1726 | 132 | 54 |
| Turn Type | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 2 | | 1 | 6 | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | 6 | | | 4 |
| Total Split (s) | 78.0 | | 16.0 | 94.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Act Effect Green (s) | 90.9 | | 105.1 | 102.4 | 14.9 | 14.9 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.70 | | 0.81 | 0.79 | 0.11 | 0.11 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.47 | | 0.28 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 0.23 |
| Control Delay | 5.6 | | 4.9 | 7.2 | 68.9 | 14.9 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 5.6 | | 4.9 | 7.2 | 68.9 | 14.9 |
| LOS | A | | A | A | E | B |
| Approach Delay | 5.6 | | | 7.1 | 53.2 | |
| Approach LOS | A | | | A | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 17.1 | | 4.6 | 80.2 | 32.8 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 140.1 | | 10.3 | 119.6 | 51.4 | 11.8 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | 274.1 | | | 312.5 | 162.8 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 50.0 | | | 25.0 |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 2483 | | 432 | 2819 | 412 | 411 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.47 | | 0.25 | 0.61 | 0.32 | 0.13 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130
 Actuated Cycle Length: 130
 Offset: 46.2 (36%), Referenced to phase 2:EBT and 6:WBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.64
 Intersection Signal Delay: 9.2
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 61.2%
 Analysis Period (min) 15

Intersection LOS: A
 ICU Level of Service B

Splits and Phases: 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street



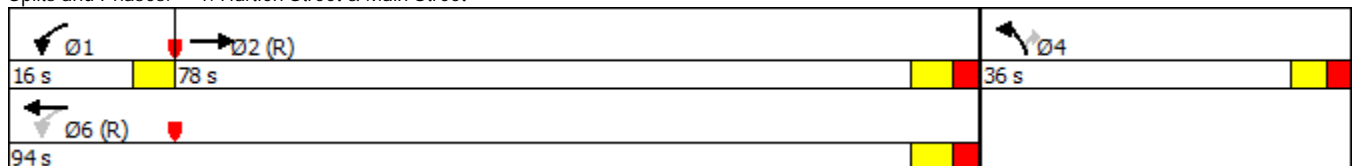
HRM Transit Priority - Main Street @ Hartlen Street
 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street

| Lane Group | → | ↘ | ↙ | ← | ↖ | ↗ |
|------------------------|---------|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Lane Group | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | ↑↑ | | ↘ | ↑↑ | ↘ | ↗ |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 1881 | 114 | 114 | 702 | 139 | 87 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 1881 | 114 | 114 | 702 | 139 | 87 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 3546 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1789 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | | | 0.044 | | 0.950 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 3546 | 0 | 83 | 3579 | 1789 | 1601 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | 7 | | | | | 95 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 2169 | 0 | 124 | 763 | 151 | 95 |
| Turn Type | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 2 | | 1 | 6 | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | | | 6 | | | 4 |
| Total Split (s) | 78.0 | | 16.0 | 94.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 87.2 | | 103.7 | 101.0 | 16.3 | 16.3 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.67 | | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.13 | 0.13 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.91 | | 0.64 | 0.27 | 0.68 | 0.34 |
| Control Delay | 7.7 | | 38.6 | 4.7 | 68.8 | 12.4 |
| Queue Delay | 0.4 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 8.1 | | 38.6 | 4.7 | 68.8 | 12.4 |
| LOS | A | | D | A | E | B |
| Approach Delay | 8.1 | | | 9.4 | 47.1 | |
| Approach LOS | A | | | A | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 35.1 | | 14.5 | 24.7 | 37.5 | 0.0 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | m#313.3 | | 35.0 | 38.7 | 57.0 | 14.8 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | 274.1 | | | 312.5 | 145.4 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 50.0 | | 25.0 | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 2379 | | 231 | 2781 | 412 | 442 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 32 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.92 | | 0.54 | 0.27 | 0.37 | 0.21 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130
 Actuated Cycle Length: 130
 Offset: 17 (13%), Referenced to phase 2:EBT and 6:WBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.91
 Intersection Signal Delay: 11.4
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 83.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street



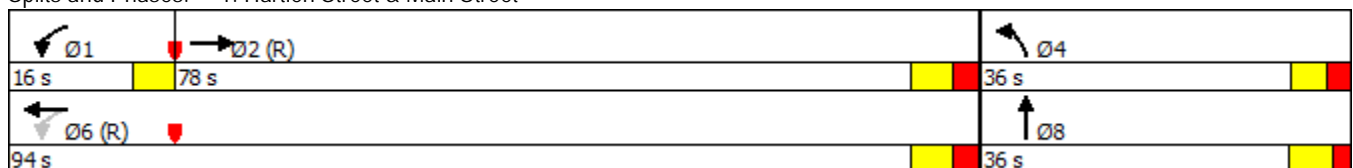
HRM Transit Priority - Main Street @ Hartlen Street
 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | ↑↑ | | ↖ | ↑↑ | | ↖ | ↑ | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 0 | 984 | 58 | 97 | 1542 | 0 | 108 | 10 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 0 | 984 | 58 | 97 | 1542 | 0 | 108 | 10 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 3550 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 1648 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | | | 0.199 | | | 0.950 | | | | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 3550 | 0 | 375 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 1648 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 7 | | | | | | 54 | | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 1167 | 0 | 109 | 1726 | 0 | 121 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turn Type | | NA | | pm+pt | NA | | Prot | NA | | | | |
| Protected Phases | | 2 | | 1 | 6 | | 4 | 8 | | | | |
| Permitted Phases | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| Total Split (s) | | 78.0 | | 16.0 | 94.0 | | 36.0 | 36.0 | | | | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.7 | | 6.0 | 6.1 | | | | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 91.7 | | 105.9 | 103.2 | | 14.1 | 14.0 | | | | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.71 | | 0.81 | 0.79 | | 0.11 | 0.11 | | | | |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.47 | | 0.28 | 0.61 | | 0.62 | 0.29 | | | | |
| Control Delay | | 5.2 | | 4.6 | 6.9 | | 68.7 | 19.9 | | | | |
| Queue Delay | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | | |
| Total Delay | | 5.2 | | 4.6 | 6.9 | | 68.7 | 19.9 | | | | |
| LOS | | A | | A | A | | E | B | | | | |
| Approach Delay | | 5.2 | | | 6.7 | | | 51.7 | | | | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | A | | | D | | | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 17.7 | | 4.4 | 77.2 | | 30.1 | 2.6 | | | | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | 137.1 | | 9.9 | 115.2 | | 48.0 | 15.7 | | | | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 274.1 | | | 312.5 | | | 162.8 | | | 43.0 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | 50.0 | | | 25.0 | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 2506 | | 436 | 2840 | | 412 | 420 | | | | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.47 | | 0.25 | 0.61 | | 0.29 | 0.15 | | | | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130
 Actuated Cycle Length: 130
 Offset: 46.2 (36%), Referenced to phase 2:EBT and 6:WBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.62
 Intersection Signal Delay: 8.8
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 60.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: A
 ICU Level of Service B

Splits and Phases: 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street



1: Hartlen Street & Main Street

2016 PM Peak Hour With TPM

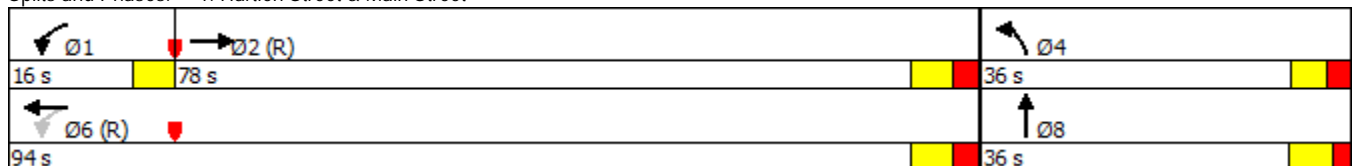
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-----|---------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 0 | 1881 | 114 | 114 | 702 | 0 | 139 | 12 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 0 | 1881 | 114 | 114 | 702 | 0 | 139 | 12 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 3546 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 1635 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | | | 0.044 | | | 0.950 | | | | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 3546 | 0 | 83 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 1635 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | 7 | | | | | 95 | | | | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 2169 | 0 | 124 | 763 | 0 | 151 | 108 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turn Type | | NA | | pm+pt | NA | | Prot | NA | | | | |
| Protected Phases | | 2 | | 1 | 6 | | 4 | 8 | | | | |
| Permitted Phases | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| Total Split (s) | | 78.0 | | 16.0 | 94.0 | | 36.0 | 36.0 | | | | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 6.7 | | 4.0 | 6.7 | | 6.0 | 6.1 | | | | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 87.2 | | 103.7 | 101.0 | | 16.3 | 16.2 | | | | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.67 | | 0.80 | 0.78 | | 0.13 | 0.12 | | | | |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.91 | | 0.64 | 0.27 | | 0.68 | 0.38 | | | | |
| Control Delay | | 7.7 | | 38.6 | 4.7 | | 68.8 | 16.1 | | | | |
| Queue Delay | | 0.4 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | | |
| Total Delay | | 8.1 | | 38.6 | 4.7 | | 68.8 | 16.1 | | | | |
| LOS | | A | | D | A | | E | B | | | | |
| Approach Delay | | 8.1 | | | 9.4 | | | 46.8 | | | | |
| Approach LOS | | A | | | A | | | D | | | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 35.1 | | 14.5 | 24.7 | | 37.5 | 3.0 | | | | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | m#313.3 | | 35.0 | 38.7 | | 57.0 | 18.8 | | | | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 274.1 | | | 312.5 | | | 145.4 | | | 37.2 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | 50.0 | | | 25.0 | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 2379 | | 231 | 2781 | | 412 | 449 | | | | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 32 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.92 | | 0.54 | 0.27 | | 0.37 | 0.24 | | | | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130
 Actuated Cycle Length: 130
 Offset: 17 (13%), Referenced to phase 2:EBT and 6:WBTL, Start of Green
 Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.91
 Intersection Signal Delay: 11.5
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 83.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: B
 ICU Level of Service E

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 m Volume for 95th percentile queue is metered by upstream signal.

Splits and Phases: 1: Hartlen Street & Main Street



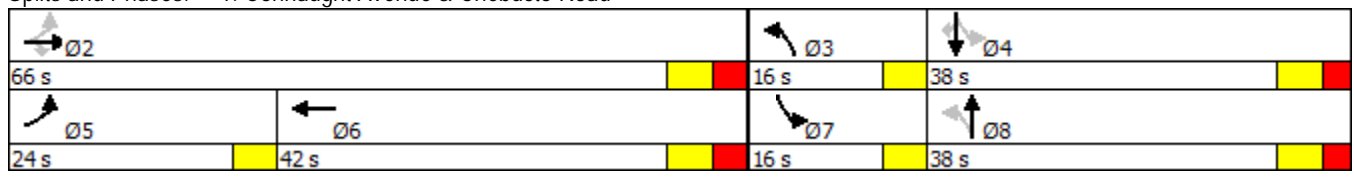
HRM Transit Priority - Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue
 1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-----|------|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|-------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 380 | 756 | 680 | 0 | 376 | 76 | 87 | 249 | 0 | 287 | 611 | 166 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 380 | 756 | 680 | 0 | 376 | 76 | 87 | 249 | 0 | 287 | 611 | 166 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1883 | 1601 | 0 | 3480 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.338 | | | | | | 0.276 | | | 0.492 | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 635 | 1883 | 1527 | 0 | 3480 | 0 | 519 | 3579 | 0 | 927 | 3579 | 1569 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 326 | | 20 | | | | | | | 158 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 413 | 822 | 739 | 0 | 492 | 0 | 95 | 271 | 0 | 312 | 664 | 180 |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | NA | Perm | | NA | | pm+pt | NA | | pm+pt | NA | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | | | 6 | | 3 | 8 | | 7 | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | 2 | | | | 8 | | | 4 | | 4 |
| Total Split (s) | 24.0 | 66.0 | 66.0 | | 42.0 | | 16.0 | 38.0 | | 16.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 4.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | | 7.2 | | 4.0 | 6.8 | | 4.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 56.8 | 53.5 | 53.5 | | 30.3 | | 34.8 | 22.5 | | 40.4 | 28.6 | 28.6 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.50 | | 0.28 | | 0.33 | 0.21 | | 0.38 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.76 | 0.87 | 0.80 | | 0.49 | | 0.34 | 0.36 | | 0.69 | 0.69 | 0.34 |
| Control Delay | 27.1 | 36.5 | 20.2 | | 33.1 | | 25.5 | 37.4 | | 35.3 | 41.6 | 9.6 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 27.1 | 36.5 | 20.2 | | 33.1 | | 25.5 | 37.4 | | 35.3 | 41.6 | 9.6 |
| LOS | C | D | C | | C | | C | D | | D | D | A |
| Approach Delay | | 28.4 | | | 33.1 | | | 34.3 | | | 34.9 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | C | | | C | | | C | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 53.1 | 154.4 | 76.8 | | 45.1 | | 13.6 | 26.9 | | 51.1 | 72.6 | 3.8 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #89.2 | #250.2 | 146.0 | | 64.4 | | 24.6 | 38.7 | | 75.2 | 95.7 | 21.5 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 447.1 | | | 23.4 | | | 68.6 | | | 658.9 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | 40.0 | | | 40.0 | | 50.0 |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 559 | 1064 | 1005 | | 1178 | | 329 | 1073 | | 450 | 1073 | 581 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.74 | 0.77 | 0.74 | | 0.42 | | 0.29 | 0.25 | | 0.69 | 0.62 | 0.31 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 120
 Actuated Cycle Length: 106.9
 Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.87
 Intersection Signal Delay: 31.4
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 78.4%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road



1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road

2016 AM Peak Hour with TPM, no receiving lane

| Lane Group | EBL2 | EBL | EBT | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBL2 | SBT | SBR | SWR | SWR2 |
|------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 380 | 739 | 17 | 680 | 87 | 249 | 287 | 611 | 166 | 376 | 76 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 380 | 739 | 17 | 680 | 87 | 249 | 287 | 611 | 166 | 376 | 76 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1789 | 1497 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 2818 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.307 | 0.950 | | | 0.184 | | 0.503 | | | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 577 | 1789 | 1497 | 0 | 346 | 3579 | 947 | 3579 | 1601 | 2818 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 321 | | | | | | 142 | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 413 | 803 | 757 | 0 | 95 | 271 | 312 | 664 | 180 | 492 | 0 |
| Turn Type | custom | Prot | NA | | pm+pt | NA | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Prot | |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | 9 | | 3 | 8 | 7 | 4 | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | 2 | | 8 | | 4 | | 4 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 24.0 | 66.0 | 10.0 | | 16.0 | 38.0 | 16.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 42.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 3.0 | 7.2 | 3.0 | | 4.0 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 62.4 | 58.2 | 72.4 | | 38.4 | 25.9 | 42.9 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 34.7 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.50 | 0.47 | 0.58 | | 0.31 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.28 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.84 | 0.96 | 0.75 | | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.76 | 0.82 | 0.38 | 0.63 | |
| Control Delay | 38.9 | 55.8 | 16.7 | | 33.1 | 43.2 | 46.3 | 54.7 | 13.2 | 44.1 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 38.9 | 55.8 | 16.7 | | 33.1 | 43.2 | 46.3 | 54.7 | 13.2 | 44.1 | |
| LOS | D | E | B | | C | D | D | D | B | D | |
| Approach Delay | | | 37.2 | | | 40.6 | | 46.0 | | | |
| Approach LOS | | | D | | | D | | D | | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 66.6 | 193.7 | 82.7 | | 15.7 | 30.2 | 59.0 | 82.1 | 7.5 | 62.1 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #104.4 | #286.6 | 144.4 | | 27.7 | 42.8 | #87.6 | 105.8 | 27.0 | 84.3 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | | 447.1 | | | 68.6 | | 658.9 | | | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | 40.0 | | 40.0 | | 50.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 495 | 849 | 1006 | | 253 | 901 | 408 | 901 | 509 | 791 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.83 | 0.95 | 0.75 | | 0.38 | 0.30 | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.35 | 0.62 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 130

Actuated Cycle Length: 124.2

Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.96

Intersection Signal Delay: 40.9

Intersection LOS: D

Intersection Capacity Utilization 89.4%

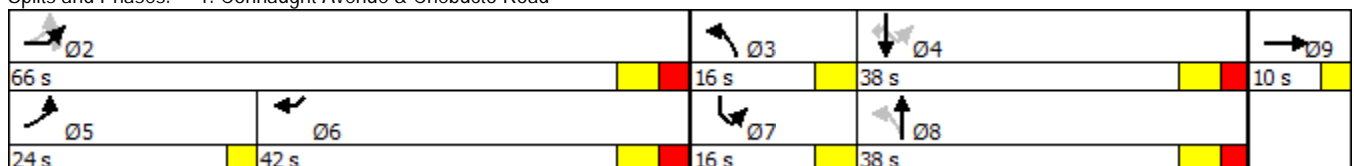
ICU Level of Service E

Analysis Period (min) 15

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road



1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road

2015 AM Peak Hour with TPM, with receiving lane

| Lane Group | EBL2 | EBL | EBT | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBL2 | SBT | SBR | SWR | SWR2 |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 380 | 739 | 17 | 680 | 87 | 249 | 287 | 611 | 166 | 376 | 76 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 380 | 739 | 17 | 680 | 87 | 249 | 287 | 611 | 166 | 376 | 76 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 1789 | 1502 | 0 | 1789 | 3579 | 1789 | 3579 | 1601 | 2818 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.329 | 0.950 | | | 0.268 | | 0.489 | | | | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 619 | 1789 | 1502 | 0 | 504 | 3579 | 921 | 3579 | 1601 | 2818 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 328 | | | | | | 158 | | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 413 | 803 | 757 | 0 | 95 | 271 | 312 | 664 | 180 | 492 | 0 |
| Turn Type | custom | Prot | NA | | pm+pt | NA | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Prot | |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 | | | 3 | 8 | 7 | 4 | | 6 | |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | 2 | | 8 | | 4 | | 4 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 24.0 | 66.0 | 66.0 | | 16.0 | 38.0 | 16.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 42.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 3.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | | 4.0 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.2 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 59.2 | 54.9 | 54.9 | | 34.9 | 22.6 | 40.4 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 32.5 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.55 | 0.51 | 0.51 | | 0.32 | 0.21 | 0.37 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.30 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.76 | 0.89 | 0.82 | | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.33 | 0.58 | |
| Control Delay | 25.9 | 38.3 | 21.8 | | 25.9 | 37.8 | 36.3 | 42.4 | 9.6 | 36.6 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 25.9 | 38.3 | 21.8 | | 25.9 | 37.8 | 36.3 | 42.4 | 9.6 | 36.6 | |
| LOS | C | D | C | | C | D | D | D | A | D | |
| Approach Delay | | | 29.4 | | | 34.7 | | 35.7 | | | |
| Approach LOS | | | C | | | C | | D | | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 52.0 | 154.2 | 83.3 | | 13.6 | 26.9 | 51.1 | 72.6 | 3.8 | 52.9 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #84.4 | #251.7 | #160.1 | | 24.6 | 38.7 | 75.2 | 95.7 | 21.4 | 75.9 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | | 447.1 | | | 68.6 | | 658.9 | | | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | 40.0 | | 40.0 | | 50.0 | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 570 | 994 | 981 | | 321 | 1056 | 442 | 1056 | 583 | 932 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.77 | | 0.30 | 0.26 | 0.71 | 0.63 | 0.31 | 0.53 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 120

Actuated Cycle Length: 108.2

Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.89

Intersection Signal Delay: 32.6

Intersection LOS: C

Intersection Capacity Utilization 92.1%

ICU Level of Service F

Analysis Period (min) 15

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Connaught Avenue & Chebucto Road

| | | |
|------|------|------|
| | | |
| 66 s | 16 s | 38 s |
| | | |
| 24 s | 42 s | 16 s |
| | | |
| | | 38 s |

HRM Transit Priority - Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road
 1: MacDonald Street/Mumford Road & Chebucto Road

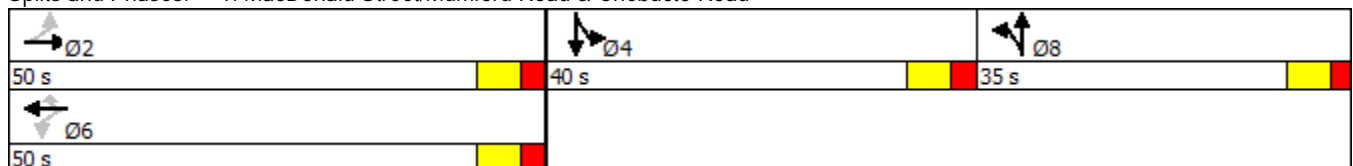
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-----|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 85 | 408 | 2 | 20 | 664 | 892 | 20 | 206 | 14 | 479 | 46 | 78 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 85 | 408 | 2 | 20 | 664 | 892 | 20 | 206 | 14 | 479 | 46 | 78 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1789 | 3574 | 0 | 0 | 3575 | 1601 | 0 | 1854 | 0 | 1700 | 1671 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | 0.268 | | | | 0.930 | | | 0.996 | | 0.950 | 0.972 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 503 | 3574 | 0 | 0 | 3325 | 1559 | 0 | 1853 | 0 | 1700 | 1671 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | | | | 683 | | 2 | | | 14 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 92 | 445 | 0 | 0 | 744 | 970 | 0 | 261 | 0 | 333 | 323 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | Perm | Split | NA | | Split | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 2 | | | 6 | | 8 | 8 | | 4 | 4 | |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | | 6 | | 6 | | | | | | |
| Total Split (s) | 50.0 | 50.0 | | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | | 40.0 | 40.0 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.4 | 6.4 | | | 6.5 | 6.5 | | 6.1 | | 6.5 | 6.5 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 43.6 | 43.6 | | | 43.5 | 43.5 | | 20.6 | | 26.6 | 26.6 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.40 | 0.40 | | | 0.40 | 0.40 | | 0.19 | | 0.24 | 0.24 | |
| v/c Ratio | 0.46 | 0.31 | | | 0.57 | 0.94 | | 0.75 | | 0.81 | 0.78 | |
| Control Delay | 38.4 | 25.7 | | | 30.0 | 28.4 | | 56.9 | | 56.2 | 51.7 | |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | 38.4 | 25.7 | | | 30.0 | 28.4 | | 56.9 | | 56.2 | 51.7 | |
| LOS | D | C | | | C | C | | E | | E | D | |
| Approach Delay | | 27.8 | | | 29.1 | | | 56.9 | | | 54.0 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | C | | | E | | | D | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 14.9 | 35.3 | | | 66.8 | 78.0 | | 54.2 | | 71.4 | 65.8 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | 37.0 | 56.5 | | | 101.4 | #204.1 | | 85.6 | | 114.5 | 107.5 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 413.1 | | | 143.4 | | | 344.1 | | | 683.0 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 202 | 1436 | | | 1333 | 1034 | | 495 | | 524 | 525 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.46 | 0.31 | | | 0.56 | 0.94 | | 0.53 | | 0.64 | 0.62 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 125
 Actuated Cycle Length: 110.1
 Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.94
 Intersection Signal Delay: 36.3
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 103.8%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: D
 ICU Level of Service G

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: MacDonald Street/Mumford Road & Chebucto Road



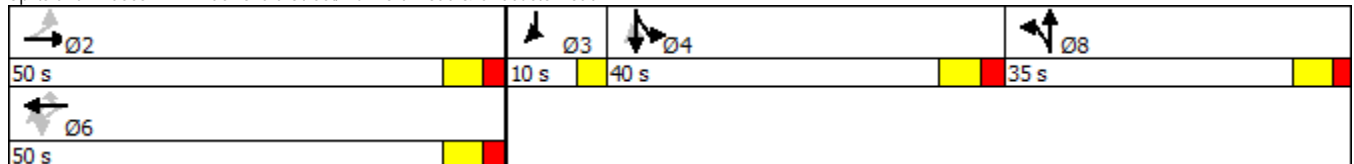
HRM Transit Priority - Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road
 1: MacDonald Street/Mumford Road & Chebucto Road

| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBL2 | WBT | WBR | NBT | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 85 | 408 | 20 | 664 | 892 | 206 | 460 | 46 | 19 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 85 | 408 | 20 | 664 | 892 | 206 | 460 | 46 | 19 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 92 | 445 | 0 | 744 | 970 | 261 | 275 | 275 | 106 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | NA | Split | NA | custom |
| Protected Phases | | 2 | | 6 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Permitted Phases | 2 | | 6 | | 6 | | | | 4 |
| Detector Phase | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Switch Phase | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 30.1 | 30.5 | 30.5 | 8.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 37.0% | 37.0% | 37.0% | 37.0% | 37.0% | 25.9% | 29.6% | 29.6% | 7.4% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 6.4 | 6.4 | | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 3.0 |
| Lead/Lag | | | | | | | Lag | Lag | Lead |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | | | | | | | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Recall Mode | Min | Min | None | None | None | None | None | None | None |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 43.8 | 43.8 | | 43.7 | 43.7 | 21.4 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 38.1 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.37 | 0.37 | | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.32 |
| v/c Ratio | 0.53 | 0.34 | | 0.61 | 0.95 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 0.78 | 0.25 |
| Control Delay | 47.6 | 30.0 | | 35.2 | 29.2 | 63.5 | 61.9 | 61.0 | 32.2 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 47.6 | 30.0 | | 35.2 | 29.2 | 63.5 | 61.9 | 61.0 | 32.2 |
| LOS | D | C | | D | C | E | E | E | C |
| Approach Delay | | 33.0 | | 31.8 | | 63.5 | | 56.7 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | C | | E | | E | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | 17.0 | 39.7 | | 75.1 | 77.7 | 58.5 | 64.6 | 64.5 | 18.3 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #44.3 | 63.2 | | 113.4 | #206.0 | 93.2 | 101.7 | 101.4 | 34.6 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 413.1 | | 143.4 | | 344.1 | | 681.7 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | 10.0 | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 174 | 1324 | | 1228 | 1025 | 456 | 483 | 489 | 431 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 0.53 | 0.34 | | 0.61 | 0.95 | 0.57 | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.25 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 135
 Actuated Cycle Length: 119
 Natural Cycle: 110
 Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.95
 Intersection Signal Delay: 39.8
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 102.2%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: MacDonald Street/Mumford Road & Chebucto Road



HRM Transit Priority - Robie Street @ Quinpool Road
 1: Robie Street & Quinpool Road/Bell Road & Cogswell Street

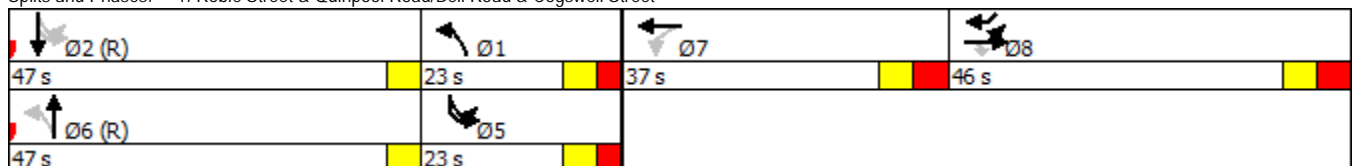
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL2 | SBL | SBT | SWR |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 423 | 482 | 414 | 253 | 153 | 418 | 70 | 247 | 753 | 210 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 423 | 482 | 414 | 253 | 153 | 418 | 70 | 247 | 753 | 210 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 460 | 524 | 450 | 394 | 166 | 493 | 0 | 344 | 868 | 261 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | Perm | NA | pm+pt | NA | pm+pt | pm+pt | NA | Over |
| Protected Phases | 8 | 8 | | 7 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 8 |
| Permitted Phases | | | 8 | | 6 | | 2 | 2 | | |
| Minimum Split (s) | 46.0 | 46.0 | 46.0 | 37.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 46.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 46.0 | 46.0 | 46.0 | 37.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 46.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 30.1% | 30.1% | 30.1% | 24.2% | 15.0% | 30.7% | 15.0% | 15.0% | 30.7% | 30.1% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 4.0 | | 7.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lag | Lag | Lag | Lead | Lag | Lead | Lag | Lag | Lead | Lag |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 29.0 | 56.0 | 43.0 | | 56.0 | 43.0 | 38.0 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.37 | 0.28 | | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.25 |
| v/c Ratio | 1.04 | 1.12 | 0.93 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.51 | | 1.08 | 0.87 | 0.33 |
| Control Delay | 107.1 | 130.5 | 60.8 | 61.4 | 74.6 | 48.3 | | 123.6 | 63.0 | 27.2 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 107.1 | 130.5 | 60.8 | 61.4 | 74.6 | 48.3 | | 123.6 | 63.0 | 27.2 |
| LOS | F | F | E | E | E | D | | F | E | C |
| Approach Delay | | 101.1 | | 61.4 | | 54.9 | | | 80.2 | |
| Approach LOS | | F | | E | | D | | | F | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | ~149.7 | ~182.6 | 91.0 | 58.3 | 32.5 | 66.3 | | ~85.1 | 132.8 | 20.2 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #217.6 | #253.1 | #157.2 | 76.2 | #64.3 | 84.3 | | #154.5 | 159.3 | 34.4 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 508.7 | | 335.1 | | 282.7 | | | 389.0 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 40.0 | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 444 | 467 | 486 | 647 | 232 | 966 | | 318 | 996 | 785 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 1.04 | 1.12 | 0.93 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.51 | | 1.08 | 0.87 | 0.33 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 153
 Actuated Cycle Length: 153
 Offset: 79.1 (52%), Referenced to phase 2:SBTL and 6:NBTL, Start of Green
 Natural Cycle: 155
 Control Type: Pretimed
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.12
 Intersection Signal Delay: 78.2
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 134.7%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: E
 ICU Level of Service H

- Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Robie Street & Quinpool Road/Bell Road & Cogswell Street



HRM Transit Priority - Robie Street @ Quinpool Road
 1: Robie Street & Quinpool Road/Bell Road & Cogswell Street

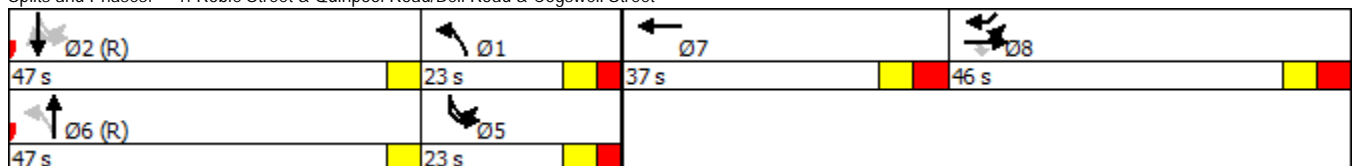
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL2 | SBL | SBT | SBR | SWR |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 423 | 482 | 414 | 253 | 153 | 418 | 70 | 247 | 737 | 18 | 210 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 423 | 482 | 414 | 253 | 153 | 418 | 70 | 247 | 737 | 18 | 210 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 460 | 524 | 450 | 394 | 166 | 493 | 0 | 344 | 801 | 70 | 261 |
| Turn Type | Split | NA | Perm | NA | pm+pt | NA | pm+pt | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Over |
| Protected Phases | 8 | 8 | | 7 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 2 | | 8 |
| Permitted Phases | | | 8 | | 6 | | 2 | 2 | | 2 | |
| Minimum Split (s) | 46.0 | 46.0 | 46.0 | 37.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 47.0 | 46.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 46.0 | 46.0 | 46.0 | 37.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 47.0 | 47.0 | 46.0 |
| Total Split (%) | 30.1% | 30.1% | 30.1% | 24.2% | 15.0% | 30.7% | 15.0% | 15.0% | 30.7% | 30.7% | 30.1% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 4.0 | | 7.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lag | Lag | Lag | Lead | Lag | Lead | Lag | Lag | Lead | Lead | Lag |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Act Effct Green (s) | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 29.0 | 56.0 | 43.0 | | 56.0 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 38.0 |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.37 | 0.28 | | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.25 |
| v/c Ratio | 1.04 | 1.12 | 1.25 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.51 | | 1.08 | 1.51 | 0.16 | 0.33 |
| Control Delay | 107.1 | 130.5 | 179.7 | 61.4 | 74.6 | 48.3 | | 123.6 | 278.4 | 42.6 | 27.2 |
| Queue Delay | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Delay | 107.1 | 130.5 | 179.7 | 61.4 | 74.6 | 48.3 | | 123.6 | 278.4 | 42.6 | 27.2 |
| LOS | F | F | F | E | E | D | | F | F | D | C |
| Approach Delay | | 138.5 | | 61.4 | | 54.9 | | | 221.0 | | |
| Approach LOS | | F | | E | | D | | | F | | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | ~149.7 | ~182.6 | ~169.8 | 58.3 | 32.5 | 66.3 | | ~85.1 | ~337.6 | 16.1 | 20.2 |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | #217.6 | #253.1 | #237.1 | 76.2 | #64.3 | 84.3 | | #154.5 | #415.0 | 29.3 | 34.4 |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 508.7 | | 335.1 | | 282.7 | | | 389.0 | | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | 40.0 | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | 444 | 467 | 360 | 647 | 232 | 966 | | 318 | 529 | 449 | 785 |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Cap Reductn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | 1.04 | 1.12 | 1.25 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.51 | | 1.08 | 1.51 | 0.16 | 0.33 |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 153
 Actuated Cycle Length: 153
 Offset: 79.1 (52%), Referenced to phase 2:SBTL and 6:NBTL, Start of Green
 Natural Cycle: 155
 Control Type: Pretimed
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.51
 Intersection Signal Delay: 134.9
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 117.7%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 - Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Intersection LOS: F
 ICU Level of Service H

Splits and Phases: 1: Robie Street & Quinpool Road/Bell Road & Cogswell Street



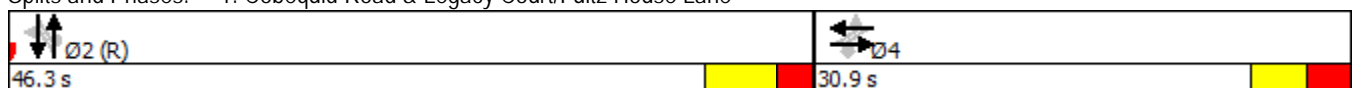
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 60 | 0 | 42 | 329 | 22 | 412 | 52 | 410 | 3 | 7 | 593 | 41 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 60 | 0 | 42 | 329 | 22 | 412 | 52 | 410 | 3 | 7 | 593 | 41 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 1789 | 1601 | 1789 | 1616 | 0 | 0 | 3554 | 0 | 0 | 3539 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | 0.243 | | 0.715 | | | | 0.809 | | | 0.949 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 458 | 1601 | 1347 | 1616 | 0 | 0 | 2892 | 0 | 0 | 3362 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 47 | | 358 | | | 1 | | | 14 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 65 | 46 | 358 | 472 | 0 | 0 | 506 | 0 | 0 | 698 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Perm | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 2 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | 4 | 4 | | | 2 | | | 2 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | | 46.3 | 46.3 | | 46.3 | 46.3 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | | | 6.3 | | | 6.3 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | | | 40.0 | | | 40.0 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.32 | | | 0.52 | | | 0.52 | |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.44 | 0.08 | 0.82 | 0.62 | | | 0.34 | | | 0.40 | |
| Control Delay | | 31.9 | 6.4 | 41.9 | 9.6 | | | 11.6 | | | 11.9 | |
| Queue Delay | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | | 31.9 | 6.4 | 41.9 | 9.6 | | | 11.6 | | | 11.9 | |
| LOS | | C | A | D | A | | | B | | | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 21.3 | | | 23.5 | | | 11.6 | | | 11.9 | |
| Approach LOS | | C | | | C | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 7.4 | 0.0 | 47.6 | 12.0 | | | 21.2 | | | 29.7 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | 19.7 | 6.4 | #91.5 | 38.8 | | | 30.9 | | | 41.5 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 22.9 | | | 35.3 | | | 162.2 | | | 145.3 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 148 | 550 | 436 | 765 | | | 1498 | | | 1748 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.44 | 0.08 | 0.82 | 0.62 | | | 0.34 | | | 0.40 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 77.2
 Actuated Cycle Length: 77.2
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBSB and 6:, Start of Green
 Control Type: Pretimed
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.82
 Intersection Signal Delay: 16.8
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 83.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 Intersection LOS: B
 ICU Level of Service E

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Cobequid Road & Legacy Court/Fultz House Lane

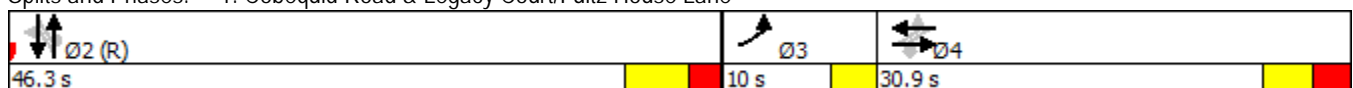


| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|------------------------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| Lane Configurations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 60 | 0 | 42 | 329 | 22 | 412 | 52 | 410 | 3 | 7 | 593 | 41 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 60 | 0 | 42 | 329 | 22 | 412 | 52 | 410 | 3 | 7 | 593 | 41 |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 0 | 1789 | 1601 | 1789 | 1616 | 0 | 0 | 3554 | 0 | 0 | 3539 | 0 |
| Flt Permitted | | 0.173 | | 0.715 | | | | 0.801 | | | 0.949 | |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 0 | 326 | 1601 | 1347 | 1616 | 0 | 0 | 2864 | 0 | 0 | 3362 | 0 |
| Satd. Flow (RTOR) | | | 79 | | 332 | | | 1 | | | 11 | |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 0 | 65 | 46 | 358 | 472 | 0 | 0 | 506 | 0 | 0 | 698 | 0 |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | NA | Perm | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | | Perm | NA | |
| Protected Phases | 3 | 4 | | | 4 | | | 2 | | | 2 | |
| Permitted Phases | 4 | | 4 | 4 | | | 2 | | | 2 | | |
| Total Split (s) | 10.0 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | | 46.3 | 46.3 | | 46.3 | 46.3 | |
| Total Lost Time (s) | | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | | | 6.3 | | | 6.3 | |
| Act Effct Green (s) | | 29.1 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | | | 40.0 | | | 40.0 | |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.29 | | | 0.46 | | | 0.46 | |
| v/c Ratio | | 0.37 | 0.09 | 0.93 | 0.67 | | | 0.39 | | | 0.45 | |
| Control Delay | | 22.6 | 2.5 | 63.3 | 13.7 | | | 16.6 | | | 17.0 | |
| Queue Delay | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | |
| Total Delay | | 22.6 | 2.5 | 63.3 | 13.7 | | | 16.6 | | | 17.0 | |
| LOS | | C | A | E | B | | | B | | | B | |
| Approach Delay | | 14.3 | | | 35.1 | | | 16.6 | | | 17.0 | |
| Approach LOS | | B | | | D | | | B | | | B | |
| Queue Length 50th (m) | | 6.6 | 0.0 | 57.9 | 18.2 | | | 28.1 | | | 39.6 | |
| Queue Length 95th (m) | | 14.3 | 3.3 | #108.6 | 51.6 | | | 39.9 | | | 53.6 | |
| Internal Link Dist (m) | | 22.9 | | | 35.3 | | | 162.2 | | | 145.3 | |
| Turn Bay Length (m) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Base Capacity (vph) | | 177 | 515 | 386 | 700 | | | 1314 | | | 1548 | |
| Starvation Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Spillback Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Storage Cap Reductn | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Reduced v/c Ratio | | 0.37 | 0.09 | 0.93 | 0.67 | | | 0.39 | | | 0.45 | |

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 87.2
 Actuated Cycle Length: 87.2
 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBSB and 6:, Start of Green
 Control Type: Pretimed
 Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.93
 Intersection Signal Delay: 23.7
 Intersection Capacity Utilization 83.6%
 Analysis Period (min) 15
 # 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
 Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 1: Cobequid Road & Legacy Court/Fultz House Lane



Appendix D

Delay Calculations

Using the Net User Delay Methodology developed in the Evaluation Report, and the Transit ridership data obtained for each location it is possible to calculate the net road user delay during the subject peak hour.

$$\text{Net Change in Road User Delay} = \text{Net Transit User Delay} + \text{Net Non Transit User Delay}$$

Where:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Net Change in Transit User Delay} \\ = \text{Delay/Transit Vehicle} \times \# \text{ Transit Vehicles} \times \text{Average Ridership per Transit Vehicle} \end{aligned}$$

And,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} \\ = \text{Delay/Non Transit Vehicle} \times \# \text{ Non Transit Vehicles} \times \text{Average Vehicle Occupancy} \end{aligned}$$

Note: Delay reductions will be a negative value while delay increases will be a positive value.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} \\ = \text{Average Change in Delay/Transit Vehicle} \times \# \text{ Transit Vehicles} \times \text{Cost/hour for Transit Vehicle} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = \text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} \times \text{Days/Year TPM is in Use}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} \\ = \text{Daily Change in Person Cost} + \text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} \end{aligned}$$

Where

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Daily Change in Person Cost} \\ = \text{Net Change in Road User Delay} \times \# \text{ hours TPM will be in effect per day} \times \text{Cost/hour for Road User} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} \\ = \text{Average delay change per nonTransit user} \times \# \text{ of NonTransit vehicles} \times \text{Cost} \\ \text{/hour for nonTransit Vehicle} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = \text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} \times \text{Days/Year TPM is in Use}$$

Payback Period

$$= \frac{\text{TPM Capital Cost}}{\text{Annual Cost Savings to Transit} + \text{Annual Cost Savings to Public} - \text{Annual Change in Operating Cost}}$$

Table D-1 - Wyse Road @ Macdonald Bridge (32 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 3 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-6.3 \text{ seconds} \times 96 \text{ vehicles} \times 26 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -4.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 6921 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = 0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -4.4 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -4.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-6.3 \text{ sec/veh} \times 96 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$10.94$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -10.94 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$2,800$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -4.4 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$96.45$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = 0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 6921 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$96.45 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$96.45$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -96.45 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$25,100$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$12,000}{\$2,800 + \$25,100 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 0.4 \text{ years}$$



Table D-2 - Windmill Road @ Victoria Road (NB) (18 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-90 \text{ seconds} \times 36 \text{ vehicles} \times 26 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -23.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{13.7 \text{ seconds} \times 30 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0.1 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -23.4 \text{ user hours} + 0.1 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -23.3 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-90 \text{ sec/veh} \times 36 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$58.63$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -58.63 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$15,200$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -23.3 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$510.74$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{13.7 \text{ sec/veh} \times 30 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0.40$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$510.74 + \$0.40$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$510.34$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -510.34 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$132,700$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$299,000}{\$15,200 + \$132,700 - \$800}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 2.0 \text{ years}$$



Table D-3 - Windmill Road @ Seapoint Road (SB) (20 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-75 \text{ seconds} \times 40 \text{ vehicles} \times 24 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -20.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 6516 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -20.0 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -20.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-75 \text{ sec/veh} \times 40 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$54.28$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -54.28\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$14,100$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -20.0 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$438.40$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 6516 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$438.40 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$438.40$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -438.40 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$114,000$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$276,000}{\$14,100 + \$114,000 - \$800}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 2.2 \text{ years}$$



Table D-4 - Main Street @ Gordon Street (12 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-64 \text{ seconds} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 16 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -6.8 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{14.6 \text{ seconds} \times 9398 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +46.5 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -6.8 \text{ user hours} + 46.5 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = +39.7 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-64 \text{ sec/veh} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$27.80$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -27.80\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$7,200$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = +39.7 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = +\$870.22$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{14.6 \text{ sec/veh} \times 9398 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$133.40$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$870.22 + \$133.40$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$1003.62$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = 1003.62 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = \$260,900$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$4,000}{\$7,200 - \$260,900 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = -0.02 \text{ years}$$



Table D-5 - Portland Street @ Woodlawn Road (20 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-17 \text{ seconds} \times 40 \text{ vehicles} \times 17 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -3.2 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 0 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -3.2 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -3.2 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-17 \text{ sec/veh} \times 40 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$12.30$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -12.30\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$3,200$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -3.2 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$70.14$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 0 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$70.14 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$70.14$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -70.14 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$18,200$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$68,000}{\$3,200 + \$18,200 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 3.2 \text{ years}$$



Table D-6 - Barrington Street @ Macdonald Bridge Ramp (7 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-30 \text{ seconds} \times 14 \text{ vehicles} \times 29 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -3.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 0 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -3.4 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -3.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-30 \text{ sec/veh} \times 14 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$7.60$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -7.60\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$2,000$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -3.4 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$74.53$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 0 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$74.53 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$74.53$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -74.53 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$19,400$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$83,000}{\$2,000 + \$19,400 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 3.9 \text{ years}$$



Table D-7 - Windmill Road @ Akerley Boulevard (15 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 3 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-7.1 \text{ seconds} \times 45 \text{ vehicles} \times 31 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -2.8 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 14358 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -2.8 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -2.8 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-7.1 \text{ sec/veh} \times 45 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$5.80$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -5.80 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$1,500$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -2.8 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92 \text{ \$/hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$61.38$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 14358 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$61.38 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$61.38$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -61.38 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$16,000$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$332,000}{\$1,500 + \$16,000 - \$300}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 19.3 \text{ years}$$



Table D-8 - Robie Street @ Almon Street (12 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-18 \text{ seconds} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -2.6 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 4290 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -2.6 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -2.6 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-18 \text{ sec/veh} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$7.82$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -7.82\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$2,000$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -2.6 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$56.99$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 4290 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$56.99 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$56.99$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -56.99 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$14,800$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$6,000}{\$2,000 + \$14,800 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 0.4 \text{ years}$$



Table D-9 - Main Street @ Hartlen Street AM and PM each (10 AM Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day and 12 PM Transit veh/h x Daily Delay Factor of 2hr/day)

AM

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-49 \text{ seconds} \times 20 \text{ vehicles} \times 9 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{AM Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -2.45 \text{ user hours/day}$$

PM

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-53.7 \text{ seconds} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 13 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{PM Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -4.65 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -4.65 \text{ user hours} - 2.45 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -7.1 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 12,430 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -7.1 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -7.1 \text{ user hours/day}$$

Daily Change in Cost to Transit

$$= \frac{-49 \text{ sec/veh} \times 20 \text{ veh} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr} - 53.7 \text{ sec/veh} \times 24 \text{ veh} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$41.05$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -41.05\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$10,700$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -7.1 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$155.63$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 12,430 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$155.63 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$155.63$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -155.63 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$40,500$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$4,000}{\$10,700 + \$40,500 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 0.08 \text{ years}$$

Table D-10 - Chebucto Road @ Connaught Avenue (17 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-31.7 \text{ seconds} \times 34 \text{ vehicles} \times 20 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -6.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{0 \text{ seconds} \times 7302 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -6.0 \text{ user hours} + 0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -6.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-31.7 \text{ sec/veh} \times 24 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$13.77$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -13.77\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$3,600$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -6.0 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$131.52$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{0 \text{ sec/veh} \times 7302 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$131.52 + \$0$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$131.52$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -131.52 \text{ \$/day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = -\$34,200$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$99,000}{\$3,600 + \$34,200 - \$300}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 2.6 \text{ years}$$



Table D-11 - Mumford Road @ Chebucto Road (19 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-21.3 \text{ seconds} \times 38 \text{ vehicles} \times 24 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -5.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{4.6 \text{ seconds} \times 3186 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +5.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -5.4 \text{ user hours} + 5.0 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -0.4 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-21.3 \text{ sec/veh} \times 38 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$14.65$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -14.65\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$3,800$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -0.4 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = -\$8.77$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{4.6 \text{ sec/veh} \times 3186 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$14.25$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = -\$8.77 + \$14.25$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$5.48$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = 5.48\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = \$1,400$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$10,000}{\$3,800 - \$1,400 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = 4.2 \text{ years}$$



Table D-12 - Robie Street @ Quinpool Road (18 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 2 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-19.0 \text{ seconds} \times 36 \text{ vehicles} \times 31 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -5.9 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{201.5 \text{ seconds} \times 1566 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +106.9 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -5.9 \text{ user hours} + 106.9 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = 101.0 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-19 \text{ sec/veh} \times 36 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$12.38$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -12.38\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$3,200$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = 101.0 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = \$2214$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{201.5 \text{ sec/veh} \times 1566 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$306.78$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$2214 + \$306.78$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$2520.78$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = 2520.78\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = \$655,400$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$20,000}{\$3,200 - \$655,400 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = -0.03 \text{ years}$$



Table D-13 - Cobequid Terminal @ Cobequid Road (17 Transit veh/hr x Daily Delay Factor of 1.8 hr/day)

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = \frac{-9.3 \text{ seconds} \times 31 \text{ vehicles} \times 14 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Transit User Delay} = -1.1 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = \frac{6.3 \text{ seconds} \times 2660 \text{ vehicles} \times 1.22 \text{ users/veh}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Non Transit User Delay} = +5.6 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = -1.1 \text{ user hours} + 5.6 \text{ user hours}$$

$$\text{Daily Net Change in Road User Delay} = 4.5 \text{ user hours/day}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = \frac{-9.3 \text{ sec/veh} \times 31 \text{ vehicles} \times 65.14\$/\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$5.22$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -5.22\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Transit} = -\$1,400$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = 4.5 \text{ user hours/day} \times 21.92\$/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Person Cost} = \$98.64$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \frac{6.3 \text{ sec/veh} \times 2660 \text{ veh/day} \times 3.50 \text{ \$/hr}}{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}$$

$$\text{Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost} = \$16.29$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$98.64 + \$16.29$$

$$\text{Daily Change in Cost to Public} = \$114.93$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = 114.93\$/\text{day} \times 260 \text{ days/year}$$

$$\text{Annual Change in Cost to Public} = \$29,900$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = \frac{\$4,000}{\$1,400 - \$29,900 - \$0}$$

$$\text{Payback Period} = -0.1 \text{ years}$$

